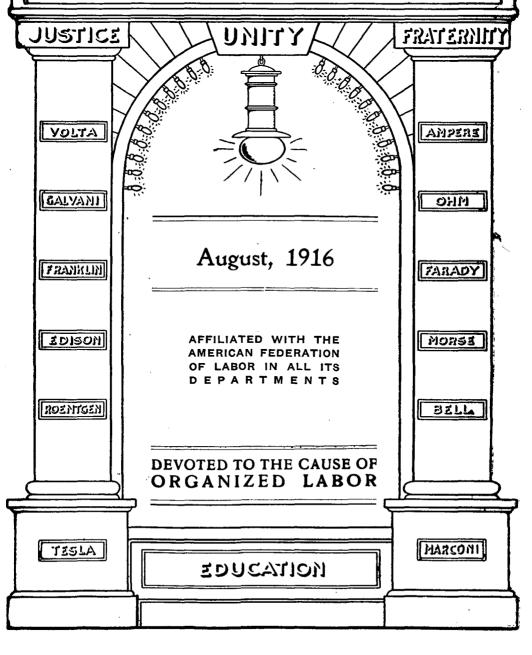


OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS



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Union Made

"Mephista"

Union Label



If you have not used this Bit, please do so at once. Any Elect does not like it better than any Bit he ever had, can get his cash back. Any Electrician that Gentlemen, is this the kind of a guarantee you like to see on Union Label Goods? Now, it's up to you.

Manufactured W. A. Ives Mfg. Co., Wallingford, Conn.

Fitchburg, Mass, December 17, 1914.

The W. A. Ives Mfg. Co., Wallingford, Conn. The W. A. Ives Mfg. Co., Wallingford, Conn.

Dear Sir: I am sending you under separate cover a No. 9, 11/16 "MEPHISTO" Bit which I was using when I struck a nail. I forced the bit through—it cut the nail off and the nail came out wound around the worm of the bit. I am an electrician and use a good many bits, but have never found any that would stand up the way the "MEPHISTO" Bits do. This bit I am sending you is practically unhurt despite its experience.

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Respectfully yours,

wish. Respectfully yours,
FRED A. HAUNANT,
Care Bruce Huestis Elec. Co., Fitchburg, Mass.

FAH. CEH.

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Pat. July 1906

Convenient to carry nd to use. Will not and to use. Will not collect dust and dirt nor get on tools in kit. You can get the soldering flux just where you want it and in just the desired it and in just the desired quantity.

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Blake Insulated Staples



5 Sizes

1900.



Pat. Feb. 4, 1908



FULL SIZE OF TUBE, 1"x 5"

The Journal of Electrical Workers and Operators



OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

OF THE

International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

Affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and all Its Departments.

OWNED AND PUBLISHED BY
THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS

CHAS. P. FORD, International Secretary,

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THE JOURNAL OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS AND OPERATORS

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What Shall Be Done With Judges Who Violate the Constitutional Rights of Labor?

By W. B. Rubin, in American Federationist

The Constitution of the United States and the constitution of each and every state in this union guarantees to every citizen, to every man, woman, and child, to every individual, whether native or foreign, citizen or alien, the rights of free speech, free press, and free assembly.

We were told as children in the schoolroom, and since we are grown up we have been told over and over and over, again and again, by every orator that has ever spoken, every publicist that has ever uttered a sentence, by politicians, haranguers, statesmen, scholars, and teachers, that those rights are fundamental that they are inalienable; that they are as free and necessary as the air we breathe; that they were purchased for us at the cost of the most precious blood that ever man shed, in the Revolution for the freest country God ever looked down upon. These rights are invaluable—they are more—they are essential to a free people. Without them we would be slaves and subjects, we would have tyrants and oligarchies. Without them man can make no advance, no progress. them man gazes upward and counts the scintillating stars of hope, for in those rights lie the hope that to his way of thinking, others will come, that others will multiply and multpily so fast that his thoughts, his dreams, his wants will be translated into law, interpreted into command, and observed in obedience. It matters not how worthless and hopeless, impractical and visionary those dreams and desires may be or prove, but that he shall have access to them by the route of free speech, free press, and free assembly is the inherent right of every man who

stands upon American soil, and the person who would deny any one such rights, no matter how humble or low he may be, or how inane his thoughts may seem, so long as they do no violence to the body politic or the rights of the community, is a tyrant of the Nebuchadnezzar type, an accuser like Fouquier-Tinville, an oppressor such as King George III, or a persecutor of the Czar Nicholas kind, regardless of what else he may be, or what title he may have.

He who takes air from you asphyxiates you and commits murder, and he who takes from you any of the rights of free speech, free press, and free assembly murders your hope, tortures your aspirations, kills your ambition, assassinates your thoughts, and brings ruin and disgrace upon the whole community.

Let us not mince words, and let not fetish-worship for the moth-eaten, ancient precedents borrowed from an antediluvian age when free speech, free press, and free assembly were not yet born, overburden us with awe and close our lips in silence, merely because the one who would thus throttle the rights of man happens to be called a judge. Whether he be a judge of the police court or the highest court of the land. whether he secured his job by being appointed because of political services to some politician with the right to make such appointments and thus create judges, or some erstwhile corporation lickspittle, he is nevertheless a tyrant and an enemy of free government, and so much more offensive if though honest and able, he is obsessed with ancient,

inhuman conceptions of the wrongs he has caused to mankind.

We are told that every workman has a right to work for whom and when he will and cease his labors whenever he is so inclined; that he has the right to persuade others to his way of working or his time of ceasing to work; that numbers lend strength in the asserting of a right and not in the turning of a right into a wrong. Upon that fundamental, labor organizations have been founded; in that spirit, labor unions have been cradled; and in the light of free workmen have labor unions budded into real, giant manhood.

The time has gone by so long that now only in the archives of history do we look for abstract, desultory, entertaining reading, of ancient historical and theoretical value merely, that a combination of labor is an unlawful conspiracy, and that any member of it is an outcast of the law.

We, too, have progressed, and have fallen away from some of the decisions that used to hold that, though a labor organization may be a lawful body, an unlawful act by any member of it, taints the whole organization's lawfulness or legality, and makes the organization unlawful and illegal. Such decisions are no longer respected. They have been overridden by every enlightened court in every enlightened country, and by states, some of which have not yet been enlightened, in this Union. The overruling of those decisions was essential to the fair, honest, and moral consideration of the rights of free speech, free press, and free assembly guaranteed by all constitutions.

Upon the right of free speech is founded the right of moral suasion, of moral inducement, by one worker to another, to have him join in his fight against capital. The power of persuasion has ever been a human, mental attribute. It would seem that this right was such a natural one that no constitutional provision would be necessary to preserve it. But the people, knowing the way of tyrants have made it a special act of constitution, under the caption of "Free speech."

How else can one workman urge another and remain within the law? How can one capitalist induce another capitalist to join him in his fight upon Labor except by suasion? Shall it be by violence, force, assault? That surely can not be, for that engenders war. How can two men stay at peace with each other, how can two have communion with each other unless that right of suasion be absolutely, unqualifiedly, and wholly guaranteed?

To deny the right of suasion is to incarcerate man in solitary confinement, is to take from him all the joy, power and love in life. It is to put him upon an island, surrounded by guards, instructed to kill him at the first utterance of a sound. This is so self-evident that to enlarge upon it would seem a waste of effort, and yet, because of the conduct, or, let me emphasize, misconduct of judges, it becomes necessary that all this be made so palpably patent to you that you will heed and join in the call for action to rid this nation of such judges, and to save to its inhabitants their constitutional rights.

Free press is another form of free speech—perhaps broader, more enduring and farther reaching than free speech. Upon that right is founded the principle of labor press—Labor's magazines, Labor's circulars, guaranteeing these to use the same suasion towards his fellows that a workman could by free speech. How else, in the name of common sense, shall Labor make its wants known? How else shall Labor emancipate itself?

We hear, yet, the very tyrant judges say, that they believe in the dignity of Labor; that Labor should have a fair share of its product; that Labor should participate in prosperity; that Labor should have shorter hours, higher wages, better working conditions, and that Labor should be encouraged in getting all of that. But how can this be accomplished if the right to communicate those desires to his fellow by speech or pen is denied the workman? Can anything more asinine—yes, more asinine—be conceived? Yet such are the decisions that are handed down to Labor from time to time.

Free assembly is the preceptor to the right of peaceful picketing. When the employer locks out, or the employees go out on a strike, they become economic adversaries, each contending for supremacy, both hoping for an adjustment. It is only natural that they should endeavor to discover each other's strength and weakness in order to determine how to continue the struggle. It is only natural that they should do that which every individual does, which every business competitor does, which every nation does, to wit, use the right of espionage, and how, pray, can espionage be employed and observations made, unless free assembly be given them?

If, in the case of strike or lockout, the streets to the shop be closed to the workmen, if the streets which are open to the ignorant, or knave strike-breaker be closed to him, if his home be shut to him, if the meeting in the highway or elsewhere be denied him, how will he be able to meet his fellow worker or the worker who, either ignorantly or willy, has taken his job, to persaude him to exercise his constitutional right of

free speech and free press, so that he may induce his transgressing brother to see the error of his way and join the ranks of organized labor?

Do you stop to realize that the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States prohibits the abridging of privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, and forbids any state to deprive any person of life, liberty, or property without due process of law, nor deny any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the law?

Do you know that the life and liberty of a labor organization consists in its membership and its ability to increase and hold its membership, and in the liberty of being able to increase and hold its membership by moral suasion and peaceful picketing?

And do you further realize that though the employer may induce a man to break the ranks of labor and go to work, an employe may not induce an employe to break the ranks of his employer and cease work? That while an employer may exercise espionage and send out his emissaries for the purpose of picketing upon union men in order to get them to go back upon the union obligation, union men may not do likewise—exercise espionage upon the employer? Do you not see that that is denying men the equal protection of the law? Need any more questions be asked? There is but one single answer.

Enough, for all of this must be plain to every clear-thinking mind, as clear as the noonday's sun on a bright June 21, that there can be no free speech without free assembly.

Now that you have the premises, let us develop just one other observation and then proceed to our conclusion.

For the last forty years the labor injunction has been the workman's bane, the nation's curse. For forty years injunctions have been used to destroy, to trample upon the rights of Labor, to crush its ambitions, to slay it. For forty years the courts have been crowded with their pleadings, the jails filled with their alleged violators, and for forty years they have sapped at the vitals of Labor, and have cost it millions in men and money. But organized labor, militant of spirit, looking upward, fighting onward, has fought and fought in every court un-til today, the highest court of this land and every respectable state court has announced in words of plenty with reason of sufficiency that the right of peaceful picketing and moral suasion, as contradistinguished from violence, intimidation, and coercion, will be allowed and upheld; that he who commits violence or attempts, it who resorts to coercion of intimidation, does not indulge in peaceful picketing or moral suasion; that the

violators of the law, the perpetrators of violence intimidation, and picketing will be punished, but that peaceful picketing and moral suasion will, nevertheless, be upheld.

Now, when at least one hundred decisions have been handed down to that effect, you would imagine that that would be enough; that when Labor has sweated and taxed itself to its capacity to pay the gentlemen of the legal profession to have the courts reiterate, time and again, those natural, fundamental, human precepts, that that would suffice for all time, and that Labor might now, in this year, A. D. 1916, go on with some other phase of human oppression and proceed to right another and different wrong.

But no, in spite of all the gains that Labor has made, there is found in every industrial community some judge before whom capital will go and to whom the haters of organized labor and its cause will turn for an injunction in case of a strike or lockout-an accommodating judge who, with anarchistic spirit, in violation of the law, and in direct violation of the constitutional rights of free speech. free press, and free assembly, will deliver himself of a decision and hand down an injunction whereby he denies the rights of peaceful picketing and moral suasionthese rights which are so sacred and so safeguarded by the Constitution that not even in case of rebellion or invasion may they be suspended.

Why should a judge, in the face of all those decisions, in the face of the plain constitutional inhibitions, do that? Let me pause and tell you. Take away peaceful picketing and moral suasion, and you take away Labor's only two legal weap-Take away peaceful picketing and moral suasion, and you tie Labor's hands. Take away peaceful picketing and moral suasion, and you help to break the strike, and he who takes them away, or endeavors to do so, whether by law or any other means, whether by criminal prosecutions or injunctions, is a strike-breaker, and why a judge should take them away in the face of all the numerous decisions which have now so thoroughly made plain these constitutional provisions and entrenched those very rights of Labor, spells a motive so flagrant that it at once and without debate stamps him as unfit for judicial duty.

Ah, but you say, and they tell you that the remedy for such an injunction, the violation of such constitutional rights, is by appeal. Oh, shades of the law's delay! A temporary injunction is usually in effect a final decree, for while Labor has appealed from hundreds of such temporary injunctions, such interlocutory decisions, time and again, the period consumed between the entry of the tempo-

rary injunction and the entry of the final decree is so great that the strike often is ended and the dastardly work has been accomplished. The time between the entry of the temporary injunction and the hearing of its review upon appeal is usually so long that the higher court's decision becomes of academic value merely. In fact, the rules of some states won't even permit an appeal from a temporary injunction, or else make the granting of it a matter of such judicial discretion, so observed by all courts that a remedy by appeal becomes inefficacious and nugatory and in effect denies an appeal.

Violate an injunction, and you are promptly sent to jail for contempt of court. Exercise your constitutional rights of free speech, free press, and free assembly—which are nothing more than peaceful picketing and moral suasionwhen the injunction says "thou shalt not." and you will lie moldering in jail; and when you protest against the enforcement of such injunction denying these constitutional rights to you, and assert that the injunction is wrong, that it takes from you the right of free speech, free press, and free assembly, the answer promptly is that your remedy is not by violation, but by appeal. So, in effect, your rights are denied, while capital proceeds to deal out its blows to Labor.

Now, then, what shall be done? There are two methods open to Labor of dealing

with such a judge.

The one is a course heretofore followed but weakly, and that is to endeavor to beat the judge when he is up for reelection. Sometimes Labor has succeeded at the task. Often it has failed, but Labor must never forget such a judge and must exert itself strenuous as it may be, to defeat at the polls such judge for reelection. It must insist that his opponent shall run upon a platform of Americanism—the highest form of Americanism, the guarantee of the constitutional rights of free speech, free press, and free assembly, and to organized labor, peaceful picketing and moral suasion.

Often, however, between the entry of such an injunction and the time of the judge's reelection, too great a period has elapsed so that the ill effect of his decision has been forgotten and again he goes to his bench by Labor's default. In the interim, therefore, work for legislalation in direction of constitutional amendment permitting the recall of judges.

Then, second, there is another remedy, a remedy guaranteed by the Constitution, a remedy heretofore sparingly exercised but one which, if invoked, can be made speedy and effectively, to wit, the impeachment of such a judge.

Let Labor exercise its right in each instance there a judge deliberately, wilfully, and in violtaion of precedents so numerous, out of what motive we care not proceeds with care to serve the interests of capital by denying to Labor its constitutional rights—the rights of free speech, free press, free assembly, to wit, peaceful picketing and moral suasion—to impeach or make attempt at his impeachment.

Labor must no longer endure or submit to such injuries being heaped upon it.

Such judges must be removed. The Constitution of the United States and the constitution of your state call upon you in their defense. "Survive or perish"—"Live or die;" which shall it be—Organized labor or the unfit judge? Countless millions of workingmen, women, and children look to organized labor, with the aid of their guaranteed constitutional rights, to take the oppressing employers off their bending backs.

Organized labor must have, it shall have, and will have and all that dwell on American soil, untrampled, the constitutional rights of free speech, free press and free assembly, expressed to them in terms of moral suasion and peaceful picketing.

Call your organization to colors! Muster into service all your rank and file. Prefer charges of impeachment against every such law-breaking judge.

SAFETY LEGISLATION

By Jas. P. Noonan.

For years the Brotherhood has been looking for an opportunity to have enacted Safety Laws governing Electrical construction. Dealing especially with outside work, the number of deaths occurring in our membership due wholly or in greater part to faulty or cheap construction has been enormous.

Until lately any attempts to put electrical construction under regulations has been confined to the Legislative commit-

tees of the various State bodies and Local Unions with the results that there are a number of laws passed by the different State Legislatures where the labor element was strong enough to practically force the action desired or something near it, and as it is only natural for a Legislative committee to want something that seems to them slightly better than that secured by their neighbors these laws vary greatly and have different

means and machinery for their enforcement. Most of the committees drafting laws of this character have taken the California law as a basis to work from and have amended it as seemed good or expedient to them cutting or patching it to fit their case so that at present we have so many different laws that the traveling member cannot possibly remember them and the companies doing inter-state business can plead that he can not have any uniform material or method of construction that will conform to the various laws in the different states, and can take refuge in the Federal Courts pleading their interstate business nature entitles them to the minimum of state control, and the powers that be harken to the logic of their contention.

The International has for years realized that to get a regulation that will be really effective it would be necessary to get something for outside construction that would be like in nature to the national code for inside construction and bent all its energies in this line to have the National Bureau of Standards take up the matter and give us a standard that would be recognized throughout the entire country.

The matter was taken up by them and an exhaustive study made of the methods and material used in outside construction. Accidents and their causes, in fact, everything that related to danger or safety to life and property in connection with outside electrical construction was thoroughly investigated. The Commission spent nearly four years in this work, held sessions in all parts of the country soliciting the co-operation of our members everywhere as well as the employers.

The writer attended the last sessions on behalf of the Brotherhood and has been in touch with the Bureau of Standards on the National Electrical Safety Code since.

The initial labors of the Commission is now in finished form and will appear in the next edition of The Worker.

We are endeavoring to get it into the hands of the Electrical Workers the people most vitally interested, in one volume for reference.

This report of the Bureau is a code recommended for adoption to the various states and electrical bodies. It is amendable from time to time as the necessity is demonstrated, and it is recommended by the Bureau as a basis for safety laws with the intent that such safety laws shall eventually become uniform throughout the country, and constructive criticism is invited. Bureau had the choice of making this report at great length and detail or making it short and so technical that it would be understood only by engineers trained in this line of the two they choose to make it at length so that it might be understood by the man of average intelligence who does the actual work on the construction.

The first publication deals only with general safety rules to be observed by employer and employee. The code, however, embraces rules for spacing of wires of like and different voltage, sags in spans, rules for jointly used poles, standard of construction for all classes of line work, special construction for crossing between wires and railroad crossings, size of poles and wires and in fact every phase of outside construction as well as central station construction and equipment as regards durability and safety is provided for in detail.

We recommend it to the attention of our members and invite suggestions from them which we in turn will furnish to the Bureau of Standards.

The present code may not be all that we wish it to be but it is a start toward uniform regulation safety rules, a goal long sought by our Brotherhood.

The recommendation of the National Bureau of Standards will help to have them adopted by State Commissions or formed into laws by the various State Assemblies. And our members should render assistance in this.

Rules for our safety is for public safety as well. Study general safety rules in next edition of Worker. The code will be ready for publication late in September





BROTHER R. J. SHEPARD, LOCAL NO. 1.

Whereas, The Almighty God in His infinite wisdom has deemed it wise to remove from our midst our beloved brother, R. J. Shepard, and

Whereas, R. J. Shepard was a true and loyal member of our Union and an honest and faithful worker, be it

Resolved, That we hereby express our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved family in their hour of grief, and be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, that a copy be sent to our official journal for publication and that they be spread on the minutes of Local Union No. 1, I. B. E. W.

H. J. Morrison,

C. G. Williamson,

J. T. Rapp,

Committee.

SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS, LOCAL NO. 2.

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty Ruler in His wisdom, to take from our midst, our friend and brother, Samuel T. Williams, therefore, be it Resolved, That we, the members of Local Union No. 2, do hereby extend to

his sorrowing family our sincere sympathy in this sad hour, and, be it further

Resolved, That the charter of this Union be draped in mourning for thirty days, and a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this Local, a copy be sent to the bereaved family, and also to The Journal for publication.

I. N. Hobday, E. B. McKinnon, R. A. Gibson,

I. B. E. W., Local Union No. 2.

Committee.

EDWARD SULLIVAN, LOCAL UNION NO. 9.

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty to call from our midst our beloved brother, Edward Sullivan, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of Local Union No. 9, I. B. E. W., express to sorrowing sisters and brothers our sincere and heartfelt sympathy, and be it further

Resolved. That a copy of this resolution be sent to be reaved ones, a copy spread upon the minutes of our Local and a copy sent to The Worker for publication.

> James A. Sharp, E. H. Curtis, Jas. F. Slattery. Committee.

CHAS. POUTIE, LOCAL NO. 9.
Whereas, The abrupt termination of the earthly existence of our esteemed friend and brother, Chas. Poutie, by the All Powerful and Just God, and

Whereas, In his life he was a true and devoted union man and a loyal friend,

Resolved, That, we as members of Local No. 9, pay tribute to his memory by expressing our sorrow of his loss and extend to those who may be even nearer to our brother than we, our most heartfelt sympathy in their hour of grief, and, be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, and a copy be sent to our Official Journal and that a copy be spread upon the minutes and one to his relatives and friends.

> Peter Rasmussen, Thos. Cotter. Jay McConkey, Committee.

EDWARD WILLIAM GERSTNER, LOCAL NO. 1.

Whereas, The Divine Ruler has again in His infinite wisdom seen fit to demonstrate His all power, and

Whereas, We humbly submit to His divine will and realize we are but human, we therefore mourn the loss of our brother and faithful friend and coworker, Brother Edward William Gerstner, who departed this life Sunday, July 2, 1916, at 7:30 o'clock a. m., and

Whereas, Brother Gerstner was cut down in the prime of physical manhood, leaving a family of small children, other near and dear relatives and many true

friends, therefore, be it

Resolved, That Local Union No. 1, I. B. E. W., unanimously express our heartfelt sorrow, and offer to his dear mother, wife and children our sincere con-

dolences, and, be it further

Resolved, That the charter of Local Union No. 1, I. B. E. W. be draped in mourning for thirty days and a copy of these resolutions be delivered to the bereaved family, also a copy be forwarded to the Official Journal of the Brother-

> H. J. Morrison, C. G. Williamson, Committee.

FATHER OF BRO. C. L. RHAMEY.

Whereas. The Almighty God has in His infinite wisdom deemed it best to take from our midst the father of our friend and brother, C. L. Rhamey, be it Resolved, That members of Local Union No. 22, I. B. E. W. take this means

of expressing our sympathy, and, be it further
Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the I. O. to be published in the Official Journal, and that they become a part of our minutes.

> J. P. Brown, Press Secretary.

LAWRENCE SWAIN, LOCAL NO. 29.

Whereas, The Almighty in His wisdom has removed from our midst our friend and brother, Lawrence Swain, and

Whereas, He has been a most active worker, seeking as a member and an officer to advance the interests of this union and the welfare of its members, and

Whereas, in private life he was always a most exemplary man, at all times worthy of the confidence of his fellowmen, a loving and devoted husband and father, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we as a Union in brotherly love do most sincerely mourn his loss, and extend to his wife and family our deepest sympathy in this their hour of bereavement, and, be it further

Resolved, That the charter of this Union be draped in mourning for thirty days, and a copy of these resolutions be placed in our minutes, a copy be sent to the bereaved family, and also to the Journal for publication.

Committee.

JOHN MARRION, LOCAL NO. 45.

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to remove from our midst our beloved brother, John Marrion, and

Whereas, we mourn the loss of one whom, while in life was always a true friend, always ready with a pleasant smile and word of greeting and while we humbly submit to the will of Him Who has mercifully relieved our brother from his sufferings, and be it

Resolved, That we extend our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved widow and family and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes and a copy be sent to the Electrical Worker for publication, and be it further

Resolved. That our charter be draped for a period of thirty (30) days.

F. M. Devlin. Byron Earl, F. H. Lamme.

Committee.

WIFE OF BRO. L. P. HUBBARD.

Whereas, It has pleased our Heavenly Father to call from our midst the beloved wife of our esteemed brother, L. P. Hubbard.

sympathy in this their hour of sorrow, and bow our heads in reverence to an All-wise Father, who moves in a mysterious way, His wonders to perform, and say, "Thy Will Be Done." Resolved that we extend the bereaved brother and relatives our heartfelt

Resolved, That this heartfelt testimonial of our sympathy and sorrow be forwarded to our brother and family, and spread upon the minutes of Local No. 77,

and a copy be sent to our Journal for publication.

Chas. Cross. Harold Forrest. Frank Tustin, Committee.

EDWARD C. TUCKER, LOCAL NO. 77.

Whereas, It has been the will of our Almighty God to call from this world Brother Edward C. Tucker.

Whereas, In the taking of this brother of Local Union No. 77, the I. B. E. W.

has lost a loyal, faithful member.

Resolved, That our charter be draped for thirty days in memory of our departed brother and that we extend our heartfelt sympathy to the family; that a copy of these resolutions be spread on our minutes, and a copy sent to the family of the late brother, and a copy sent to the Journal for publication.

Chas. Cross, Harold Forrest, Frank Tustin.

Committee.

ALBERT J. WRIGHT, LOCAL NO. 103.

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty Father to remove from this earth our beloved brother, Albert J. Wright, who met his death by accident, therefore, be it Resolved, That Local No. 103 of the International Brotherhood of Electrical

Workers, in regular meeting assembled, do extend to the bereaved brother's wife and family our sincere sympathy, and, be it further

Resolved, That a copy of the resolutions be sent to the General Office to be published in the Official Journal.

> Geo. E. Cappelle, Press Secretary.

PETER ERB, LOCAL NO. 141.

Whereas, As the Angel of Death has taken from our midst the beloved mother of our true friend and brother, Peter Erb, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we extend the bereaved brother and family our heartfelt sym-

pathy in this their hour of sorrow, and, be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to Brother Peter Erb, and a copy to the Journal for publication.

Geo. Raab, Jr., Wm. A. Whiteman, E. H. Hagan,

Committee.

DAVID McKEE, LOCAL NO. 283.

Whereas, The Almighty God in His infinite wisdom, has deemed it wise to call from our midst our esteemed and beloved brother, David McKee, and

Whereas, Brother McKee was a true and loyal member of our Union and an honest and faithful workman, be it

Resolved, That we hereby express our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved relatives in their hour of grief, and, be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped for a period of thirty days and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Official Journal of this organization and

they be spread on the minutes of Local Union No. 283, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

L. S. Leffler, C. A. Jordan, Chas. Hoerman, Committee.

E. I. Durrell, Recording Secretary, L. U. No. 283, I. B. E. W.

A. G. GORRELL.

I would like to announce through the columns of The Worker the death of my brother, A. L. Gorrell, who was injured at midnight Tuesday, April 18th and died at 7 a. m. April 19th, in Wichita, Kan. He was called out on trouble—to extinguish a fire in a lightning arrester box.

We suppose he had finished the job, had taken his safety off from around the pole and had started down—in some way touched 2,300 with his left arm and a ground with his right foot and fell 40 feet. He was taken to the hospital and died

at 7 a. m. Wednesday, April 19th.

I will tell where it happened so that if any brother has worked in Wichita will know. He was working on the first pole from the plant on the "Third Street lead." There were five large conduits going from a manhole near by clear to the crossarms-three on the south side and two on the north.

My brother has carried a card for about fifteen years, but I believe at the time of his death he was a few months in arrears, but boys he was a union man whether his card was paid up or not. All brothers that knew him who may chance to read this knows how he stood on buying union-made goods and in many other ways stood for unionism.

The remains were taken to Blackwater, Mo., (the old home) for burial. He was laid to rest in LaMine cemetery, the lot in which he was buried formerly was a church yard where he has played at school many, many days (the school

house being near.)

The pallbearers were six of his old school mates. Those who are left to mourn besides his wife, are his father and mother, 79 and 81 years of age respectively, three sisters and one brother besides myself.

I would be pleased to hear from any of the brothers who care to write to me, J. N. Gorrell.

1000 James St.

Carthage, Mo.

By Resolution consent of Local No. 271.

LLEWELLYN ZUBLIN, LOCAL NO. 282.

At a regular meeting of Local Union No. 282, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, held July 24th, 1916, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to remove

from our midst our late brother, Llewellyn Zublin, and
Whereas, The intimate relations long held by our deceased brother with the
members of Local Union No. 282 renders it proper that we should place on record our appreciation of his service as an electrical worker and his merits as a true union man, therefore, be it

Resolved, By Local Union No. 282, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers that, while we bow with humble submission to the will of the Most High, we do not less mourn for our brother who has been called from his labor to

rest.

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Llewellyn Zublin this Local loses a brother who was always active and zealous in his work as a member; ever ready to succor the needy and distressed of the Union, prompt to advance the interest of the Brotherhood; devoted to its welfare and prosperity; one who was wise in counsel and fearless in action; an honest and upright young man, whose virtues endeared him not only to his brother members but to all who knew him.

Resolved, That this Local tender its heartfelt sympathy to the family and relatives of our deceased brother in this their sad affliction.

Resolved, That the charter of Local Union No. 282 be draped in mourning for

a period of thirty days, and a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and a copy to be sent to our Official Journal and that they be spread on the minutes of Local No. 282, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

William J. O'Leary. A. Kloppauf.

Committee.

MOTHER OF BROTHER GUY HILL.

Whereas. The Almighty God in His infinite wisdom, has deemed it best to call from our midst the mother of our respected friend and brother, Guy Hill, therefore.

Resolved, That we, the members of Local Union, No. 300, I. B. E. W., take this opportunity of expressing our heartfelt sympathy, and, be it further

Resolved. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the International Office for publication in the Official Journal.

V. A. Lee, Financial Secretary.

JAS. M. SUTTON, LOCAL NO. 196.

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty God to remove from our midst our esteemed brother, Jas. M. Sutton, and

Whereas, Brother Sutton was a true and loyal member of our union and an honest and faithful workman, be it

Resolved, That we hereby express our heartfelt sympathy to his family and

friends in their bereavement, and, be it further
Resolved, That we drape our charter for a period of thirty days and a copy of these resolutions be spread on our minutes, a copy sent to the Rockford Labor News and a copy to the I. O. for publication in the Journal.

> Geo. Rhoades, E. Shmabarger, W. A. Culp,

Committee.

WIFE OF BROTHER R. OSTRUM.

Whereas, The Almighty God in His infinite wisdom has deemed it necessary to call from our midst the wife of our respected friend and brother, R. Ostrum, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of Local No. 315, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers take this means of expressing our heartfelt sympathy to Brother Ostrum and his immediate kin.

Although taken from those she loved most dearly her name still remains in

our memory, and be it further

Resolved, That a copy be spread upon the minutes, a copy be sent to Brother Ostrum, and a copy be sent to the International Office for publication in our Official Journal.

Sincerely,

George B. Carlin, H. B. Holthaus. Committee.

DANIEL COUGHLIN, LOCAL NO. 315.

Whereas, The sudden and unforeseen call of our Heavenly Father has removed from our midst our beloved brother, Daniel Coughlin, who was called from this life Monday, July 3, 1916, we are again brought face to face with the eternal truth, that life so dear to us all is but a shadow, here today, and gone tomorrow, called away while in the prime of vigorous and glorious manhood, a worthy member, and a faithful husband and father, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we bow our heads in prayer that his soul may rest in eternal

peace, and be it further

Resolved. That the members of No. 315, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, extend their deepest sympathy to the family, relatives, and friends in

this hour of grief, and be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days as a token of respect to his memory, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, and that they be spread on the minutes of Local No. 315, also that a copy be forwarded to the Official Journal for publication.

Edw. Canavan, Chas. G. Ott, R. M. Carlin.

Committee.

ARTHUR HERNANDEZ.

Whereas, The Almighty God in His infinite wisdom has deemed it wise to remove from our midst our esteemed brother, Arthur Hernandez, and
Whereas, Brother Arthur Hernandez was a true and loyal member of our

Local Union, and an honest and faithful workman, be it

Resolved, That we hereby express our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved

family and friends in this, their hour of grief, and, be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, Resolved, That our charter be dispet in mounting for a period of thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent the bereaved family, a copy to the Official Journal (The Electrical Worker), also one copy to the "Union," (the official journal of the Santa Clara Courts Building Trades Council); and that the Recording Secretary shall cause these resolutions to be spread upon the minutes of Local Union No. 332, I. B. E. W.

Fraternally yours,

L. U. No. 332, I. B. E. W., By E. Kuehnis, Recording Secretary.

FRANK Mc-ROBIE, LOCAL NO. 348.

Whereas. It has pleased the Supreme Architect of the Universe to call from our midst our esteemed friend and brother, Frank Mc-Robie, who on July 12th was electrocuted while engaged in the performance of his duties, and

Whereas. Brother Mc-Robie was a true and loyal member of our Union and a

loving and devoted husband and father, therefore be it

Resolved, That we, as members of Local Union No. 348, in brotherly love do most sincerely mourn his loss, and extend to his wife and family our deepest sympathy in this their hour of bereavement, and be it further

Resolved. That the charter of this Union be draped in mourning for thirty days, and a copy of these resolutions be placed on our minutes, a copy sent to the

bereaved family, and to our Journal for publication.

Jas. W. Frame. R. D. Wagner, G. W. Darling, Committee.

W. H. CHAPMAN, LOCAL NO. 348.

Whereas, it has pleased the Supreme Architect of the Universe to call from our midst our esteemed friend and brother, W. H. Chapman, who on July 10th was electrocuted while engaged in the performance of his duties, and

Whereas, Brother Chapman was a true and loyal member of our Union and a

Resolved, That we, as members of Local Union No. 348, in brotherly love do most sincerely mourn his loss, and extend to his wife and family our deepest sympathy in this their hour of bereavement, and be it further

Resolved. That the charter of this Union be draped in mourning for thirty days, and a copy of these resolutions be placed on our minutes, a copy sent to the bereaved family, and to our Journal for publication.

Jas. W. Frame. R. D. Wagner, G. W. Darling, Committee.

R. H. JAMES, LOCAL NO. 408.

Whereas, It has pleased our Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to remove from our midst our beloved brother, R. H. James,

Resolved, That we, the members of Local Union No. 77, I. B. E. W., extend our deepest sympathy to his relatives in this, their hour of bereavement, and, be it

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to his relatives, a copy be sent to the I. B. E. W. office for publication, and also that they be spread on the minutes of Local Union No. 77 and the charter be draped for a period of thirty Chas. Cross,

Harold Forrest. Frank Tustin.

Committee.

BRUNO KUEHN, LOCAL NO. 23.

Whereas, The sad and solemn information has been communicated to Local No. 23, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, that death hath set its seal upon the life of Bruno Kuehn, an esteemed member of Local No. 23, it is therefore with feelings of sorrow and regret, that we place on record to his memory this tribute of esteem and love.

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Kuehn, Local No. 23 has sustained a

Resolved, That to the bereaved wife, sorrowing family and relatives of Brother Kuehn, we tender the assurance of our fraternal and personal friendship and condolence, and trust that their grief may be tempered and mitigated by knowledge of the fact that it is shared and participated in by us, as well as others who knew by personal contact his devotion and attachment to his family and his friends.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this Local and a copy thereof duly certified under the seal of International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local No. 23, be furnished to the wife of the deceased brother.

Fraternally submitted,

Joseph Macaulay, Folson Conaryea, C. O. Cooper,

Committee.

J. H. GEYER, LOCAL NO. 540.

Whereas, It has pleased our Heavenly Father to call from our midst the beloved girl baby of our esteemed brother, J. H. Geyer.

Resolved, That we extend to the bereaved brother and his wife our heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of sorrow and bow our heads to an all-wise Father, who moves in a mysterious way his wonders to perform.

Resolved, That this testimonial of our heartfelt sympathy and sorrow be forwarded to our brother and his wife, and be spread upon the minutes of Local

No. 540, and a copy be sent to our Official Journal.

C. F. Blair, E. S. Downer, R. Millington,

Respectfully submitted,

Committee. C. F. Blair.

G. C. DARST, LOCAL NO. 519.

Whereas, The Almighty God in His infinite wisdom, has deemed it wise to remove from our midst our beloved brother, G. C. Darst, and

Whereas, Brother G. C. Darst was a true and loyal member of our Union and an honest and faithful workman, be it

Resolved, That we hereby express our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved

family in this hour of grief; and, be it further

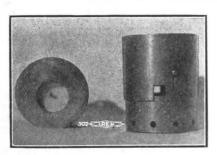
Resolved, That our charter be draped for a period of thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, that a copy be sent to the Official Journal for publication and that they be spread on the minutes of the Local Union No. 519, I. B. E. W.

> J. J. Flynn, E. Olson. El. Smith,

Committee.

THE HAVEN IMPROVED SOLDERING LAMP.

I am enclosing herewith a set of photographs and a cut illustrating a soldering lamp which Brother J. N. Haven of our L. W. 556 at Walla Walla, Washington has designed for the use of linemen and electricians generally but more especially for those linemen working on telephone



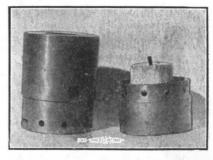
wires and he sums up its merits and description as follows:

"The gasoline blow torch would hardly be classed as a competitor as nearly all telephone companies forbid its use for soldering line wires because the extreme heat produced anneals or crystalizes the wires so that they will break from the tension to which they are subjected.

The soldering iron is very slow and

not efficient as it will cool before it can be taken to the top of a pole and a poorly soldered joint is the result and as for open flame lamps they cannot be considered as they will not remain lighted in a wind and if they do the flame will be so deflected by the wind that the wire will not become heated enough to solder.

Telephone installers, inside wiremen and electric light fixture installers will find that my lamp will accomplish all any lamp now in use will accomplish with the additional features that it can be used as a lamp for lighting and does not use liquid fuel thereby reducing the fire hazard.

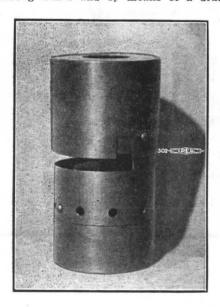


My lamp which is known as The Haven Improved Soldering Lamp uses a small amount of heat which being applied directly to the point wanted, solders the

joint perfectly and does not burn or anneal the wires, removing the necessity of using a blow torch or soldering iron with the consequent saving of time.

Considering first cost it is obvious that it is much cheaper than the blow torch and requires no fuel supply other than the candle which is always carried by the workman, and it can be used for lighting purposes to a better advantage than the candle alone as its base acts as a holder or candle stick supporting the candle in an up-right position, retaining all the melted tallow. It also tends to greater economy in the use of the candle by protecting it from abrasion which occurs when the candle is carried in the satchel or grip with material and tools.

It can be lighted with a match in very strong winds and by means of a draft



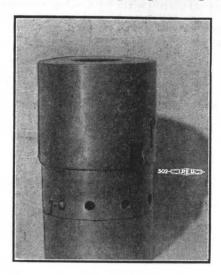
regulator, will keep a sufficiently steady flame to perfectly solder a joint at all times.

The cut enclosed herewith explains the device and its application. Fig. 1 being an elevation of the appliance, partly in section and in a position for use familiar to every electrician. Fig. 2 is a plain view thereof. Fig. 3 is a central vertical section, and Fig. 4 is a perspective view.

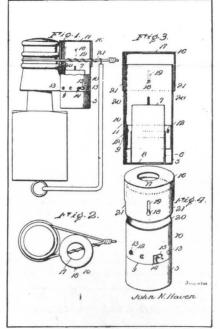
Referring to the drawings, 5 denotes the tubular body which contains a holder 6 for a candle 7. In the bottom of the cylinder is a hole 8 through which the candle may be adjusted in height. The top of the cylinder receives the lower end of the shield 10 which slidably fits around the cylinder and rises there from to shield the flame from the wind and concentrates the heat.

In that portion of the sleeve 10 which

fits the ferrule 11 of the cylinder 5 are draft openings 13, and the cylinder has openings 12 for the same purpose. The draft may be regulated by turning the sleeve so that its openings 13 register



more or less with the openings 12. In the bottom edge of the sleeve 10 is a bayonet slot 14 through which extends a headed stud 15 carried by the side of the part 11,



whereby the sleeve 10 is detachably connected to the cylinder 5. The upper horizontal portion of the slot permits the sleeve to be rotated to regulate the draft.

The sleeve 10 is closed by a cap 18 fitting over its top, the top of the cap having an opening 17 for the insertion of the solder stick, the cap is held in place by studs which guides the cap by the vertical slots 19, the slot being provided that the cap may be slid up and down when placing the lamp on the wires to be soldered.

In use, the device is placed on the wire by raising cap 16 a sufficient distance to uncover the slot 20 as shown in Fig. 3 and 4, sliding it on the wire the cap is then let drop so that its slots 21 seats over the projecting wire, thus all draft is excluded at this point and the device is held suspended and the hands of the operator left free for the soldering operation.

This device was patented December 7, 1915; other patents pending."

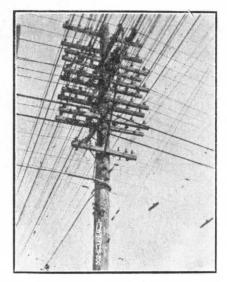
I have used this lamp for several months and it works better than any other device I have ever used and I thought that the rest of the Brothers would be interested in knowing its design and operation.

Yours fraternally,

M. B. Banker.

NOTICE.

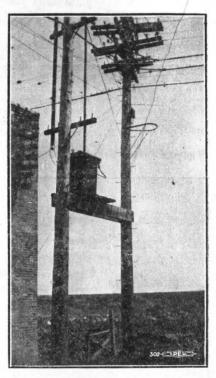
We desire to inform all members that the Inter-State Light and Power Co., Galena, Ill., is on the unfair list, and hope all brothers will take notice and avoid this locality. We have been out since July



Showing the Need of Safety Construction.

24th; there are a number of members of Local No. 387 in this trouble which is a lockout, asking for better wages and working conditions. Organizer Cleary is here doing his best to bring about a settlement.

This company has been known as one of the worst companies there are, in regard to working and wage conditions. The only thing left for us to do now, is to keep all we can off the job, we have been



Another Example.

fairly successful. There is a man by the name of Riley, city foreman, who refused to listen to us, and is still working. We think it is impossible for them to get linemen to come in here and work for the wages they are offering, and the class of work they have to perform.

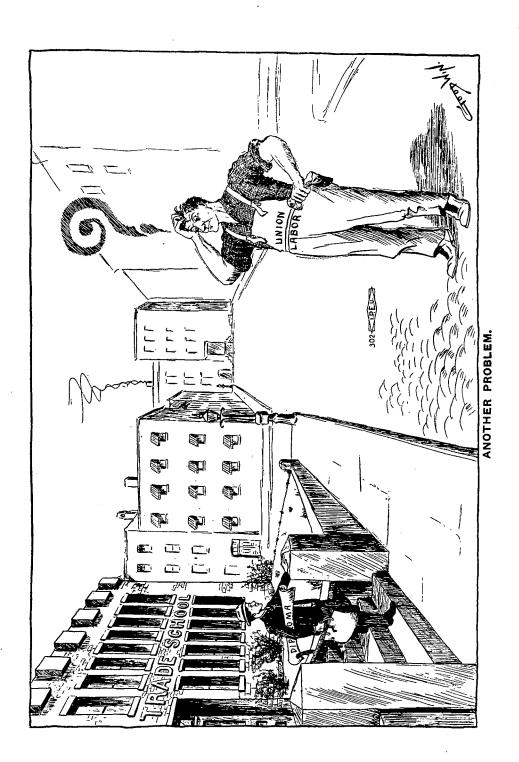
There is 33,000-volt wishbone construction on the top of the poles, and from 18 inches to 5 feet they run 4,400-volt lines on the same poles. There is a ground wire on every pole, and a high line telephone at your feet.

The work in the past has always been done by floaters, and is known as a short stake job, and think they will have to do something with our agreement, before they can have this work done.

They have a town of Plattville to rebuild, and reinforce the majority of the 4,400-volt lines, on account of the loads that those mines drag around here

that those mines drag around here. Here is hoping that we reach an early agreement, which looks a long way off at present. We remain,

Robt. Miller, A. Ruddy, Lee Haberer, Com.



Official Journal of the

ELECTRICAL WORKERS AND OPERATORS

Published Monthly

F. J. McNulty, Supervising Editor. CHAS. P. FORD, Editor,

Reisch Bldg., Springfield, Ill.

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Seventh District - - - T. C. Vickers 344 Clark St., Fresno, Calif.



NOTICE.

If Arthur Schott or any one knowing his whereabouts sees this, please write to his mother, Mrs. J. A. Schott, Box 42, Leechburg, Pa.

S. Copper, Financial Secretary.

NOTICE.

This is to certify that Local No. 118 of Dayton, Ohio, is in recognized difficulty with the Dayton Power and Light Co. All Brothers are requested to stay away.

S. Copper, Financial Secretary.

NOTICE.

The press of Sacramento, Calif., published the statement that Thomas Harris alias W. K. Billing arrested in San Francisco on the bomb outrage was a member of Electrical Workers' Union. A careful search of all records in Local Unions and at I. O. proves this to be utterly false. The man in question never held membership in the I. B. E. W.

Editor.

NOTICE.

Any member knowing the whereabouts of Bro. M. Herrman, card No. 341828 of Local No. 104 of Boston, Mass., will kindly notify J. A. McGarry, Business Agent of No. 104, office 995 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

Fraternally yours,

J. A. McGarry.

NOTICE.

All Local Unions and the Brotherhood are hereby notified to have no dealings with V. W. Sirason, ex-member of No. 534, and E. J. Bachman, ex-member of No. 358 until referring to L. U. No. 358, in compliance with provisions in the constitution. Due observance of this notice will prevent unpleasantness as was caused by the mistake of No. 664, in accepting E. J. Bachman into their Local when No. 358 had rejected him on April 28, 1916.

We have fines against these two men and it will be necessary for us to have their card annulled by the General Office should either obtain one.

Yours truly,

Bruce W. Jones, Press Secretary.

NOTICE.

If T. M. Kelly of Little Rock and Shreveport, La., or any one knowing his whereabouts sees this notice please drop a card to W. F. Failor, Gatun, C. Z., Panama.

W. F. Failor, Recording Secretary, L. U. No. 677.

NOTICE.

Any one knowing the whereabouts of the relatives of our late member, J. M. Sutton, kindly advise the I. O. or Local No. 196.

NOTICE.

This is a picture of H. Ward, former Treasurer of No. 118, who absconded with the Local's funds. Please print



Harry Ward, 36 years, about 5 ft. 8 in., about 165 pounds, smooth face, dark hair, brown eyes.

his likeness from this. If so, please do so as we are very anxious to locate him as he left his wife and baby destitute. Please run this notice for three months.

NOTICE.

On account of difficulty in our jurisdiction and having the constitutional number of men unemployed, it has become necessary to enforce Section 8 of Article 14 of the constitution.

T. J. Cronen, Secretary, Local No. 660, Waterbury, Conn.

NOTICE.

All brothers are warned to be on the look-out for one. W. J. McConoughy, who claims Pittsburg, Pa., his home, and claimed to have card in No. 283, Oakland. This man came in here broke and hungry, and no tools, the writer of this fed him staked him for new outfit of tools and got him a job and has not heard from him since. Any one knowing his whereabout please notify the undersigned.

E. D. Richards, Secy., L. U. No. 246, Steubenville, Ohio.

NOTICE.

Any one knowing the whereabouts of J. E. Dumenhousen, known as "Dummy," will kindly write the undersigned. Bro. Dumenhousen's mother is sick and very anxious to hear from him.

R. A. Gibson, Financial Secretary, L. U. No. 2. St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE.

All members are requested to avoid seeking employment with the Washington Steel and Ordinance Company at Washington, D. C., as this firm is involved in difficulty with Local No. 26.

Fraternally yours,
Edw. Nothnagel,
Recording Secretary.

NOTICE.

Local Union No. 275 of Muskegon, Mich., has been on strike for some time and, through failure to notify the I. O., notice of same has not appeared before this time.

Their demands were approved by the I. O. and we advise all members to avoid this city until the difficulty is settled.

NOTICE.

Ewa Houser, lately of No. 47, Sioux City, Iowa, or any one knowing of his whereabouts, will confer a favor on him and relatives by communicating at once with Mrs. Helen Pettit, 1057 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill. News of much importance awaits him.

NOTICE.

If this comes to the attention of George (Red) Dodson, please communicate with Lee Haberer, Waterloo, Iowa, Gen. Del.



EDITORIAL



THE INCOMPETENT'S Some jobs are mighty good ones so long as METHOD!

a certain class of our members are employed on them. But when they get canned for not

on them. But when they get canned for not being able to cut the "Buck," then the jobs becomes very undesirable, they don't pay enough money, the foremen are scissor bills the grub is rotten, the company is not living up to their agreement and the men employed on them are a bunch of suckers or else they would quit, and put the jobs on the hummer. These dear consistent Brothers are twenty-four karat trade unionists to hear them tell it. Ready to lay down their all in the interest of their Local Union and the I. B. notice. Why they worry so much about the conditions the other fellow has to work under, and are satisfied with their own job which as a general rule does not pay as high a scale of wages and is not governed by as good working rules, is a mystery to most members, but not to those that are wise to their little game. We had an opportunity last month to attend the meeting of one of our young Local Unions in whose jurisdiction a large construction job is being done. We were immediately put on the grill by a dear Brother he told us how rotten the job was. After he had raved for a short time we were surprised to learn that he was not working on the job in question, but was working for two bits less per day on another one in the same jurisdiction. He did not raise his voice in protest about the conditions of his own job (although most of the other members working on the job talked about the necessity of improved working conditions being asked for). He had a grievance against a certain Local Union because he was not notified to attend the meeting when the agreement was ratified and in the next breath admitted he was not entitled to vote on the agreement. Of course the International President was responsible for his not having a vote, and for the agreement being ratified by this Local Union although he was not present at the time. To hear this member talk you would soon come to the conclusion that he did not believe there was an honest man in the Brotherhood outside of himself. Everybody that disagreed with him was dishonest at least in purpose. We made notes of his grievances taking them at their face value for investigation. We have received the dope on some of them and find this member must be a believer in We don't know what kind of tobacco he smokes, but for the future welfare of the Local Unions in which he places his card, we sincerely hope he changes the brand and makes sure the union label is on it.

After the meeting adjourned we wondered what his motive could be. We were sure this member must have had some reason for knocking this job so hard as well as the foremen (who are members). The following day we chanced to meet a Brother who had worked on the job in question, we questioned him about it and related the grievances filed verbaly. When we told him the name of this member he laughed and said, "pay no attention to that bird he was on the job, could not do the work, and got a can tied to him; he has tried to get back several times, but failed, since then he has put in his spare time preaching to those who will listen to him what a bad job it is at that wage scale, and at the same time he is working on another job for two bits a day less." When we found out what the motive was, we could not help but say "Consistency thou art a jewel." This charac-

ter of members are dangerous. Look out for them. They care not where they hang their hat any old place they are they call their home, they will get you into difficulty by the direct action route as this Brother was pleased to term it. After they have led you into the difficulty they are unable to lead you out of it so they beat it to some other city and let you fight out a hopeless battle. Then they boast of all they have done for the cause of labor and humanity in general. Of course they can afford to hit the rattlers every time they take the notion to do so they have no responsibilities on their shoulders. What do they care if you have a home, wife and babies to look after and provide for. In their opinion you have no right to insist on the law being adhered to before a strike is called. If you do raise a question of law then they accuse you of having cold feet not openly for as a rule they are moral cowards but through the rumor route.

Do not let such members lead your Local Unions into unconstitutional difficulty. Watch the fellow that is always knocking the job the other fellow is working on, he has a motive behind him and that motive as a general rule is: If I can not work on that job I am going to make it so no other member can work on it. While such members are dangerous to their own interests they are also dangerous to the interests of their fellowmen, and, therefore, it is our duty to warn our members against them. we wish there was a law in our constitution that would compel all members to place all grievances before their Local in writing with their signature thereon. That would prevent, the manufactured grievance as well as the grievance based upon rumor as each member presenting a grievance would be held responsible therefor. It would also eliminate the pill roller or the man behind, who uses the irresponsible to carry out his schemes while he sits in the back wearing the grin of the wise man.

ELECTRICAL WORK FOR ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

All Local Unions and members should irregardless of consequences, cost, and sacrifice, protect the work of our trades

and resist with all their power any attempt on the part of others no matter who they may be or who they may represent to do electrical work of any kind. If it is necessary to strike to protect our work, strike and strike hard and remain on strike until the trade pirates are compelled to keep their hands off the work and acknowledge our right to do it. Electrical Work for Electrical Workers. First last and always we should all be prepared to defend it at the drop of the hat. High wage scales and improved working conditions are not half so valuable to us as is our right to all electrical work for if we do not have work to do what can high wage scales and improved working conditions buy as they won't pay our rent or purchase the necessaries of life.

It is characteristic of electrical workers to follow the lines of least resistance and they have stood idly by without even raising their voice in protest and allowed members of other organizations to do electrical work that they should have done some of them being afraid if they protested or reported the matter to their Local Union or business agent, that they might have been called off the job and thereby lose a few days' work on account of it, or if they had put up a fight for the work they would have lost the friendship of the contractors on the jobs and the fellows that did it. You may say: Well, the work did not amount to much only three or four days for one or two men. The amount of work done under such circumstances does not alter the seriousness of the offense. If there was only one hour's work and you allowed other than electrical workers to do it the effect was the same for after it was done

those who did it felt they had a right to do it and the next time similar work came along they claimed it on the strength of having done such work previously with your consent. (Silence gives consent.) Bear in mind no Local Union or number of Local Unions, member, or members, officer, or officers, has the right to concede the right to do any electrical work to any other organization or members thereof. The work of our calling belongs to our members, as a whole and it is for them and them alone to say whether our Brotherhod shall relinquish jurisdiction over any particular electrical work.

There are several organizations that have adopted the policy of claiming work that does not belong to them in the hopes that they can force the question to a court of arbitration and the members of said court will for the sake of harmony and peace grant them by decision the right to a part of it. Our members' rights to do all electrical work, has no place in abitration courts within or without the organized labor movement. You should not allow those rights to go there. You have no right or privilege to do so. Our Brotherhood has legally instructed us on that question

and we are duty bound to obey those instructions.

Bear in mind that the American Federation of Labor has no desire to become involved in such questions. It was not organized for that purpose. It is a voluntary organization and does not claim, nor has, it any powers to decide questions involving jurisdiction of work. In ts efforts to be helpful to all affiliated organizations, its good offices are gladly tendered when disputes arise between allied organizations and if acceptable to all directly interested the Federation will act and not otherwise. This has been made clear tme and time again by the Federation. This being a fact and it is a fact then it must be clear that the Central Labor organizations chartered thereby can not undertake to decide questions involving the trade rights of affiliated organizations.

Do not be afraid of hurting somebody's feelings or interests by defending by every effort within your power the right of our members to do electrical work. Should you be defeated in your efforts today, start the fight anew tomorrow, and do not stop fighting no matter what the results may be until your trade rights are respected.

Do not delay by writing the I. O. asking advice as to what should be done. When some one undertakes to do your work the I. O. can not give you any other advice but to fight the invaders to a finish.

We, therefore, advise once more protect your work locally at all hazards no matter what the cost or sacrifice may be, keeping in mind at all times. "Electrical Work for Electrical Workers."

LABOR How are you going to spend Labor Day? Are you going to DAY. celebrate it properly? We hear those questions asked from day to day and we are sorry, indeed, to hear many of the replies made by union men to the effect. I am going fishing, to the ball game to see the folks up in the country, going automobiling, etc., etc. Such answers are to be expected from non-unionists but not from the men and women of the organized Labor Movement. Labor Day was created at the behest and through the consistent and untiring efforts of organized labor and it should be fittingly observed by all trades unionists.

Can you behold a grander or more inspiring sight on labor's own day than a parade of the sons and daughters of toil marching through the streets of your city with old glory in all its splendor waving proudly at the head of each union? What duty can be more incumbent upon us than to join forces with our fellow workers on this day in a demonstration of our strength? Such demonstrations make our enemies sit up and take notice, it makes them realize the power we have if we ourselves but knew it, and how foolish they would be to refuse our just demands if we stood loyally by each other when we are engaged in industrial conflict. Labor Day demonstrations have also a telling effect on our own members for it is only when they see the members of all trades unions in their respective communities marching by a given point do they seriously think of the power behind them the great amount of good the Labor Movement has accomplished for the good of all the toilers and the still greater good we could accomplish if we would do our duty towards each other. The day will come when labor will receive its just dues and that time will be when each toiler will consider himself his brother's keeper. Labor Day demonstrations will hasten that time as they leave a lasting impression upon the minds of those who see them. Organized labor must lead the way to better condition for the toiler in the future as it has in the past, and it will. It is not selfish. The reforms it has brought about are enjoyed by more non-members than there are members of the movement. It pays all of the freight and never grumbles knowing it has a sacred duty to fulfill for the good of all mankind. It should not be necessary to ask a trade unionists to do his duty on that one day above all other days in the year.

Our own day the day that is a monument to the wage earners of our country. "LABOR DAY." Electrical Workers, Do your duty!

A paid-up card is the best recommendation a member can have when he is up against hard luck. The old bunk artists who always have trouble with their Local officers about their standing are having a hard time now-a-days in fleecing the members for we are all wise to them and they are sore because they have to go to work for their living or seek new fields in which to panhandle. Take no excuses from them as to why they have not a paid-up card in their possession. Send them on their way. You owe them nothing nor are you under any obligations to them. A worthy Brother in need always has his paid-up card. Help him.

OFFICIAL When you pay your insurance you insist upon getting an RECEIPTS. official receipt for your money. When you pay your dues do likewise, remember that is your only protection as to your standing in the I. O. The numbers of all official receipts received at the I. O. are printed in the Official Journal each month. If the number of your last receipt does not appear therein, find out the reason why it does not. Take no excuses. Insist on being shown.

What did you do with your copy of the July Journal? If you did not hand it to a non-union electrical worker you should have done so. The Journal is our greatest of organizers and it is up to you to help us get copies in the non-union men's hands that they may read, learn and know what we stand for.

Come on everybody help us better organize the railway electrical workers. The field is a big one, growing larger every day. They should be organized into division Local Unions on each railroad system. If you know where we can establish a Local Union, kindly let us know and we will send an organizer there.

Now that your Local elections are over and your officers installed for the ensuing term take up the question of celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Brotherhood. It is only four months off. Get busy at the next meeting. Remember the date November the 27th.

Fight for the work that belongs to your trade to the last ditch. Never surrender your right to do electrical work of any kind to any one. No matter who they may be. Electrical work for electrical workers first, last and always.

It is a mighty good policy to look out for your own job and put forth your efforts to make it a better one.

Rather than worry over the conditions of the other fellows whose wages and working conditions are much better than your own.

How are the telephone operators in your city? Are you helping them to organize? Have a quiet little talk with those of them you know along organization lines. Every little effort counts, your time will not be wasted and you will be doing your duty.

If you know where there is an opportunity of institute a Local of the I. B., please let the I. O. know and we will be pleased to send an organizer there immediately.

Keep your trade agreements inviolate during their legal existence. Put the responsibility of violating or abrogating them on the shoulders of the other party thereto.

Our Local Union directory conveys an idea of how we are growing. Look it over from month to month.

Don't forget, instead of throwing this copy of the Journal away or destroying it, hand it to some non-union man and ask him to read it.

Judge your fellowman by the efforts he puts forth to accomplish good things, not by the mistakes he makes.

Send for some organizing pamphlets and distribute them among the non-union men in your vicinity.

Give your fellowman credit for being just as intelligent and sincere as you claim to be.

Demonstrate the calibre of your trade unionism by your actions. Reputations gained by the hot air route can not last.

L OCAL Union Official Receipts up to and including 10th of the current month ::

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MISSING RECEIPTS.

^{-239755, 765, 769-770} inc., 804, 836, 843, 862, 869, 883, 889, 911, 922-923 inc., 928.

-247853.
-1052088-1052090 inc.
-715566.
-165086 to 165090 inc.
-997291, 997295, 297-298, 302, 304-305, 309, 997313-997316 inc., 319-321 inc., 997325-997327, 999330-731, 334, 336-338, 341, 343, 252301-252303 inc., 252305, 307-308, 311, 315-323, 326-332 inc., 336-337 inc., 340, 342-344, 346-359 inc.

^{48—1049148, 1049151, 1049168.} 55—1012897-898, 917, 922, 926, 933-935 inc. 61—180120. 85—147496-497. 87—124121 to 124129 inc., 124341-124344 87—124121 to 124129 inc., 124341-124344 inc.
103—102551-102560 inc.
110—163528-163530 inc.
111—125378.
135—208996.
137—236807-236810 inc.
142—119560.
143—234961-234962 inc.
145—233741-742.
167—237359-360.
180—123090-123170 inc., 123246-123743 inc.,

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192—736831-736834 inc.
203—240917, 240921, 823-924, 926-927.
220—642462-642473 inc.
238—139982-139988 inc.
                                                                                                                                                                    207—868130, 868131.
213—94021-94024.
233—242420.
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 244-19876, 19886.
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244—19876, 19886, 246—40731, 259—955850, 885, 955890-955893 inc., 955895-955900 inc., 721718-719, 722-724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 285—247523, 530, 289—248142-248145 inc. 325—998383, 417, 340—605814-815, 241—769544.
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250—72921, 72945, 72969.
265—773620, 646, 662.
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272—705203.
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347—10694, 10704, 10724.
352—29698, 29700, 29733.
360—891088.
370—904159, 382—417494.
340—605814-815.
341—769544.
352—29701-29702.
354—33341-33344 inc., 33346-47, 49-51, 54.
355—699013, 699017.
360—891096.
392—1003944, 1004001-1004059 inc.
394—469019-469020, 469025.
417—1021746, 1021751.
446—1024586-588 inc.
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474—914575.
483—111006
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519—79679.
527—11515.
446—1024586-588 inc.

453—301188.

466—502237.

471—232215.

476—1040749.

477—649803.

483—111135-111150 inc.

520—801079.
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544—1008781.

551—391278-279.

556—589146.

558—565828.

561—144009.
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561—144009.
570—541712.
611—815346.
619—439167.
646—319043.
661—868531.
669—521654.
696—173354, 173365.
704—199449.
710—101111.
1a—169642, 169652, 169
170173.
7a—583770, 583793.
12a—786117.
18a—5097-5098, 5095.
23a—252030-252032 inc.
  536-882478.
 536—32476.

561—144041-144183.

577—1037672-1037678.

584—242215-242220 inc.

588—898943.
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619—439165.

646—819045. 819048-819056, 819061.

711—552390-552400 inc.

713—149299-300.

2a—988631-988635 inc.

6a—528287-528290 inc., 528296.

9a—613991-613994 inc.
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 10a-3775, 3781-3785 inc., 3787-3794 inc., 3796-3815 inc.
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VOID RECEIPTS.

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2—107710.
4—87219.
            -184606.
  20—139539.
22—32205.
            -186015.
   39—150015.
44—252306, 321-325, 360.
46—745990, 155320, 155449.
48—1049188, 1049192, 199.
   56-966940.
  66—965940.
65—154608, 627, 629, 653, 707, 710, 736, 762, 783.
66—140379.
66—140379.
69—6599.
84—175662, 175679.
89—9646, 9647.
95—745712, 745874, 745885, 919, 922, 954, 968, 990.
98—110579, 110581, 110639, 110728.
99—174095, 174096.
101—150789-790, 805.
102—44600.
103—101289, 544, 547.
104—238677, 707, 724, 1051571 938858.
107—73704.
108—69061.
109—712015.
109—712015.

113—8178.

122—19336, 19349, 19375.

125—145774, 145932, 145840.

137—236798.

142—120540.

144—234485, 247250.

151—85065, 85478, 85490, 85559-85560.

162—236155.
102—230100.
164—905805.
167—237366, 369-370, 421-422, 377, 388.
173—766164.
           -250569.
 177 - 822103.
180—123225.
181—192753.
185-78011.
188—706704-705.
193—60260.
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BLANK RECEIPTS.

587---57340.

RECEIPTS PREVIOUSLY LISTED AS MISSING RECEIVED,

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20—139531-139535 inc.
44—997257, 997282, 997247, 255, 262-263, 267-268, 271-275, 277, 279-281, 288.
46—61378-61380 inc.
54—734732-734735 inc.
59—39479-39480.
62—106716-106719.
81—70166-70181 inc.
85—345617-613, 696.
88—9059, 9055.
107—73663.
10—988327, 330334-342 inc.
144—234485.
151—85006-85067.
171—237935.
199—781506.
233—651301.
237—650641, 652, 663, 666, 671, 673, 703, 711-716 inc.
244—19727, 19800, 19827.
285—247618.
325—998359-998371 inc.
327—1020774.
331—746329-330.
347—10610.
352—29612, 614, 616, 622, 625, 627, 647.
33290-33307 inc., 33297, 33298 inc., 33290-33309-33327 inc.
354—3292-33295 inc., 33297, 33298 inc., 33293-31.
82—417470.
392—1003935-1003937.
406—503260.
428—566421-433 inc.
453—301183.
456—1025129.
483—11080-111093 inc.
510—732930-931.
527—11497-11498, 11502-11504.
536—882450, 454-455.
51—806655, 860670.
551—391258, 391225.
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576—807750-761 inc., 807772-775 inc., 807777. 578—1037966, 968-970 inc., 973-979 inc., 983, 985. 588—898928.
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-819032, 035-036, 819001. -521642-645 inc. -612125. 669-

675

-115759.

723-729491. 1a-91843. 2a-988599. 6a—528266-528269 inc. 10a—3757-3759. 17a—1035174. 19a-12811, 12814, 12824, 12829, 12833, 12838-39, 12843, 12850.



Correspondence



L. U. NO. 1, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Editor:

Yours truly appears in the list of officers as Press Secretary of L. U. No. 1, so I presume it is up to me to get busy. Six weeks of roasting weather and a red hot Sunday are not ideal conditions for literary efforts to a person who usually writes only one or two short letters a year. I presume nearly all who read the Press Secretary correspondence do so either to find out about work or to learn what is going on "back home." In regards to work St. Louis can prove an alibi. St. Louis firms have received millions from war orders, but outside of the small wages paid, they have expended very little of this money in this city, and with the exception of the Wagner Electric Co. which has added one large building to its plant, the building trades mechanics have not been benefited.

The St. Louis wiremen have returned

building trades mechanics have not been benefited.

The St. Louis wiremen have returned from the munition plant near Springfield, Ill. Bro. John Hays, who had charge of this work is now with the School Board.

The munition works at East Alton which has had a gang of No. 1 men at work for the past 18 months is about completed. Bro. Steve Garrigan has been in charge of this work for E. J. Sutter, a St. Louis contractor. These two jobs send back about 30 wiremen to St. Louis.

Now for the second class of readers who want to know what is going on back home: Last December No. 1 was hopelessly in debt, was unseated in the C. T. & L. U. and in bad repute in the B. T. C. A small clique that belonged to a certain secret organization with an organization within an organization had been running No. 1 for several years. Unless you belonged to this clique or they could use you, you could not get on any of the good jobs controlled by the business agent. These facts were put up to the members of No. 1 at the December election. And such a housecleaning! housecleaning!

at the December election. And such a housecleaning!

At the June election the administration published a brief statement showing what had been accomplished in six months: All debts were paid; there was a large balance in the treasury, the Union was reinstalled in the C. T. & L. U. and recognized as one of the banner unions of the B. T. C.; there had been no assessments; all members were on an equal standing and given an equal show on all jobs and there would be no more post office jobs with its clique business agent; and asked for re-election on this record. It is needless to say the slate went through about 3 to 1.

Very little work has gotten away from No. 1 in the past six months. All we want is a little more building operation.

Yours truly,

J. T. Kelly,

Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 7, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Editor:

Out in Ohio, according to reports, there were several of the National Guardsmen who refused to take the Federal oath, and the outcome was a coat of iodine, a little water and those "four-flushers" gradually turned "yellow." There are many members of the I. B. E. W. that really deserve a little iodine: however, we should be thankful that it doesn't take iodine and water to point out the "yellow ones," they show themselves to us.

As bad as we feel towards the soldiers.

themselves to us.

As bad as we feel towards the soldiers, they are not to be compared with a "yellow Union man," because in the first place the soldier refused to take an oath, therefore he did not break his word or stain his honor, but a union man who joins his organization has to take an oath, and when he breaks it, he proves himself a man who cannot be trusted, and such a man is a thousand times worse than the "yellow guardenen" guardsman.

cannot be trusted, and such a man is a thousand times worse than the "yellow guardsman."

It seems too bad that we are obliged to criticize the actions of some of our fellow-workers, but such criticism is necessary in order that we may get a true line on the affairs of the organization. There has been lively times at our meetings of late, there seems to be a wave of dissatisfaction running over the entire membership, but I will state that if the members ever expect to emerge from the mire that is up around the "neck" of this Local at the present time they will have to do a little more think-ing and less tongue-work. We have orators in our Local that would make Wm. J. Bryan look like a "pik n" and when these members get started in their "burst of eloquence" it is absolutely impossible for a thinking member to do anything.

These orators could do a lot of good work if they would take the pains to use their heads along with their "silvertongues." Of course the very smooth arguments they put up makes some impression upon the new members, and the way they flay certain individuals, must make rew members see unionism in a very different light than what they expected. It is very fortunate, however, that we have a chairman who is able to cope with these "would-be statesmen" and it is through his ability to use his head that many meetings are saved from chaotic ending.

It was a pleasing sight to see the fixturemen at our last meeting; they seem more like visitors than members, and as one member mentioned they were looking for something which proved true before the end of the evening. It is too bad that the fixturemen take so little interest. One of them made mention of co-operation between the wiremen and fixturemen, and I for one sincerely agree with him, and if we had more brothers like this particular member, there would never be any friction between the two branches of the trade.

WORKERS AN.

The Fixture-Hangers are certainly entitled to the same conditions that exist for the wiremen, but the fixturemen as a whole have about as much use for Local No. 7 as they have for a "mad dog."

If they would show a little interest in the work and get around to a meeting once in a while, the wiremen would feel that they were willing to do their share, and assume some of the responsibilities connected with the Local. But, such is not the case, three or four of them get around once in a while, pay their dues and then get out, the rest let their interest slide and expect things to come to them. There are many wiremen just as bad, and until these existing conditions in Local No. 7 are remedied the work of the past will gradually sink into "Nothingness."

Before closing this letter I wish to make mention of a little personal affair, which reflects directly upon my sincerity as a member of the I. B. E. W. I was accused by a brother member by having used influence to obtain a Journeyman's card in our Local, in other words I was called a "sucker," and this member claims that he was informed of the fact by several wiremen. I will not at present mention this brother's name, but through these columns I challenge this brother to prefer charges against the Examining Board of our Local and bring forth his witnesses. When he accuses a brother member of having used undue influence with the board, he not only reflects upon the sincerity of the brother, but also casts reflection upon the Examining Board which is composed of two members elected by our Local and two contractors. I am quite sure that the members elected by our Local as examiners are above reproach, and I am absolutely positive that the two contractors who served when I took the examination are held in high esteem by every member of Local No. 7 with the possible exception of the member who has accused me of underhanded work.

Now it is up to this brother to make good his assertions. I am more than

the member who has accused me of underhanded work.

Now it is up to this brother to make good his assertions. I am more than anxious to have him do so, there is only one way, that is prefer charges against the Examining Board and myself and if there is any crooked work the Local will act accordingly.

The talk on the outside of our Local is

The talk on the outside of our Local is "rotten" and it should be stopped. If the public gets a few words they magnify it a thousand times and union workers lose

prestige.

There was no fight for a place as delegate to the State Branch of the American Federation of Labor at Springfield; Brother

Beauchemin was unanimously elected to represent No. 7 at the convention.

In closing I will say that I sincerely hope that the member I referred to as regards his claims of "crooked work" on the part of our examiners, if I may tender him counsel, I would suggest that he push his charges immediately in order that the faircnarges immediately in order that the fair-ness of the two members on the board, and also the contractors will be appreciated by any member of this organization who may decide to make application for an examina-tion in the future.

Fraternally yours,

D. M., Press Secretary No. 7.

E. U. NO. 17, DETROIT, MICH.

Editor:

Although it is still hot the same as I stated in last report and the heatometer hovers today at 92 degrees I will endeavor to get in a share for the next number of The Worker. Might say in passing that if the heat has been the cause of such a poor showing in correspondence in the last issue of The Worker, and it has been as hot everywhere as it has been here, I

can't hardly blame the press secretaries for their "layoff." All hot weather records have been broken in this locality with 95 as the high water mark, and most of the time it has lingered around the 90's. But if it isn't too hot to work it doesn't seem to me that it is too hot to attend to matters pertaining to our organization, so will at least do the best I can. We have to keep grinding.

to me that it is too hot to attend to matters pertaining to our organization, so will at least do the best I can. We have to keep grinding.

Well, there has certainly been enough going on around the country since last issue of The Worker to interest the members if one only had the time, space and patience to enumerate them. It has been said, and I believe with a good deal of truth, that never since the great eighthour movement of the early 80's which culminated in the judicial murder of our fellow workers at Haymarket Square in Chicago and which successfully arrested that movement, due to a lack of organization on the part of the workers, has there been so much unrest in labor circles as there is now or has been for the past year. And the lesson in this for us as workers is, that it is because of the fact that the army of the unemployed has been smaller in the past year or two than it has been for years past. Less men available with that empty feeling under the belt, to take men's places who go out on strike for the betterment of their condition. This goes to prove that labor is a commodity the same as pig iron or beans or any of the other commodities—when there is a surplus on the market the price goes down when it is scarce the price goes down when it is scarce the price goes down when it is scarce the price goes up. This is an important point to remember as it will assist us to better solve many of our problems ourselves which we are too prone today to leave for the politicians to try to do for us, and then take their word for it.

The proof is all the more binding when we notice that the unrest is extending to the unorganized workers where no organization is there to collectively bargain for a concerted effort at a betterment of the needs of labor.

The most notable of the aforesaid is the strike of the street railway employees of New York. Watch the lying daily sheets

The most notable of the aforesaid is the The most notable of the aforesaid is the strike of the street railway employees of New York. Watch the lying daily sheets and see what they have to say about this strike. It is hard enough to see anything at all in them about it, but if they mention anything at all it is about some fake settlement or compromise and not a word about the organizing campaign that has tlement or compromise and not a word about the organizing campaign that has been going on for some time. The organizers report that the men won't wait till they get organized before they want to present their demands and go on strike for them. I presume by the time this is in print that they will have put that town on the map to the extent that the press can't ignore it any longer and may have to let the cat out of the bag. Watch them closely. closely.

closely.

The strike on the Iron Range in Minnesota still rages in all fury and reports say that there is a most extraordinary spirit of solidarity amongst the strikers notwithstanding the fact that about 15 of their most able organizers are in the bull pen on trumped-up charges for which there is no grounds for the slightest proof. A telegram from the strikers just sent out reads: "Strike situation getting more tense every day. Company gunmen are telegram from the strikers just sent out reads: "Strike situation getting more tense every day. Company gunmen are giving strikers choice of scabbing on themselves or being evicted, in some cases, out of their own homes built on company property held under lease for one year. Women and children thrown on to county road. We may have to reply by establishing tented villages for miners." Sounds a good deal like Ludlow doesn't it? These strikers should receive the support of every union man in the country. They have a hard battle to fight as they are up against the steel trust and it is doing everything possible to defeat them stopping

everything possible to defeat them stopping at nothing.

Then there is the successful organization the "kitchen mechanics" in Denver, a thing that to my knowledge at least has never been carried to a successful conclusion in this country before. I should think that the Press Secretary of No. 68 or No. 111 of that city would give us some light on this most extraordinary event as the wire jerkers could be of most valuable assistance to them in their campaign of organization which is being conducted by a mere slip of a girl in the person of Jane Street. They have a headquarters over town and members would do well to get in touch with her and see if they couldn't be of some service to them. Let's give them a boost, boys, some day some wire-jerkers may want to take upon themselves a wife, and then we will know where we can go to get a good one. And believe me that when Jane gets through with them they will be "good ones."

Jane gets through with them they will be "good ones."

Next in line comes the New York Cloak and Suit Makers turning down an agreement made by their representatives and the bosses after being out twelve weeks or over. My goodness, George, things seem to be changing so of late, don't they? And the railroad workers, according to late reports, voted 94% in favor of striking to support their demands. Isn't that fierce? Why, they don't seem to consider the poor railroads at all. And the worst part of their program is that they have decided that they are entitled to the 8-hour day and time and a half for overtime. Goodness, but they are an unreasonable bunch of agitators. I don't see how the railroads are going to meet this increased cost unless some of the coupon-clippers cut out a few poodles, dog suppers and monkey dinners. And times are so hard for the railroads just now toe. It is also reported that 10,000 lake seamen are contemplating presenting demands in case that the railroaders go on strike that they will hook the scows up to the shore and also take a much needed vacation. Watch the politicians at Washington get busy if all this vaudeville stuff comes anywhere near coming off. There is talk already of the government taking over the railroads if there is any trouble. Let the pot boil. Why should we worry? Most of our traveling brothers travel a la side-door anyway so the railroads can't lose on them. And then look at the change in the harvest situation from what it once was. They

way so the railroads can't lose on them. And then look at the change in the harvest situation from what it once was. They have enrolled over 4,000 members in July. Reports state hundreds joining every day. And Mr. John Farmer pays in Kansas and the Dakotas the sum of \$4.00 for a tenhour day. And it's no wonder when such men as Bro. Caccia are on the job. He may have big feet and things like that, but believe me when they get good and sore from the space between jobs for less than the sum required, he's pretty near sore all over.

Things are about moving along nic s could be expected here speaking Things are about moving along nicely as could be expected here speaking of local conditions as we meet them, not quite so many doing office duty as we have had. Might state that the local carpenters have a fight on here with the Walbridge-Aldinger Co., on the new Finance Building and they had them sewed up so tight that there was nothing left for the concern to do but fall back on their friend who has never been known to fail them yet—and that is Mr. In-Junk-shun. Could write a lot about this friend of theirs, but as time and space is getting scarce all the while, will leave it till later. Sooner or later we will have to go the limit with this friend of theirs and put him on the "we don't patronize list" and when we do we will all sing "It looks to me like a big time tonight." Now then, I haven't been able to say half what I started out to say, but as I said before, wise yourselves up to what's going on, and keep an eye open for things happening all the time. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

nappening all the time. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

Before closing though allow me to congratulate Bro. Broach of No. 347 on his able article in the July Worker. Any brothers not having read it would do well to refer back as it rings good and shows that he is thoroughly master of his subject. Also the one of Bro. Claude Phipps of No. 579 shows some thinking is being done even in Arizona, not so far from Utah either. Believe me we never will forget the latter. Everybody knows why.

Trusting the above has not become tiresome (somebody has to do it) I will close with a little desertation from "The Blanket Stiff."

He built the road—
With others of his class he built the road, Now o'er it many a weary mile he packs his load,
Chasing a job, spurred on by hunger's

Chasing a job, spurred on by hunger's goad, He wa walks, and walks, and walks, and

walks, And wonders why in hell he built the road.

E. W. G. Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 18, OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

We are having an awful hard time get-ting attendance. Would like to hear how other locals keep their membership coming

We are having an awful hard time getting attendance. Would like to hear how other locals keep their membership coming this hot weather.

We are planning a big time Labor Day. All crafts have decided to march. We expect to have somewhat better conditions in a few weeks. Our committee is working very hard and seem to be confident that things will come through all O. K. We are having a big strike here, the I. A. T. S. E., M. P. M., Musicians and the White Rats. No cause to worry at present, prospects fine for an early settlement.

Sure glad to see the I. A. T. S. E. question turned down. Of course the operators will have to be prevailed on by their I. O. before we can do anything here ourselves, but I want to say that there isn't a cleaner, more loyal set of union men anywhere than these operators right here, and we would certainly be proud to have them with us.

Work here is about as usual. The shops are asking for men but they can not be furnished when they would only get 30 and 35 cents per hour. But it won't be long before things will be different.

I would like to hear from any of the brothers who have to work under the city examination card system. The inside men and the plumbers have to pass an examination before going to work here and there has been several transient memebrs through here and they all say they never heard of it. It has some very good advantages, but also some very good advantages, but also some very good advantages, but also some very poor ones. Would like to hear from some of the boys who are working under these conditions.

I was instructed by the Local to select an assistant press secretary and will promise to have him on the job next issue.

Fraternally yours,

W. H. Chase.

L. U. NO. 21, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Editor:

Editor:
Just a few lines to let the Brotherhood know that Local No. 21 is still alive and doing some business. There are no new jobs going on around here, but we manage to keep the brothers working, only one out of work in Philadelphia yesterday and he will start in tomorrow; and we are putting from three to six new candidates

every Friday evening. This coming Friday we expect to ride about ten new ones, but still we will have to go some to get them all in around here.

Just a few lines on organizing. In my opinion during the last few years organizing has changed from a game to a business

ness.

In years back a business agent of an organization was one who could be a good fellow by buying a few drinks and telling few jokes. He didn't have to know much about unionism or its is purposes; that is one reason its progress has been so slow up to recent years. That sort of organizing is a thing of the past. The only successful organizer is one who can explain clearly and simply the benefits and the objects of unionism. jects of unionism.

For in my mind any man or woman working for a living now days and does not belong to a union of some kind it is on account of lack of intelligence.

account of lack of intelligence.

For any person with intelligence enough to read papers or books of any description sure could see the benefit of organizing.

One-half of the workers of the country when first approached with the subject of joining a union the first thing that flashes through their bean commonly known as a hat rack is strike; of course that starts them worrying of their job.

And that is one reason these kind of numb skulls should be approached in a different manner. Should first be explained to them the purpose of unionism is to pro-

different manner. Should first be explained to them the purpose of unionism is to protect them from having trouble with their employer and to protect their families in case of sickness or any other unseen trouble that may arise. And those kind that have to be pleaded with to join will gladly receive the benefits and conditions that some one else worked and paid for and they say that the company granted it to they say that the company granted it to them of its own free will. Attend your meetings and subscribe for The Worker.

Bert Chambers.

L. U. NO. 22, OMAHA, NEBR.

Editor:

L. U. No. 22 regrets to report the death of Bro. C. L. Rhamey's father, who was called to the other shore very suddenly. But this should be a reminder to us all that the same thing must come sooner or later and that we should always be ready to answer the call.

Everything is very quiet around Oma-ha just now with most of the boys work-ing although the heat has about got the best of everything around here. We keep ing although the heat has about got the best of everything around here. We keep holding meetings and doing business just the same, and also getting in a new mem-ber most every week, but we have a lot of members that should read the editorial on page 832 of the July Worker. Attend the

meetings.

meetings.

Too much credit can not be given No.
134 for the interest they are taking with
their apprentices and they can justly feel
proud of the class shown in The Worker.
It would be a grand thing for the Brotherhood if all Locals could do the same thing.

Yours fraternally, J. P. Brown, J. P. Brown, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 23, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Just a few lines from L. U. No. 23 to let the rest of the Brotherhood know we are still in existence.

There is plenty of work here and it looks as though there will be for some time. We have a large number of traveling brothers here at present and would like to see more as every brother knows it takes that class to make a live local.

We are having some lively meetings of late and hope to have more in the near future as the boys that are here say that

they are going to stay for a while.

This local is trying to organize more thoroughly and hope to be able to with the assistance of the I. O., as we have the promise of an organizer in the near

future.

The wages are not the best here at present, but hope they will be better before

long.
Some of the companies have given the boys a slight raise, but they are a long ways from paying the scale.
There is rom here for a few splicers in the two cities so if any come this way don't forget to stop off.
Well, brothers, I hope to see some of you up this way for Labor Day to help make the parade bigger, as we need as large a parade as possible.
We have been very unfortunate this year so far having had two of the brothers electrocuted.
Well, I won't keep you any longer read-

Well, I won't keep you any longer reading this hard luck story, but will try to have a brighter one for the next issue of

the Journal.

E. L. Jackson wants to know the whereabouts of Bro. Jas. Bacon, the spicer.

Yours fraternally,
C. O. Cooper,

Secretary.

LOCAL UNION NO. 34.

I failed to get under the wire in time for the July issue hence there was no letter from No. 34.

Work in this locality has reached a stage where it keeps our men all employed and while the future does not look dark I would not advise any one quitting a job to come

here

This is not an invitation to avoid us, for This is not an invitation to avoid us, for fyou are loking for work come along and look us over. I would request, however, that you don't crawl over our back fence, but enter by the front gate and present your card. If you can't land a job you are welcome to a feed and a flop and a safe exit will be provided when you want to leave town leave town.

leave town.

In reference to the fall that Bro. Courtot of No. 481 took out of me in the May Worker we wish to announce that after year's struggle we signed up on July 1, 1916, the Sanborn Electric Co. of Indianapolis on all their work here.

apolis on all their work here.

No. 34 comes out of the fight with every demand satisfied. This is our answer to Bro. Courtot's request for details and concrete facts. Now just a word of advise Bro. Courtot, then we will shake and wipe the slate. That is this. When a man (and his name is not Moon either) lands in your jurisdiction for the good of Peoria don't take his statements too d—m seriously until you hear from No. 34. Especially those who have to disinfect to rid themselves of the stench that sticks to them from associating with the employers. Enough said. Do you get me?

Locally we stand about 65 per cent organized for inside men with rigid closed shop condition. Outside men about 20 per cent organized.

ganized for inside men with rigid closed shop condition. Outside men about 20 per cent organized.

This is due in a measure to a bunch of Pirates who have placed a mortgage on themselves for certain privileges and the companies stand ready to foreclose when they refuse to deliver the goods.

They used company rules for their constitution and booze, fists and spitoons for by-laws, fortunately they have had their day. When the passive element in our sister Local No. 51 finally woke up to the fact that they were being used more for company and political convenience than they were for union purposes they balked and at their last election they put over a

bunch of officers who are willing to make an effort to put this the second city in size in the state where it belongs. They at-tached their organization to the central body, and the indication is that a man with a paid-up card will get his rights.

body, and the indication is that a man with a paid-up card will get his rights.

There is a trolley job to be started between Peoria and Chillicothe in the near future. I hear that the stage is set to keep all union men off of it. This looks like a bluff but in the event they try it they will find us mixing things with them. This will be no Home Guard job everybody is invited especially the Wobbleys to come and stake out a claim. I will notify the Worker when the work starts.

The Worker is a good demand for linemen here at present. But there is no floaters in sight. Joe Harris of Mobile, Ala., Panhandee Pete and Frank (Daddy) Hickman and Bro. Watts and Scott of Buffalo passed through since my last letter. Bro. J. W. Murphy, International Secretary of the Reid Murphy bunch, is a member of Local No. 34 and request me give his best regards to all the boys in the Brotherhood. Ray Floyd, who is well known in the middle northwest does likewise. If I am in order I would like to ask why we never hear from Jim Fitzgerald, Fred Huse or Tom Lake through the Journal. A letter from any of the old timers will give the book a better balance and help the cause to a great extent.

I want to congratulate No. 309 and all the boys in Caseyville on your new agreement.

With best wishes, I remain

With best wishes, I remain
Yours for the cause,
Shorty Wade,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 45, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Editor:
Well, brothers, everything is going along nicely since my last letter to The Worker. All the boys are working, and could put a few more to work if they were around here.

Bro. Geo. Cox died in the hospital about July 1 with stomach trouble. I am sorry to state that he was in arrears to the Local. However, we sent a wreath of flowers and the writer attended his funeral.

Wm. Morse, with a card in arrears to Local No. 79, Syracuse was electrocuted on a pole at Illinois and Ohio streets Saturday morning, July 8th. He was working for the Buffalo General Electric Co. Sam Swift took his place in the gang and on July 31st he was knocked off a pole by a pile driver and instantly killed.

On August 1st Bro. James Thompson was electrocuted on a pole at Masten and Southampton streets. He was employed by the Federal Telegraph and Telephone Co. He was not in the Brotherhood long enough to receive the death benefit. However he was in Local No. 45 long enough to receive the \$100.00 which this Local pays. brother was well liked by all that knew him. He was buried Friday, August 4th and about eighty-five members of the Local turned out in a body to show our last respects to our late brother. It certainly was a pleasing sight to see so many of the Local boys at the funeral. If the other electrical workers of this town would only wake up and see how this Local takes care of its members during sickness and

death, they will get in where they belong.

It certainly was brought home to them very forcibly the past month, where the man without a card was buried without any one to attend his funeral, and the brother within the Local having a large body of electrical workers attend in a hodv.

My advice is for all electricians to get in with the boys of your craft now and be assured of a decent burial.

Will the linemen working for the Buffalo General Electric Co. for a paltry \$3.25 for a ten hours day ever wake up, or are they willing to be electrocuted for that amount?

When you talk to them they tell you they are satisfied. That is the reason that conditions in this vicinity is so rotten; the men working here lack the backbone to get together to demand a raise and decent working conditions.

If every member of Local No. 45 that know any of these men personally would only get busy and just try to land his friend it would not be long before we would have them 75% organized.

The brothers of this Local say we have a business agent; let him do it, but the business agent needs help, so it is up to each and every member of the Local to get out and hustle. Be a live wire. Let everybody working at the business know where you are, show your colors, be a union man, don't just be a card man.

Let us demand the Label on everything we purchase, and demand to see the card of every electrical worker we come in contact with. If we had more of that kind of unionism our Brotherhood would double it membership inside of a year.

Wishing all the Locals every success, I beg to remain,

Fraternally yours,

Press Secretary. L. U. No. 45.

L. U. NO. 51, PEORIA, ILL.

Editor:

August finds us in good shape, and the boys are all working, and if you find any traveling Brothers please send them on to Peoria as we need some linemen for the Interstate and Light Company (about five). We have quite a few Brothers on the sick list: Archie Mays, Bro. Geyett, Bro. Hansen, and Bro. Gaven got caught on a six-thousand today and are very badly bunned. Bro. Bach is here and working for the Light Company. Bro. Bendkeman has gets cooler I will try to do better.

As the weather has been very hot I could not get very much chance to write a piece for the Worker. But when the weather gets cooler I will try to do better.

Wishing all the boys best of success from Local No. 51.

> Fraternally yours Brother, W. J. Mahoney, Press Secretary.



L. U. NO. 59, DALLAS, TEXAS.

Members of No. 59 on the Stone & Webster. Interurban depot just before going out for the afternoon off. Reading from left to right; Bros. R. J. Raines, L. G. White, L. S. Hill, J. J. Farner, R. R. Purnell, G. L. Payne, A. L. Austin, G. T. Brundrett, H. E. Cooper, D. M. McKinnell and G. F. Erfurth, Bro. L. E. Chick at the steering wheel.

L. U. NO. 61, LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

Editor:

I wish at this time to refute a statement made by Brother A. E. Danielson, Press Secretary of Local Union No. 595 of Oakland, Calif., in the June issue of The Worker to the effect that a circular letter is going out to the membership from this Local in regards to holding a special convention in Kansas City or some other place. In reply I wish to state that the brother is either sadly misinformed or that he is some two or possibly three years behind time as there has been no circular letters sent out by this Local in over two years. It is barely possible that some few individsent out by this Local in over two years. It is barely possible that some few individuals desire to rehash some of our old trouble and in regards to this matter I will state in defence of Ex-Bro. Doran that at the worst no man can say that he ever "scabbed." Conditions are very bad here in Los Angeles for all Electrical Workers. The Long Shoremen are on strike all along this coast and all the companies are held up for material. The municipal job here is held up on account of their being unable to get poles. to get poles.

A large number of our lineman are loaf-g also several inside men. The fact that

A large number of our lineman are loafing also several inside men. The fact that all electrical workers are sadly overworked and underpaid makes it so that if they are out of work a few days they are on the verge of starvation.

It seems that the average wage worker does not realize his true condition or all slaves would be radical.

There is one R. G. Adair, who was at one time a member of Local No. 151 and who has made application to this Local for membership, is at the present time "SCABBING" on the Long shoremen at San Pedro.

This man is about 29 years old, very

This man is about 29 years old, very dark completion, about 5 feet 8 in. high, he looks like a half-breed Mexican. He has a fair education and a fine line of "Bull."

All members, please take note and remember this gentleman if he will scab on the

Long shoremen he will do the same thing to us if he had the chance.

Trusting that you will see fit to print this in The Worker I beg to remain.

Yours fraternally,
C. W. McAlpine,

Business Agent.

L. U. NO. 69, DALLAS, TEXAS.

Editor:

Editor:
Well, prosperity continues to shine upon us in and around Dallas, we have been kept busy supplying the calls for men, for which we feel very grateful. Local No. 69 feels that while times are so good that it is the proper time to attempt to secure better conditions and the Texas Power and Light Company will be presented with an agreement covering all of their work in Texas before this has reached the readers. This corporation operates in about eighty-six towns and cities in Texas. We hope to be able to put this agreement into effect without any serious obstacles. out any serious obstacles.

Brother Frank Koontz has been so busy the past month and a half that he has been unable to attend to the duties of President so Brother E. A. Croll was elected to fill out the unexpired term. Brother H. T. (Harve) Robinson was elected Recording Secretary to fill out Brother Crolls unexpired term. pired term.

pired term.

Our sick and disabled list does not get any smaller, Brother Tom Phillips is still in the Woodlawn Hospital, a sanitarium for tubercular patients, and he would be glad to hear from any of his friends, Bro. Chas. Jenett, Bro. H. G. Morgan and Bro. J. L. Walker, is still laid up unable to work. Brother Hollie Jones went to the sanitarium on August 5 suffering from very severeburns received from a flash of 6,600 volts, while he is not fatally injured it will be some time before he is able to return to work. J. M. Roach who was working with Brother Jones fell when his weight broke-

his belt, he died from the injuries received from the fall, Roach was not a union man. With best wishes for the success of the Brotherhod, I am Fraternal yours,

raternal yours, J. P. Conner, Press Secretary, L. U. No. 69, Dallas, Texas.

L. U. NO. 74, DANVILLE, ILL.

As No. 74 hasn't had anything in the Official Journal for some time will endeavor to get in line and try and keep in

line. the line.
No. 74 is progressing nicely at this writing; had a meeting with the officials of the railroad and have been recognized as an organized craft and are very well pleased with what little progress we have made with the officials here, and have most of the electrical workers lined up and hope we will be able to put on agreement in The Worker soon now as the Federation is going to have another meeting soon with the railroad officials and hope to get all agreements signed without much struggle on their part. gle on their part.

all agreements signed without much struggle on their part.

We have a few electrical workers that do not take the interest in organized labor that they should, but hope that they can be shown their errors and put in the light where they will look upon an organization as a boon to the man who works and depends upon himself and his brain to gain a livelihood in this world. The organized men are the men that the big men have to respect and meet on an equal footing which they would not do if we were not organized and in a position to make our demands on them. They would ignore us and make us labor for a mere pittance which we simply could not exist upon and I think that all men who are not organized should get their shoulders against the wheel and help us to organize each and every man who does not carry a card and show them their errors in not doing so.

Trusting the Editor will not think that No. 74 is trying to take the whole journal for their write-up, beg to remain

Fraternally,

J. D. K.,

Fraternally,

J. D. K., Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 77, SEATTLE, WASH.

Editor:

Editor:

The Puget Sound Locals celebrated at a joint picnic this month and despite the fact that it rained all day (which may seem strange to some parts of the country) a good time was had. It certainly was a social success from every standpoint.

Organizing is improving from all reports on the coast. More than ever in my opinion are the workers seeing the necessity of joining together for mutual strength. Seventy-seven has had the loss of two

of joining together for mutual strength.
Seventy-seven has had the loss of two
members this month. Brother Tucker has
left a place in the Brotherhood that will
be hard to fill as he was a regular attender and a trained mind that always
was of great benefit to our Local. Brother
James was killed on duty. He was a young
man in the prime of life and his going
was a loss to our organization.

Our Local is planning to celebrate Labor Day as guests of No. 191 and will do their bit to show organized capital that Labor is of some force.

Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 90, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Editor:

Here goes for my first letter to The Worker, but I assure you it will not be my

At our first regular meeting of this sesison July 10 we had our installation of officers. Our esteemed Brother, Gilbert

Martin performed the installing ceremony

Martin performed the installing ceremony as follows:

President, Earl Carpenter.
Vice President, Frank Roach.
Recording Secretary, W. C. Dedrick.
Treasurer, Bert Weymer.
Press Secretary, J. E. Smith.
Treasurer, W. A. Spencer.
Trustee (1 year) Bert Weymer.
Trustee (2 year) L. C. Hurlbert.
Trustee (3 year) Fred Ginter.
Ex-Board, J. E. Smith, Bert Weymer, H.
Broderson, H. Dyer, L. W. Bischoff.
After the installation we took care of a raft of business such as our trip to Hartford on Labor Day which no doubt Local No. 90 will make some showing. An outting has been planned for the sea shore with a good substantial menu provided for, thanks to the committee. We were also glad to extend our helping hand to our Brothers in York State, who we trust will win a speedy victory.

We also had a talk from General Organizer Geiger of the carriage makers which was sure a good live line. I wish it could be arranged so we could be given a good talking to every once in a while (it helps). Our auditing committee gave us a report which was very gratifying. I might say that it shows the effect on our boom here in New Haven. Well, every one is not only working but on the right foot besides. The little buttons are very plentiful and don't think for a minute that you can stop off at New Haven without your certificate of good standing in the I. B. E. W.

We are always glad to see the boys come along, but take it from the Press Secretary, we will give them the once over every time.

Well, my Worker has just arrived. I am always glad to see it. I was much surprised this time not to see a letter from our Brothers over in Waterbury. I expected to see quite a line in from them. Also I thought that they would have sent in some pictures this month of some of those rats that are over there. Also Bridgeport has not said very much in the Worker this issue.

Now, Brothers, I think this will do for this time trusting you have found my

Bridgeport has not said very much in the Worker this issue.

Now, Brothers, I think this will do for this time trusting you have found my letter interesting. I will close by sending in thirteen applications for the Worker to commence with this rssue.

Respectfully,

J. E. Smith, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 103, BOSTON, MASS.

Well here, in Beantown things are normal with no kick coming from any one. A few large jobs are about to wind up now. The boys are satisfied with their bit as far as it has gone.

The millmen and shopmen connected with the carpenters' District Council are out on strike since June 1.

They ask for 8 hours and \$4.00 a day. Most of the shops have signed up. But there are sure a great many men out yet. The firms that are right can not supply the demand for stock and that keeps the carpenters idle awaiting finish.

This year the Boston Central Labor

carpenters idle awaiting finish.

This year the Boston Central Labor Union plan the largest parade ever held on Labor Day. They are soliciting different trades to take part. The carpenters and painters voted to parade and I think with them in line, the Allied Building Trades with whom we are affiliated will vote to turn out in a body. If so it will be our first time in six years.

Well here it ones. In early August our

Well here, it goes. In early August our genial President Marty Joyce took unto himself a better half. Marty gave us notice that it was going to happen. But to find the date there was nothing doing. Well, there is only a few of us left. Hans Ellenberg tells me that he is going to be best man for one of Business Agents in the

near future. But I don't know what one. Will have to close now as the well has gone dry. Wishing all the best of luck, I remain

n Fraternally yours, Major Capelle.

L. U. NO. 109, ROCK ISLAND, ILL.

Editor:
Will try again to write a few lines.
On July 29 one of our brothers, Hugh
Sutton, had the misfortune of coming in
contact with a 500-volt trolley tap while
painting poles. He fell about twenty feet,
breaking the five lower ribs on right side
and severely straining his right shoulder.
Well, work around here is rather brisk.
Both the street railway and light company
is short a few men at present. I was
talking tonight with two inside contractors
and they both said that they were shorthanded. Work in all other crafts is good.
The Stone & Webster Corporation has a
large building construction job going on
here.

here.

here.

I feel sorry for our brothers who are working in dry territories this hot weather. Maybe that accounts for them not having a letter in The worker.

I think it would be a real good move especially for us floating brothers if each and every Local Union would put a statement in The Worker now and then of working conditions in their jurisdiction, also scale of wages and hours of work. By helping the floater you help yourselves for you won't be bothered with them when work is scarce or wages are small.

All hikers coming this way must have a good paid up ticket in order to get work or a feed.

a feed.
With best wishes to all,
Fraternally yours,
Geo. P. Travers,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 110, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Editor:

Editor:

And brother Press Secretaries (pen shovers) isn't it a fact that the average member receives the journal with indifference and kicks when it comes time to dig up another two bits to keep it coming his way for another whole year?

It surely isn't the price that the hitch comes on so it must be that we are not making it sufficiently interesting to the average member to cause such a member to look forward to its monthly arrival with eagerness instead of indifference.

It is all very well to fill in some space once in awhile about your strictly local affairs and social ups and downs but I for one think we should make the journal a monthly convention where big and important questions should be brought up and threshed out for the good of the whole I. B. E. W.

Aside from our International convention every two years there is nothing in common between the many separate locals going to compose the whole Brotherhood and to my mind there is an urgent need of some means of international debate and discussion on many subjects in between convention periods.

For instance:

Shouldn't we adopt some method of shifting labor from the points of inactivity

Shouldn't we adopt some method of shifting labor from the points of inactivity shifting labor from the points of inactivity to the places where men are urgently needed instead of the present system of keeping "mum" when works comes our way and allowing every Tom, Dick and Harry to start in at the trade for the time being only to be dumped when the tide goes down leaving them high and dry with the changes of them harring onto the trade the chances of them hanging onto the trade to the detriment of the local men? And another thing: What are you doing with the traveling brothers that insist up-

on roaming the whole world over on the strength of last year's receipts?

Do you allow him to blow in and canvass all the fair and unfair shops in town before hunting up your Business Agent for a permit to work which maybe he wouldn't bother about should a little trouble be on and unfair shops be temporarily rushing.

There are many other vital and important matters that could come up before our whole membership through the columns of The Worker, and I think every member who read Bro. Ed. J. Evans' article on vocational training and the way they are going after the apprentice problem there in Chicago will realize the value of such articles to the whole organization.

Such questions are big and broad and the Press Secretaries of all locals should wake up and let's tackle some of the big things before next convention year and see if something can't be done at "our next" that will strengthen the whole scheme of our I.B. E. W. and benefit all members as much as possible.

Would like to extend to Bro. Lyons, our International Organizer, this Local Union's sincere thanks for his untiring efforts in bringing about an adjustment of our differences with our employers in the matter of Grant Construction Co., which we all hope is now on the way to a satisfactory settlement.

Also President McNulty who stopped off here on his way east, gave us some val-

Also President McNulty who stopped off here on his way east, gave us some valuable instructions.

tructions.
Fraternally yours,
W. A. Caldwell,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 122, GREAT PALLS, MONT.

Editor:

While local news is somewhat scarce and the time is getting close for the Journal to go to press but will write a few lines to let the outside world know that our hat is still in the ring and the electric city is still on the map. Most of our members have managed to keep busy but jobs are not running loose by any means. Some of our brother linemen are dissatisfied because they don't get the dope on what is going on in town and also out of town. Brothers, one good way to help the organized man is to let him know when he lands in town where the work is geing on. This gives the union man the advantage and it will keep the non-union man off the job. Great Falls will see on September 4 the biggest Labor Day celebration in the city. These are the plans announced at the last Central Trades Council.

Daddy Pearson, one of the old timers, and

Daddy Pearson, one of the old timers, and well known all over the country left the Electric City after holding it down for several months for Southern California, where the climate will suit his clothes.

Well, as I think I have utilized about all the space due me for this time, I am
Fraternally yours,
M. L. McCarthy,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 130, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

After a long vacation Local 130 will try and get in the Worker again to let the boys know that we are still in the ring.

At our election the last of June, the job of press secretary was wished on to me along with several others so I am trying to make good. Brother Purcell of Local 26, Washington, D. C. has been with us a couple of weeks as an organizer to try and straighten out the contractors but it is slow work. Personally his is all to the good with a fine line of the stuff that make a dairy go and he thinks we have a great old town to which we all agree. to which we all agree.

Brother Brant of Cleveland, for the past two years our business agent, is traveling in the North. Any local he drops his card in will be the better off, for he is sure one of the right kind.

L. U. NO. 142, BOSTON, MASS.

Editor:

Editor:

The new wage scale and working agreement seem to be working O. K., and for at least eighteen months I don't suppose the company will have any kick on the wage question from this Local.

The latter part of July Vice President Bugnaizet sent us a request to appoint five members of Local No. 142 and also a like request to Local No. 202 to act as a committee to settle a misunderstanding existing between the two Locals. The last Wednesday evening in July was the date agreed on by the members of both Locals and it was a stormy and lengthy meeting, in fact it lasted from early Wednesday evening until 5 a. m. Thursday so you may judge for yourself what a "warm" session it must have been.

We all hope that Vice President Bugnaizet will be able to straighten out the tangle for he came on from Buffalo, N. Y., to get the facts at first hand, and both Locals await his decision which he stated he would render at the earliest possible date.

Miscanderstandings between labor locals

date.

Misunderstandings between labor locals do no good; it is hard enough to fight the employers when you act as one big body, but when you have to fight the employers and your fellow employees you surely have a task that is certainly a pretty big one and in many instances is the real cause of so many failures to get better conditions

and in many instances is the real cause of so many failures to get better conditions.

I note that "Baldy," Press Secretary of Local No. 1 of St. Louis will not be Press Secretary for the following year. Well he certainly was on the job all the time and his successor will have to go some to keep up the reputation established by "Baldy." I don't believe he missed having a letter in The Worker for the past three years that I have been a reader of The Worker. Now, "Baldy," old sport, don't do as many of the defeated candidates do—get the sulks and fail to give loyal support to the successful officers—do all you can to help No. 1 of St. Louis and perhaps you may be back again next year. You certainly done your share in the past to keep your local in the limelight by your letters in The Worker.

Work is plentiful and we always dig up a few new members at every meeting.

This is a fairly good sized Local (800) and recently President Mahoney stated from the floor of the Local that only about a dozen members were in bad standing. That's going some for a record isn't it?

The "big three," Geo. L. Kelley, President Mahoney and John J. Dolan paid a visit to Portland, Me., and you can bet that the I. B. E. W will get a few additional members after their visit.

Joseph B. Kirby was the choice of the newly elected Executive Board for chairman. Kirby is serving his second term on the Executive Board and his experience will help him as chairman.

Don't forget boys, that the Local is open all summer long and don't make any dates for Friday nights.

Yours respectfully,

John J. Daly,

Press Secretary.

John J. Daly, Press Secretary. Local No. 142, Inside Telephone Men.

P. S.—Don't forget to get acquainted with our delegates to the A. F. of L. at Spring-field, Mass. You will find they are all A No. 1 Labor men.

The delegates are John V. Hession, John W. Dillon, President Geo. F. Mahoney and

J. Walter Mullen. Mullen was tied for a place for one of the Vice Preidents last year with Mr. Miller of Worcester and just before the recount withdrew in favor of Miller. He may seek a place this year.

L. U. NO. 155, OKLAHOMA CITY. OKLA.

Editor:

Editor:

It has come my time to write and let you know that this Local is doing business at the same old stand and is keeping up with the times. It is forging ahead slowly but surely. Every member is at work at this writing and several brothers who dropped in found work here and are still working. We are a busy lot of humans now and every one is pulling with a long, long pull and a strong, strong pull for Local No. 155.

We have applied for an open charter for

for Local No. 155.
We have applied for an open charter for thirty days beginning August 1st and every one is going to do their very best to increase the membership and have every man in this community carry a card, and it will make us feel pretty good when our charter closes to know that we have them

charter closes to know that we have them all lined up.

Organized labor in this city is preparing for a monster Labor Day parade and celebration. All branches of organized labor have voted in favor of a big parade in the morning and a gigantic picnic in the afterneon and evening and let me tell you that Local No. 155 will be right on the job and bring home the bacon in the way of prizes. We have the hustling, rustling members and they are raving to step after those prizes.

prizes

We have ordered 100 pennants for the parade and this Local is going to make one grand showing on Labor Day.

We have just negotiated a new wage

grand showing on Labor Day.

We have just negotiated a new wage scale with the Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co., and the following scale will be in effect beginning July 1st: Foremen, \$4.40; linemen, \$4.00; switchboard men, \$4.00; metermen, \$4.00; arch trimmers, \$4.00; arch inspectors, \$4.00; battery men, \$4.00; trouble men, \$4.00, and helpers, \$2.40. A day to consist of eight hours. Time and one-half for overtime from 5 p. m. until 9 p. m., double time after 9 p. m. and all Sundays and holidays. p. m., double time a. Sundays and holidays.

Sundays and holidays.

We have changed our place of meeting from the Painters' Hall in the Culertson building to the Musicians' Hall at 128½ West Grand Ave. We still have our meeting night, Friday and will be pleased to have any brother passing this way to come and partake of our hospitality. The door is open and we have lost the key.

It is a great pleasure for me to state that Bro. R. R. Million, who was injured some two months ago, reported back to work last Monday, and he sure received a glad welcome.

glad welcome.

Bro. C. F. Miller, after an absence of three years, has returned to Oklahoma City and is now working for the Light Co.
Bro. Sam Hamilton left the first of the month for Texas where he will work for the Texas Power & Light Co.
Word has reached here that Bro. L. C. Carter was injured at Provo, Utah, while at work on a 60-foot pole. His safety broke and he fell to the ground and was badly burt. hurt.

Bro. H. Munster was seriously injured at

Bro. H. Munster was seriously injured at Tonawanda, N. Y., three weeks ago by being run over by a heavy truck. He is in the hospital in that city slowly improving. Bro. Tom Delaney has been down with typhoid fever for the last seven weeks, and was on the road to recovery when he suffered a relapse and is now in a critical condition. condition.

Bro. G. H. Duncan has been selected as our delegate to the Oklahoma State Federation of Labor which convenes at Tulsa, Okla., August 21st, 1916. Bro. Duncan will

make us an able representative in that body, for we have several important measures to come up before them.

I believe that this will cover the current happenings up until the present time and wishing the Brotherhood an ever increasing and stronger membership, I am,

Fraternally yours,

John R. Carroll,

Local No. 155.

L. U. NO. 157, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Motion Picture Exposition is being held in this city and there was a very warm dispute between the management, the I. A. T. E. and ourselves as to whether the I. B. E. W. or I. A. T. S. operators were to be given the jurisdiction

operators were to be given the jurisdiction over the work.

Owing to the good work of our Business Agent and the Business Agent of our Sister Local No. 134 we are doing the work.

This is considered a very serious blow to the I. A. as exhibitors and managers from all over the county are attending this exposition and many have remarked that Local No. 157 certainly must be the "right" union or they could never have been victorious in such an undertaking. It is am interesting fact, that an I. A. T. S. E. man in charge of one of the exhibits has been compelled to hire a man from "The ranks of the enemy." of the enemy.

of the enemy."

Another little point which has been the base of much speculation, namely, whether stage hands would work with I. B. E. W. operators, has been tested and settled for the Business Agent of Local No. 2, I. A. T. S. E. has placed a man to handle the curtain upon which is being projected a Local 157 union slide.

Hoping for our continued success, I remain

Yours fraternally, C. V. Wales, Press Secretary, P. T.

L. U. NO. 163, WILKES BARRE, PA.

Editor:

Editor:

We are putting forth our best efforts for thorough organization and the Union shop in our local jurisdiction; and we urge the Electrical Worker to be interested in their own affairs and become awakened to their strength in union; to be thoroughly organized regardless of what branch of the business they are employed in and be prepared for the unexpected. To respect authority and the rights of others under all circumstances to the full extent of justice, but stand your ground, assert your manhood and your right to belong to the union of your trade; and help to banish the slavish fear of the unscrupulous and hostile employer and shatter their dominating influence over everything electrical through the medium of the trades union movement; and while the task of organizing the workers and unionizing the shops and jobs is a very hard proposition, nevertheless, we find very hard proposition, nevertheless, we find indications of the old saying, that the harder the people are oppressed, the better they will stand up and fight for their rights when they get together.

However, we have not signed up any contractors since my last letter to The Worker, nevertheless, the boys are working hard from an organization standpoint and whave made great progress and in order to keep our members in constant agitation I wish to publish our fair list as follows:

Keep this union list for reference and when having work of any kind done insert a union clause in the contract.

When contemplating or having electrical work done you are requested to call up and consult the following union electrical contractors; all others in Wilkes-Barre and

vicinity, and in the local jurisdiction, are unfair to the Electrical Workers' Union and to organized labor in general.

UNION LIST OF ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

Frank E. Baldwin, No. 40 Hazle St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Consolidated phone 616; Bell phone 1419.

Gomer R. Davis, No. 20 N. Washington St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Bell phone 856-W; Bell phone, residence 2093-R.

C. F. Goeringer, No. 45 S. Washington St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Consolidated phone 1636; Bell phone 2718.

John W. Lee, 33 Jefferson lane. Bell phone 1915-J; Consolidated 367; residence, Consolidated, 45-R.

McCullum & Foster, No. 89 N. Main St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Consolidated phone 670; Bell phone 2165-J.

B. P. McGroarthy, room No. 405; Bennett Bldg., Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Bell phone 433-R.

John J. Reinert 43 Sheridan St. Miners

John J. Reinert, 43 Sheridan St., Miners

Mills.
E. F. Roth, No. 75 N. Main St., Wilkes-Barres, Pa. Consolidated phone 300; Bell Barres, Pa. Consolidated phone 300; Ben phone 846-R. E. F. Schmaltz, No. 510 Market Street,

Westmoor, Kingston, Pa. Bell phone 967-J.
Joseph H. Schmidt, 200 Park Ave.,
Wilkes-Barres, Pa. Bell phone 1680-R.
Look for the union monthly button and
demand to see and read the union card of
all electrical workers before they start to

all electrical workers before they start to work.

At the present work in the building line is not so plentiful, but the boys are doing fairly well under the circumstances and we expect a few good big jobs in the near future, which will be very helpful in our fight against the non-union contractors.

Line work is picking up very good and all of our linemen are working and if all signs don't fail we will have plenty of work for a long time to come, because the lines of some of the companies are to be fixed up in the very near future.

The awarding of the city street light contract has been set aside until the Public Service Commission passes judgment on the application of the new light company for a certificate of public convenience, the decision is expected some time in September, Our booster meeting at July 20th was a fair success; and we are continuing our booster membership campaign for thorough organization, and will hold a series of open meetings in Munroe's Hall, Public Square, on Thursday evenings. August 24, October 5, and November 28, 1916, and the meetings will be addressed by prominent speakers on Labor, First Aid to the Injured, on the Compensation Law, and also other features of amusement will be on the program, and all electrical workers are requested to attend. Our death proposition has been continued until some of the locals that have not made returns are heard from.

L. U. NO. 171, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Editor:

Editor:

Just a word or two from Local No. 171.
On May 1 we were organized. On July 1
the Missouri Pacific got word of it. Officials came and talked to each and every
member and ordered him to resign the
union or be discharged. Remembering our
obligation we had taken, we knew that to
be a man among men we had to remain
loyal. For loyalty is the most valuable
trait of charcter that any man or any one
can have in this life. Loyalty to a right
principle is the highest type of loyalty and
the kind that must always be the most
satisfactory in the end. All employers of
men lay great stress on the loyalty of
those they have about them. They are
influenced as much, or even more, by the
loyalty of their employees than by any
other quality they may have. They will

say of every man they engage. If I can not trust this man to think of and work for my interests, I do not want him around, no matter how skilled he may be in his particular line of work, and the more important the position you occupy, the more weight will be given this particular trait in your character. And the man who is not loyal is not wanted by anybody for any kind of work or anything else. So loyal we remained. Consequences were when on the 7th of the same month eleven of our men were discharged. We immediately got in touch with International Office and Bro. McIntyre was sent here. He got busy at once and wired Secretary of Labor Wilson to ask Mr. Keegan to assist him which was done. Mr. Keegan being in St. Louis on other business at the time through Mr. Keegan and Bro. McIntyre, and our loyalty to our order, every one was reinstated. loyalty to instated.

instated.

So now we can answer some of the brothers appeals we have received. We could not comply with their request at once as we were in a very bad predicament ourselves, both financially and otherwise, but will give them our earliest possible notice, Yours fraternally,

G. H. Wallace,

L. U. NO. 188, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Just a few lines to let you know that No. 188 is still living. We meet first and third Friday evenings at 8 p. m., No. 9 Wolf St.

Wolf St.

Well, things are rather quiet here just now, and will be for a while. As you know, No. 188 has an agreement with the Charleston Consolidated Railway and Light Co. here. \$3.00, 9 hours, 4 ways on Co., and other minor clauses.

Any brother floating this way have the little green ticket.

I see "Baldy" will not write to us for some time. Well, he will be missed by some, as your humble scribe used to look forward to his letter. Well, "Baldy," good luck to you. Here's hoping we hear from you again, in the future.

I notice Bro. W. G. Anderson, No. 348, wants a scheme to increase attendance at meetings. Bro. Anderson, if some one sends

wants a scheme to increase attendance at meetings. Bro. Anderson, if some one sends you a really good scheme, don't be selfish, but "have a heart and pass same around our neck of the woods. We can sure use that same plan.

Think article by Mr. Evans of No. 134, right dope. Notice The Worker has some very good articles in it. Keep it up, brothers, you are doing fine.

Well, so long.

H. G. Brown, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 212, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

The passing of great men in the past have made many volumes of history—the passing of others who in their way have accomplished a world of good humanity has not been noted. Among the latter let's include "Baldy." Is there a brother in the entire I. B. who could not sit down and enjoy the articles sent to the journal signed "Baldy." They were always interesting, to the point and instructive.

Can any one imagine anything more

esting, to the point and instructive.
Can any one imagine anything more
absurd than the remodeling of a wirepatcher into an editor. We all get by in
our own Journal perhaps, but if our livelihood depended on our efforts. Well, I dare

not imagine the results.

Edison predicts abolition of poverty in 100 years, even so, he has no idea that any of the I. B. E. W. Press Secretaries will aim to gather in their pork chops by the aid of the pen.

But Baldy was as near there as any of us will be and for mine will state that his article was the first thing I looked for on receiving the Journal and certainly en-joyed the reading of each and every one of

them.

Much luck to you Baldy in any of your future undertakings, you deserve a rest for you have served the Brotherhood well.

May the same be said in the future of your

May the same be said in the future of your succesor.

The high cost of living has not changed one bit in our burg, but still some of our younger element will insist on mingling with the fair sex until suddenly they discover that they have been over to the City Hall and paid one dollar and two bits for a long slip of paper which I believe they could have secured from some of the older members of the Local at much less than half price. The latest victim in our bunch is Bro. A. Bauman. We all extend to you our hand. A hearty shake, and hope you have no future regrets.

To any one outside of Cincy who is at all interested in No. 212, I will state that we are going to turn out on Labor Day. That does not mean that we are simply included in the line of march, but we are going to turn out as never before.

At present there are several live committees at work selecting uniforms, band, etc., also a committee working on a float, and if by any reasonable means whatever a float can be arranged for, it certainly will be on the job.

Would like to suggest to all members that they secure uniforms as selected by committee, and let's try to have the electrical workers of Cincy outrival any other craft in the Labor Day parade of 1916.

The small editorial in July Worker pertaining to union label goods was well worth its space.

taining to union label goods was well worth

its space.

its space.

As a general rule the members of No. 212 are very prompt at demanding the label. But one product I think should receive more attention that is the cigarette.

We all chew union label tobacco and smoke union made cigars, but on a large meeting night you can see evidence in the hall of nearly every scab cigarette on the market. I guess we will have to blame some of this high colored billboard advertising for said conditions.

What's the use, boys, there has always been union label cigarettes on the market and recently more have been introduced which although not getting the benefit of a million-dollar advertisement by the tobacco trust, I'll warrant will take you over the short route as fast as the more popular brands. brands.

Let us all be more careful in the future and as far as possible purchase nothing which does not display the label that guarantees us against sweatshop conditions as well as convict labor.

With best wishes, etc., I remain

E. Simonton, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 222, MEDICINE HAT, ALBA.

Editor:

Editor:

Since being made so conspicuous by our neighbor and friend, Brother Anderson of L. I. No. 348, I feel compelled to contribute to The Worker, although I feel it a task beyond my ability.

To begin with, I can assure Brother Anderson that L. U. No. 222 has not been dead, because we haven't been heard from. We are only a small local and, of course, cannot take the active part in affairs that larger locals do, on account of finances, but I can assure all the locals of Alberta, as well as the Dominion, that we are with them in any move for the advancement of the Brotherhood, and in our humble way have been trying to do our share. All this year we have been working on legislation for the protection of linemen, and any body

who has had experience along this line knows what an up-hill job it is, and those who investigate the necessity for such legislation will realize what a grim job it is. We have just completed an investigation of the fatal industrial accidents reported to the "Minister of Labor" for the past six years, from June, 1910 to May, 1916.

It might be interesting to give the result of this investigation. Some of our brothers may think that this question only interests linemen, while others may think that it only interests electrical workers, but a brief investigation will show that the question should interest the public in general. From the reports we find that 6.085 people met death by accident in the past six years; of these, 346 were due to electrical causes, and 256 Electrical Workers were victims; 144 of them being linemen, the other 112 being classed as electricians and electrical workers. On further dissecting the report we find that of the 346 deaths, 272 of them were caused from electrocution, 105 of them being linemen, 77 other electrical workers, and 90 being foreign to the electrical trade. Thirty-nine cases were reported, caused from falls from poles and towers. By provinces, Ontario leads the list with 182 accidents, of course, Ontario is twice as big as any other province and has more room for accidents; Quebec comes second with 84, while Manitoba follows with 20, British Columbia has 18, Alberta 17, Nova Scotia 13, Saskatchewan 6, and New Brunswick 4. The Deputy Minister of Labor informs us that the figures are not absolutely correct, as some provinces do not report their accidents and others do not report their accidents are sufficient to to be done. In passing the report it might be worth noting, that nearly as many people who are not connected with the Electrical trade are electrocuted, as there are linemen; and the list varies from business men to laborers, including policemen and teamsters, and to show how careless some people are, of a dangerous element like electricity, one city reported the electrocution of a brewery worker and the next day reported the electrocution of another.

We may be receiving more support than we think. That is, from an article printed in the Spokane Chronicle some time ago, I don't know if it refers to the rough-neck yellow hammer or the winged variety; I will insert it, possibly some of the brothers will be able to determine the fact. sufficient to show a necessity for something

L. U. NO. 226, TOPEKA, KAN.

Editor:

Every one in looking forward to the biggest Labor Day celebration in many years. No. 226 will surprise the natives in white feit hats, black ties, white shirts and dark trousers, also badges a banner, etc. It is intended to make this regalia permanent and either add to it next year or spend our money on a float. We are a small Local and have to go slow.

We understand some of the other Locals in line will be much more eleborately at-

in line will be much more eleborately attired than us but not so good looking.

The committee from the central body which has things in charge has arranged with a union printed paper the Topeka Daily to get out a special Labor Day edition. A page will be devoted to ads from firms employing each craft or more if necessary and the history of the Local connected with that craft will be used as a

This paper is one of Governor Arthur Capper's publications who has always been very fair to organized labor and goes all over the State and will we feel do much good to the cause besides helping to pay for the three or four bands to be used in the parade (every union band in the city will be used) and help to pay other ex-

penses of the day. I understand that Bro. Paul Montgomery of our Local who has the work in charge already has about \$10.00 in ads signed up for one-half of which belongs to the committee and they still have the politicians who are running for office to

to the committee and they still have the politicians who are running for office to hear from.

It seems strange that a man would has the face to ask his neighbor to "just run in and repair his lights, bells or fan" just because he is a neighbor and it will take only a moment, but such is often the case. Such people don't seem to realize that this knowledge that we possess or are supposed to possess is the only stock in trade that we have to earn a living. Such people wouldn't think of asking a physician to render his services this way just because he could do it so easily or to ask you for the value in money although the requests are identical.

We would have been greatly astounded when we read in the evening paper the other day that one of our brothers was a lord, a duke, a sir or some such thing if we hadn't already heard considerable about it before.

we hadn't already heard considerable wit before.

The Brother in question is C. J. Maunsell, our Recording Secretary. The photo of himself some of his Irish ancestors and a couple of castles supposed to be about to fall on the Brother accompanied the article. It is an experience that not every one has to be working along side of Irish nobility. It is with longing in our hearts that we look forward to the establishment of his claims, hoping that we may all get in on it some way.

This will be about all.

Respectfully yours,

J. R. Woodhull.

L. U. NO. 283, OAKLAND, CALIF.

Editor:

Will endeavor to get in a few lines for the next issue of The Worker, there is not a great deal of news to write that would be of interest to the members, as work is still slack and we have some members still idle. Local Union No. 283 held a smoker on the evening of July 22, and while the attendance was not very large those that were present had a good time. There were quite a number of speakers and with music, singing, and refreshments the evening was enjoyed by all.

We have no fault to find with the progress that the Local is making. Brother Durrell, our Eusiness Agent is doing good work in the way of organizing as he has been very successful in bringing in the Telephone men and the indications are that he will have them all in the Local in the near future. We have a good attendance at each meeting and the members are showing an interest in the affairs of the Local. The one thing that is a draw back to us is the small amount of work that is being done by the large corporations. If the work was here Local Union No. 283, would be back where it was a few years ago, "one of the largest Outside Locals in the Brotherhood."

At this writing the Local Unions affiliated with the Pacific District Council are

ago, one of the largest Outside Locals in the Brotherhood."

At this writing the Local Unions affiliated with the Pacific District Council, are taking a referendum vote on amendments to the by-laws; by the time for my next letter I will be able to report the results of the vote, and inform you under what laws the Council will operate. We hope to have the Council once more operating successfully and in the position it formerly held in the ranks of organized labor.

Before closing my letter I desire to say a few words relative to The Worker to those members who are not subscribing for and not getting The Worker, they are missing some valuable information and are not keeping themselves informed as to the progress the Brotherhood is making. While all of the letters in the July issue are interesting and the Editorials are timely and

to the point, to me the news contained in the paragraphs under the heading of, "AROUND THE CIRCUIT" are the most pleasing, as it shows that the members are waking up to the fact that through workpleasing, as it shows that the members are waking up to the fact that through working agreements made between the employer and the employee we will eventually get the conditions we are entitled to. Under the above heading, in the July Worker, I note that some fourteen Local Unions, (both inside and outside) have signed up agreements with their employers, and this leads me to believe that the time is not far distant when the object of our deceased Brother and father of our Brotherhood, Henry Miller, will be obtained, and that is our International Officers will sign up an agreement for all of the Local Unions with a Universal Wage Scale for all members. With best wishes for the prosperity of the I. B. E. W., I beg to remain.

Fraternaly yours,

Hugh Murrin,

Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 295, LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Editor:

We have no Press Secretary, but as we have reason to feel proud of our Local and of the agreement signed August 2, 1916, would like for all the Brothers to know we are in existence. In the past the L. R. Railway & Electric Company here was very much against organized labor but now all is lovely. We had no trouble whatever and when you stop and realize that this is the first agreement the company ever signed with its electrical employees we feel rather good over everything. thing.

My intentions have been good toward The Worker and I would have written sooner but thought I would wait until I had some real news. We have been in existence less but thought I would wait until I had some real news. We have been in existence less than six months and have thirty-seven (37) members. We are receiving new applications all the time and hope to bring our membership up to fifty (50).

This is getting to be a good union town but when I landed here six (6) years ago it was not very strong for organized labor. Wish all workers would organize and all pull together.

We had no regular organizer here but

pull together.

We had no regular organizer here but too much credit can not be given. Mr. John Mitchell, first Vice President Arkansas Federation of Labor, who was tireless in his efforts to aid us. He served on the committee that presented the agreement and was a great help in many other ways. Wishing The Electrical Worker the best there is, I remain

Yours fraternally,

D. M. Hafner,

Financial Secretary-Treasurer.

Financial Secretary-Treasurer.

L. U. NO. 322, CASPER, WYO.

I guess that it has been some time since

I guess that it has been some time since you have heard from Local Union No. 322, so here goes for a little note from the boys of one of the best little towns in the union. We are situated in the heart of the big oil fields of Wyoming and for a town the size of this one there is more doing here than any place of like size that I have been in for some time.

There are two electric companies here each is doing a fair share of the business. We also have two big crude oil refineries here and they employ their own electricians. The companies here have adopted a 4c rate for lighting and a 3c rate for power circuits. This makes it possible for the people of this town to use electric lights universally and electrical cooking and heating devices to a very large extent.

Local Union is a hustling little Local and is wide-awake and on the job every minute. We are due for a good future and Brother Locals are going to know that we are here and here to stay. Speaking

of weather, we are sure enjoying (?) some of the hottest weather that it has ever been my lot to experience. Wyoming is sure a "dry" state just at present.

Your correspondence column is sure interesting and the letters are read with interest by all of the members of Local Union No. 322. Keep up the good work.

Fraternally yours,

M. A. Hawley,
Recording Secretary, Local No. 322.

L. U. NO. 335, SPRINGPIELD, MO.

A few lines from Local Union No. 335 to let you know we are on the map and still kicking.

Work in Springfield is very good at the present time and we hope it lasts until the first of the year any way. Most all the members are working and it looks good to us to us.

It is very hot at the present and the boys wiring old houses are all in every night and are looking forward to cooler weather.

We are 95 per cent organized and we expect to be 100 per cent organized by

fall.

We are also loking forward to Labor Day and expect to have a big parade and picnic. We always have a big turn-out and hope we do this time.

I haven't much new this time and as Local is out for tonight I may as well close, but the boys give it to me tonight for not having a piece in the Journal and I thought it about time for me to get busy. I will try and do better next time. Hoping this letter gets to the Editor in time to get in the month's Journal.

I remain true to I. B. E. W.

C. R. Shook,

Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 347, DES MOINES, IOWA.

Editor:

The writer is pleased to report at this writing that work is fairly good in our city, with all of our members employed, due mostly to the fact that we control the work on the three largest jobs in the city. Our Local, of course, like many others during the warm weather, is experiencing difficulty in getting a good attendance out to the meetings, but our business is being conducted in the usual manner by the "faithful few."

Since my last writing, there has been

"faithful few." Since my last writing, there has been little change in the court cases involving our members, whose trials comes up in September, only that "a scab," who is one of the "star witnesses" for the state against our men, was caught in the act of stealing an automobile, and after lying in jail a short time he was identified by his master and was promptly released on a cash ter, and was promptly released on a cash bond. While this is not surprising, yet we feel somewhat gratified to have others know that this is the calibre of the kind that are to testify against our boys.

The proper language is not at our command, to appropriately express our thanks, for the generous amounts that have been received from the Locals of our Brotherhood, to be used in the defense of our members, and which amounts will be itemized and published in "The Worker" at a later

I note, not with surprise, but with

I note, not with surprise, but with very much interest, that in different localities they are continuing to throw the working class into jails for struggling for "freedom and for bread."

People who are not of the working class and who do not know of the deplorable conditions existing among some of them, and who do not understand them, are at somewhat a loss to account for these happenings, believing that our only ambition through organization, and collective action,

is for higher wages and better physical conditions, but this is a complete misconception of the purposes for which we organize, for we wish to emphasize the fact with force, that the attempts of our organizations is not merely to secure an increased measure of the material comforts of life, but our movement is a part of the age long struggle for liberty, and when this struggle is sharpened by the pinch of hunger and the exhaustion of body and mind by long hours and improper working conditions, "is there any wonder we have these uprisings?" which are not spontaneous, but which is a natural form of protest against the injustice of the system. As I have often said before, the real cause must be removed before they can be prevented and even if all the workers and their families were well fed, they would still struggle to be free, for when they are free, the good things in life will come with freedom.

It is that desire for the better things

the good things in life will come with freedom.

It is that desire for the better things in life (which are denied the workers) which drives our men and women forever forward, toward the wonderful advancement of our movement, such dissatisfaction and unrest that is so evident among the workers, is indeed very desirable, as it is the prime factor and main spring of our progress, and if it were not for this unrest and feeling we would deteriorate of our own accord.

If the working class were only given a chance, such occurrences would never happen. What a wonderful thing it would be if our government should place all the destitute workers and their families of America out to themselves some place, where Mr. Rockefeller did not own all the iron and ore, and where all the good people did not own all the land, could just send them out where they would be given a chance to do and live as others, what a wonderful thing this would be.

There are many contributing causes for the workers were the workers.

them out where they would be given a chance to do and live as others, what a wonderful thing this would be.

There are many contributing causes for this unrest, but at the bottom there is the one fundamental controlling idea, that income should be received for service, and service only, where, as a matter of fact, it bears no such relation and he who serves least or not at all, may receive most, when it is known that the wealth of our country and the income which is produced through the toil of the workers is distributed without regard to any standard of justice, it is this, that causes a considerable amount of the unrest, and if space would permit, I should like to name many other causes.

American society was founded and existed for a period upon the theory that the support of the family should be derived from the earnings of the father, but we have departed very far from this idea, for the father, after weeks of back-breaking toil, finds that he has less than enough to support his family in anything like decency. He is compelled to stand by and see his wife and children? What education do they get? As they are intelligent or ignorant, so fares the state. Surely the minimum amount of education any child should receive is the grammar school course, yet statistics show that only one-third of the children of the public schools complete the grammar school course, and that more than seventy-five per cent areforced to quit school before reaching the seventh grade, who, just as soon as they reach a working age, are thrown immature, ill-trained and with no practical knowledge whatever into the complexities of our industrial life.

The seriousness of the unjust distribution of the wealth and income is also

edge whatever into the complexities of our industrial life.

The seriousness of the unjust distribution of the wealth and income is also shown by the fact that in the families of the workers, thirty-seven per cent of the mothers are forced to do work, to assist in

making the "family wage," and of course can give little or no attention to the children. Seven per cent are compelled to work in factories, the remainder are compelled to scrub floors of buildings, keep boarders, take in washing, do sewing and the like.

take in washing, do sewing and the like.

Keeping boarders is certainly a condition repugnant to every ideal of American family life. I say this because I have spent a number of my years in them, and I, like thousands of others, have also experienced the bitter feeling of having been forced to leave school to work, even before reaching the sixth grade, and what little knowledge I have, has been gained by rubbing elbows with the working class, and studying class, and studying at night as I could, but thanks to our grand old American Labor movement, through its many educational features, we are now given a chance to study and learn if we desire, and what a wonderful thing it would be if our men and women would only accept the opportunity offered them through the movement, to study and put those "countless idle brain cells" to work who are now absolute "loafers" on the job. How very much faster they and our movement tould advance. How very much faster they and our move-ment would advance.

ment would advance.

As a study, I say without hesitancy, that the labor movement is by far the most interesting of all, and after all the knocks given our movement by the chronic kickers, the calmity howlers, the stand-patters, the pessimist, and in fact by all those who never see anything but the dark side of a question, our movement has, and is continuing to accomplish more than all the other movements combined. When I say tinuing to accomplish more than all the other movements combined. When I say this I do not even bar the church, nor the fraternal and charitable organizations. I like the church for its great uplift of humanity, the fraternal and charitable organizations for what good they accomplish, but combine them all in one, and they can not come up to the great American Labor movement, which has accomplished, and is continuing to do more for the uplift of everything and everybody than any movement the world has ever known, and if it were not for our grane movement, conditions today in America would be as bad as they are in Mexico.

Some may call me an optimist, but study the matter for yourself and if you are fair-minded and unbiased, you can see the light.

light.

I trust the Editor will pardon me for consuming so much space, but before closing, I desire to say to the chair warmers and others, "read up, put your loafing head to work," forget the knockers, pessimists and the whiners, who will eventually make you fall into their rut, if you continue to list to them. They are in misery, and you know misery loves company. Look on the bright side of things. Think of the many wonderful things the labor movement has done, what it has done for you and your family, "study it over, then put in over." Get out and let every one know you are a mmeber of a Labor Union, and one of the greatest at that, "and push, pull and boost for the greatest movement the world has ever known."

Fraternally yours, I trust the Editor will pardon me

Fraternally yours,
H. H. Broach,
Labor Temple.

L. U. NO. 348, CALGARY, ALTA.

Editor

Editor:

Local No. 348 is still "carrying on" although the past month (July) has been a sad one for the Brothers of our Local no less than three of our members having been electrocuted in various parts of Canada and around the same time. Bro. Chapman in Ontario Bro. McRobie in Calgary and Bro. Horner in B. C. Bros. Chapman and McRobie leave wives and families to mourn their loss. Bro. Horner had left our Local a short time ago and had not

deposited his card in any other Local as far as is known. These sad events have caused our brothers some deep thought. Some time ago when the boys had some negotiations with the city regarding increase in pay lots of people were ready to knock The Electrical Worker and say they had too much pay already. However, I notice that when one of the boys meets sudden death these same people readily admit they don't hanker after this kind of job. One of the Brothers intimated to me that a talk on war conditions might be of interest to the boys across the line now that there is so much talk of "Preparedness" over there, and since we see a good deal of what it means to be at war. Over sixty of our members have gone to the front or are on the way there besides a good many more that were out of date and lost track of, and lots more that were not in the organization at all. Always we hear the now familiar story that so and so has joined up. Every once in a while a bunch will come back wounded and discharged some minus eyes or legs or physical wrecks especially the ones who have been gassed as they call it. As to the whys and wherefore of this it is not for me to say here, but this is more or less the result of "Preparedness" over there in Europe. Europe.

Europe.

I read a full page ad in a New York paper some time ago by a big steel company well known all over the country on the necessity of educating the people up to see the vital need for firms equipped with machinery to turn out armament, guns, shells and general munitions of war. I presume this company was paying for this ad out of patriotic reasons entirely. 'Nuf sed. The question is are we going to be kept fighting every 10 or 12 years or is this the last. Here is a very good example right at home. The good old U. S. A. and Canada have kept peace for over a hundred years and have had more reasons a hundred time more to go to war than ever they had in Europe to start this terrible war. There has been lots of "chewing the fat" lots of threads but we get along all right and there seems no reason why it won't always be the same. Let's hope there will be more of this kind of stuff and less army and navy. The present system reminds nor of this kind of stuff and less army and navy. The present system reminds me of a guy who invented a new cockroach powder. He guaranteed that after they had eaten it the big ones would eat the little ones and then fight themselves to death.

I saw in The Worker where one of our Brothers suggested that we devote more space to our own business and less to other things. A lot of fellows don't reach any other labor paper or literature and it seems like a good place to put it right in The Worker. We don't study and read half enough about the labor question, politics, finance government ownership, farming, enough about the labor question, politics, finance government ownership, farming, etc. All these affect our welfare and we as union men must help to solve them as the guys who are supposed to do it seem to have made a bum job of it. I wonder how a question and answer column on electrical subjects would go in The Worker, and an article each month on some electrical device such as the X-ray transformer. former.

Now, Brothers, if this gets by the censor and any of you read it don't blame me too hard as we need to get busy and get others busy if we want what's coming to us.

Times are very much the same around here. Most all the boys are working and the weather in nice and cool. Oh, you Chicago 108° in the shade. Everybody is discussing the Daylight Saving plan that has been in effect this summer.

The Trades and Labor Council are opposed to its continuance. Between that

and prohibition the crops and the war everybody's busy. So with best regards to the Brotherhood at large from No. 348, I remain Fraternally yours,

W. G. A., Press Secretary, No. 348.

L. U. NO. 358. PERTH AMBOY, N. J.

Editor:

Editor:
Local Union No. 358 can now come forth with the report of another skirmish won in the battle of the I. B. E. W. and our flag again waves over the trenches of the bosses along the Perth Amboy Division. We have been on the firing line for seven months which started with a lockout on January

1st, 1916. January January 1st, the inside wiremen were locked out of eight shops. In about thirty days this lockout was broken with two shops, but seven months' fight has existed with the other contractors, which involved a fight with the "Master Builders' Associa-

There is organization that applies system. They are the boys that are wise. They are ever foxy. They execute an action at the best time for their own good. They don't blow off ahead of time, neither do they come out with a howling post mortem.

mortem.

To cope with these bosses associations, we too, must be ever alert. The brakes to our progress is the large percentage of brothers who become organizationally dormant. After winning a scrap a great many are similar to a hog after getting a good feed of slops who then lays down for a sleep, and when he wakes up finds out that it is root hog or die

it is root hog or die.

Don't construe that we are intent on discouraging those locals who enjoy friendly relations with the bosses' associations, but don't wait until probed to wake up, but always maintain friendship and prestige with the public, and it will be found easier to maintain conditions with the bosses.

How about this stuff, "Baldy," isn't

to maintain conditions with the bosses.

How about this stuff, "Baldy," isn't there some logic to it? Of course, brothers, it is very easy for you to read of our seven months' trouble and then remark, you are glad that we won, but the fact that we had a hard tussel makes us stronger united, and it means to traveling brothers that you must have a clean and up-to-next-week cord with supply with here and we will like a you must have a clean and up-to-next-week card when you hit here, and you will find a glad hand, but if your card died when you were out in the wilderness, or the Secretary could not change a twenty spot the last time you wanted to pay up, or some of the other thousand and one invented evasions, you will find us a very frosty bunch. Come into Perth Amboy clean and if you should ever desire to leave, you can depart clean, sleek and well fed.

With best regards to the Brotherhood, we remain

remain.

Loyally,

Bruce W. Jones, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 375, ALLENTOWN, PA.

Editor:
On July 1, 75 members of Local No. 375, I. B. E. W. walked out on strike, and although some of the contractors involved have signed up, it is essential that our brothers be informed that no traveling cards can be honored until the present difficulty has been satisfactorily settled.
Heretofore, we have been receiving 25 to 30 cents per hour, same as the laborers, and it is encouraging to note that one week of strike induced five contractors to grant us the eight hour day at 45 cents per hour, and as the local branch of the Electrical Contractors' Association are unable to hire any scabs to finish up their able to hire any scabs to finish up their

pressing jobs, and now realize that Local No. 375 is not a mutual admiration society, the outlook for a favorable settlement is

the outlook for a favorable settlement as fairly good.

On July 18 the linemen employed by the Pennsylvania Utilities Co. of Easton returned to work as their grievances were satisfactorily adjusted after three weeks of hard fighting, thanks to the indefatigable efforts of the twenty-five members of Local No. 375 who were involved, and who were ably assisted by Organizer Boyle and their well merited success increased our prestige so greatly that most of the inside wiremen of Easton have forwarded their applications, and it is quite evident that all the boys there will presently be solidly organized.

that all the boys there will presently be solidly organized.
Organizer Boyle is still on the job here, and he is doing his utmost to make the Allied Building Trades an effective body, that will refuse to work on any jobs where scabs are employed, and we hope to have the no-card, no-work system in force within the next few months.

the next few months.

The following officers were obligated on July 7th:

July 7th:
President, Earl W. Fried, 940 Chew St.,
Allentown, Pa.
Vice President, Raymond Lehr, 845
Maple Ct., city.
Financial Secretary, Chas. Moyer, 826
Turner St., city.
Recording Secretary, Edgar M. Brown,
151 E. Union St., Bethlehem, Pa.
Treasurer, Harry Eidell, 309 Main St.,
S. Allentown.

S. Allentown.

Sincerely yours,
Edward S. Frey,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 437, FALL RIVER, MASS.

Editor:

Well, brothers, here are a few words from Fall Rivers, Mass. No doubt you have never heard from us before. So we will try our best to get a few words in The Worker in the future. We have just made an agreement with the contractors here for 40 cents per hour and a 44-hour week. There are thirteen contractors here and all are busy. Every member is working at present and things look good for the

at present and things.

future.

Our Financial Secretary, Myron T. Ashley, was appointed chief inspector of wires here a few weeks ago, which shows that Local No. 437 and the Building Trades Council, also Central Labor Union are

Council, also Central Labor Union progressing rapidly.

We are to have a reception for Brother Ashley some time in the near future to show our appreciation for the interest he has taken in our Local.

Well, I won't take up too much space in The Worker this time, but will get a little more in next month.

With best wishes for the success of our Brotherhood, I remain,

Fraternally yours,

Joseph Donahue,

Recording Secretary.

L. U. NO. 465, SAN DIEGO, CAL.

Editor:

Here comes a word from the new Press

Here comes a word from the new Press Secretary. I am a novice at the work, so please don't criticise.

We had an election of officers the last Thursday in June. I think we have a fine staff for the next term, as our new executive has attended two conventions which ought to help him in conducting a meeting and keeping the other officers and members in their respective places. He will not have any excuse for missing any meeting, as he has a new Maxwell.

Our new Vice President is a live wire. He is on the job at all times. We didn't think we could better ourselves by electing

a new Recording Secretary, so we prevailed upon the same one remaining for another term. The foreman appears quite capable. The first and second inspectors will be popular enough by the end of the terms. Our new trustee has a new Overland, which ought to help him attend to the local business.

The new officers are as follows:
President, L. Shook.
Vice President, C. A. Sabred.
Recording Secretary, J. C. Grabel.
Foreman, Wolff.
First Inspector, Geo. Palbot.
Second Inspector, J. Hiatt.
Trustee, N. C. Williams.
Press Secretary, E. A. McLean.
In regards to the work about this vicinity we guess San Diego is holding her own with the rest of the country, considering the way times have been. The Consolidated Gas & Electric Co. has started to build a high line from Del Mar to Ocean side, which is fifteen miles and there are to be two or three gangs on it, so it will not take long to complete the job. When that is finished I do not know how prospects for work will be. For that reason I would not advise any one to come this way with the expectation of getting work, although the Gas & Electric Co. have a good many working since the heavy rains last January.

Brother Jack Layton went to sleep in a last January.

Brother Jack Layton went to sleep in a lumber yard and fell out of bed and frac-

tured his skull and three ribs.

Brother Leach is out around on crutches and was up to the exposition last Tues-

All the electrical workers were out to be Exposition to help celebrate Independence Day.

Hoping this will find room in The Work-

er, I remain,

ain, Yours fraternally, C. A. McLean.

L. U. NO. 540, CANTON, OHIO.

Editor:

Here we are Local No. 540 still out though conditions at present appear quite favorable. Our Local is still intact, and are determined to hold out until all demands are granted.

Our cause is being pressed by all Local Building Trades, which we surely approached.

preciate.

Most of the large building construction is at a standstill, as they are unable to proceed until the electric work is done.

Since our last letter we have changed our meeting place from the Central Labor Hall to the Martin Block.

Meeting nights have been changed from second and fourth Mondays to every Tuesday. The meetings are well attended and all the boys are taking an active interest.

Yours fraternally,

R. C. Scott,

R. C. Scott, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 581, MORRISTOWN, N. J.

Editor:

I am writing to let the Brotherhood know that Local No. 581 is enjoying prosperity and good conditions. Although we are only a small local, this town is about 100 per cent organized.

This is our first communication in The Worker, and we wish to state that our members enjoy hearing from the other locals through The Worker, and we wish to let others know what we are doing.

We have held a charter since 1906 but it took us a long time to get all the men on the straight and narrow path and were not able to get any kind of an agreement with the contractors until about five years ago. Since then we have been bettering our conditions and our wages, 25 cents a day and

up to date we are working 44 hours for a week and \$3.75 per day.

Since the war the Hercules Powder Co., ten miles from here have built an immense plant and employed many electricians and when Organizer Smith was in this jurisdiction he found them willing to form a Local at Dover, five miles nearer the plant and asked this Local to cede that district which we did and the fellows tell me they are doing fine for a new local.

we are planning on our outing which we hold every year and will write and try to furnish a picture of our boys all enjoying themselves. Our jurisdiction covers a large territory so we hold this outing and try to keep the fellows in together and we usually have a good attendance.

We have thirty-five members and average about twenty-two members to a meeting, which is good considering that about one-sixth of our membership have to come as far as eight miles.

I think I have written quite a little about us for our first attempt, so will close, with best wishes and success for the Brotherhood.

Fraternally yours.

Fraternally yours,

Harry Anson, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 587, POTTSVILLE, PA.

Editor:

We, the members of Local Union No. 587,
I. B. E. W. of Pottsville, Pa., wish to express our thanks and hearty appreciation for the valuable assistance rendered us by the International Office and Organizer C. J. Boyle during our recent difficulty. It is safe to say that without the aid we received we should not have arrived at such a satisfactory settlement at such an early date.

received we should not have arrived at such a satisfactory settlement at such an early date.

We organized August 15, 1915, and April 1, 1916, we presented our agreement to the Contractors and Electric Company for their approval or disapproval with a little difficulty with the manager of the Electric Light and Street Railway Company of this city, but finally came to a satisfactory agreement with the company for two years and with the Local contractor of this city for one year. All our contractors but one signed the agreement. He finally signed about nine weeks afterward.

Everything is running fine here, but our linemen are working with non-union man as long as he lasts. I think that every man that will not go in the Local should be chased to the other end of hell until he gains enough horse sense to join our happy crowd. I remain

W. A. Bashne,

A. Bashne, Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 591, STOCKTON, CAL.

Editor:

I would like to let the Brother Locals know that No. 591 is very much alive, even though you have not heard anything to that effect through the pages of the Journal.

Journal.

By the way of explaining why you haven't heard from us during my term of office, I might say I was elected to fill the office of Press Secretary upon my return from my honeymoon, "enough said." My time has been very much occupied. I shall try to make a better showing for the boys in the future.

I would feel a little more encouraged to write if I received a copy of the Journal each month, as I have received a very few copies in the past.

copies in the past.
Well, to get down to business I'll state well, to get down to business it state that the electrical workers of Stockton are at present all busy, and we are having quite a good electrical year. Just a few of us have a little idle time. Last month the Electrical Contractors' Association of the Pacific coast met here, and in an open meeting they had some of their spokesmen bring out several good points that was very much in our favor. They had some very broad-minded views in regard to employee and employer. We trust they will apply some of them in the various shops.

Since the first of the year we have weeded out the culls from among our boys in the Local, so while we are a smaller body at the present, nevertheless we are every man a union man, more Brotherly love prevails, and we find that we can accomplish more good than twice the number on the roll call when they are not pulling together.

Our worthy Recording Secretary, C. S.

Our worthy Recording Secretary, C. S. Estroda, is to be commended for the good work he has been doing lately (with the assistance of some of the brothers) toward getting some of our good conditions back, and making us feel like we are on firmer ground, after the trouble we have had in the past.

the past.

We are all fighting for one goal, that is good organization and better times.

One of our brothers, Jesse Jones, is laid up in the hospital with a broken leg and arm caused by a motorcycle accident, but he is improving rapidly and we expect to see him in the hall with us in the near

By the way, I see in the L. U. Directory that L. U. No. 591 is given the old address of No. 19 N. Hunter St.

I would like to say that we haven't met there for several months and would further say that just this week we have moved to new quarters, along with other Local Linions and wa no longer meet on Monday Unions, and we no longer meet on Monday

nights.

We now have new quarters at 220 N.

Market street and we meet every Wed-

Market street and wo meday night.

We expect to have a big time opening night to dedicate our new home. We will have music, refershments and dancing and we also hope to have Governor Hiram Johnson on the program that night for a speech. August 14th has been set for opening night.

opening night.
We are going to give a dance soon for
the benefit of our disabled brothers and we
expect a large attendance as they always
turn out well to our dances.
Bro. Rausch is chairman of the dance

committee.

Hoping to report more progress in the future I'll close this letter with success to all and much prosperity to the I. B. E. W. I am,

Fraternally yours,
Walter J. Sauze,
Fress Secretary.

L. U. NO. 595, OAKLAND, CALIF.

First of all I am going to deviate from the regular routine of business and in this letter tell you about our annual banquet, the regular routine of business and in this letter tell you about our annual banquet, which you will see a picture of in this issue. The banquet was called at 9 p. m. on August 2, when over 150 members sat down to the good eats. After being photographed we proceeded to enjoy the feed. And some feed, too. The banquet was served in our halls and was prepared by our members. Of all the good eats, drinks and smokes; this banquet would have cost us at least \$2.00 per plate outside. President McAuluff acted as toastmaster which he did with credit to himself, but I think overstepped the good progress he is making as a presiding officer when he tried to tell a funny story.

International Vice President L. C. Grasser and General Organizer F. J. Rhode spoke on organization and wished No. 595 ever success. Right here I might say for

Brother Rhode that when No. 595 says they are going to give a feed at 9 p. m. we mean it and that we wish him to be more prompt next time and get a seat at the table and get in the picture. Otherwise, we congratulate you on your good behavior during the evening and have a standing invitation to visit our Local anytime, if it is only a hand-out.

"Red" Ellison, one of the city inspectors in the department of electricity, told some fine Irish stories, which he is noted for. Other members folowed with some funny jokes.

Tom Atkin, chief electrician of the city dredges, and F. A. Alder, instructor of electricity at the Oakland Vocational High School, rendered some favorite songs.

Tony Quentell, business agent of the Iron Workers and company played some Hawaiian music and dances. Tony's presence was appreciated very much.

County Supervisor John F. Mullins was invited to attend the banquet and give a talk, but was delayed at other meetings. We missed his presence and he could not have met a finer bunch of felows. Supervisor Mullins has always been with labor and is doing good work for us on the bridges and also helping out the Iron Workers, so all of you who ever have a chance to vote for Johny Mullins in our district here, will be casting your ballot for one who is with labor and in turn do the electrical workers a good turn right at this present time here is Alameda County. the electrical workers a good turn right at this present time here is Alameda County. I want to say California has had some very good labor laws enacted, which you all know, and this is the way we do it and go down the line for a good candidate who is with labor and thus show organized labor's power at the ballot box. Brothers, I am a serious believer in this line of action and those of you who do not use your ballot rightly will do well to think this over when election comes around in your state and use your power. Los Angeles has been trying this the last few years and is gradually relegating General Otis to the political scrap heap and organized labor is gradually forging ahead there. there.

Now returning to our banquet, while being an annual one with No. 595 as a gettogether and good-fellowship meeting, this one was also celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary year of the founding of our Brotherhood in St. Louis in 1891.

Great credit is due our untiring Business Agent, Mark Antley, who is an old-time chef and the rest of the entertainment committee, for making this feed the success it was. The committee was Mark Antley, chairman Si. Pierce, Chas. Murphy, Wm. Shephard and Jack Manning.

The new Local No. 257 gave an open meeting in our halls July 24. They are progressing and the new members are taking an interest in organizing.

General Organizer, F. J. Rhode, is now doing some good work out of Sacramento and Northern California towns. Brother Grasser is helping us out on the Marine wiremen and there are good prospects of or-ganizing a new Marine Local in San Fran-cisco or Oakland.

We are still working on the bridge proposition and Business Agent Antley is deserving much credit for the splendid fight he is making for the Brotherhood in this matter. While we have had the engineers to fight we now have the carpenters looking for a bridge job.

Work conditions are still good and most all our members working.

Mark Antley and his boys (once his helpers but now journeymen) journeyed to Santa Cruz one Sunday last month and enjoyed a very delightful trip. One of

Mark's boys tied a tin can to his Ford while $\underline{h}e$ was fixing the sparks. Fraternally,

A. E. Danielson. Press Secretary. Oakland, Calif., August 6, 1916.

L. U. N. 601, CHAMPAIGN AND URBANA.

Editor:

Editor:

I have just read in The Worker about the big class of apprentices which graduated from the Crane Technical High School in Chicage and I want to say that was sure a mighty grand thing for those boys and that they sure had a mighty fine program with it. Now brothers, I think that is a good thing for other Locals to follow with their apprentices. If the boys can't go to school then try and have some kind of a school class in the Local and teach the boys from practical experience, and give the boys some things to study over. We are still making great progress for our Labor Day celebration and I hope it will be a success.

Our boys are all very busy at this writ-

Our boys are all very busy at this writing and hope that they can all keep it up.
Our M. P. operators have a new agreement for their managers to sign, but at this writing I have not heard yet what was doing, but am almost sure they will sell sign up. all sign up.

As this is all I know of now will close. I remain.

Fraternally yours,
O. L. Welch,

Recording Secretary and Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 647, SCHENECTADY, N. Y.

At our regular meeting, August 2d I was called upon to send a letter to The Worker of the Brotherhood. This is my first experience but I will endeavor to do the best I can and explain our situation here in Schnectady.

here in Schnectady.

Brother Dowling came to Schnectady about five months ago to organize the telephone linemen and installers of the New York Telephone Co. Being the President of Local No. 647, was an employee of the telephone company and I not being a member of the local at that time I approached President Mahar in regards to getting the men to join the Local here and he said there was no use to try for the charter was open here about two years ago and not a one joined. I then said to him you open the charter and I will get them into the Local. He then said if you do you will be a dandy so I started holding secret meetings and did not let him know anything about the meetings. When the charter was opened President Mahar came to me and asked me how many are you charter was opened President Mahar came to me and asked me how many are you going to bring down to the meeting tonight? I told him I did not know but I would be there any way not making him a short took sixteen men down with me and they were all (including myself) taken into Local No. 647. Two weeks previous to this meeting Mahar was promoted to foreman by the telephone company, and at the meeting that the sixteen men were taken into the Local, Mahar asked one of the brother members if it would not be policy for him (Mr. Mahar) to resign from the chair and also get a withdrawal card from the Union. He was told he could resign from the chair but could not withdraw from the Local as long as he worked at the business.

At the next meeting I took with me eight more members and they were taken into the Local. That made twenty-four members in all taken into the Local.

Mahar presided in the chair and I got up and made a motion to keep the charter

open for another thirty days so as to get the rest of the men in the Local.

President Mahar did not wait for any of the brothers to speak on the motion. He wanted to know if I thought this Local was a toy shop and I told him no, but I thought as I had twenty-four men join the Local that it would not be logical to close the charter and shut the rest of the men out when I was sure of getting them all in.

When President Maker Care 11 at 19

to close the charter and shut the rest of the men out when I was sure of getting them all in.

When President Mahar saw that I was going to organize the telephone employees of Schenectady he started in with his dirty work and told the men not to join the Local and for them pot to go down to the meeting that night for there was going to be a layoff and if they thought anything of their jobs they had better stay away from the Local and leave the cards alone. Now I will tell you how they unloaded us. They told us there was going to be a general layoff and if we had anything in sight we had better take it. The next day the general foreman came and said there would Le no layoff but there would be some transferring done, and that there was a circus in the city on Saturday, May 20 and if the men wanted to attend the circus we could work overtime and then have from 11 o'clock on Saturday off.

After we had the overtime in the foreman sent us all in the office and told us to turn in our tools and get our money. The excuse the foreman gave was that they could not get material to work with. When we counted up the men laid off there were sixteen out of the twenty-four men that had been taken into the Local. Some of these men had been with the company from two to five years and from four to fifteen years' experience.

If they had laid off the other eight card men they would have been crippled so they could not get their work done.

The card men that they kept to work Mahar had influenced them so that some of them went so far as to tear up their cards and some sent letters into the Local to have their names taken off of the Local's books as they thought more of their jobs than they did of their cards. The men that were kept to work beside the eight card men were men that had only from three months' to one year's experience at the telephone business.

We called a special meeting and declared a strike against the company.

telephone business.

telephone business.
We called a special meeting and declared a strike against the company.
President Mahar said he would not go out on a strike; his reason being that he had written to the International President and that he was going to stay at work until he received an answer from him and at this very meeting an International officer was present, Brother Dowling.
The next morning we tried to get Mahar and the few card men at work to come out with us but it was a total failure.
The division superintendent had them

The division superintendent had them all down to his office and told them to stay at work and stick to the company and the company would stand by them.

We all know that where labor is not protected working condition is generally rot-

ten.

At our regular Wednesday night's meeting we placed a fine of \$50 on these men and they now stand suspended from the Local until the said fine is paid.

The following are the names of the men fined and suspended from the Local No. 647 of Schnectady, N. Y.:

President Bernard Mahar, Steven LaLar, Raymond Pickett, Robert Green, Squire Northripp, Charles Rogers, Stanley Miller, J. Parslo.

J. Parsio.

I will state here that I had 95 per cent of the men's money into the Local when

President Mahar started his dirty work.

Now, brothers, I am going to tell you what we are doing; that is, what men there is left of us. We have been working night

and day and we intend to fight the telephone company as long as we have a leg to stand on. We have the whole labor movement of Schenectady back of us in this fight except the Carpenters and Masons. We were holding up a contract of 185 telephones in a large hotel that is about completed in this city.

The manager wanted his telephones; the New York Telephone Co. said they would put the telephones in. We sent our committee to the manager of the hotel and told him we would pull off all the workmen from the building. The walking delegate of the Carpenters' and Masons' Unions told us if we did that they would not go out on a sympathetic strike and that they would stay to work.

a sympathetic strike and that they would stay to work.
Under these conditions if we ordered the light men off the job the telephone men would go in and do the work and our light men would be on the streets until the telephone work was complete just on account of the carpenters and masons not joining with us, so the only things for us to do was to turn the work over to the light men and by so doing shut the scabs out.

Now just to show you what kind of men the Masons are the other day their walking delegate went down to another building where our light men were working and

delegate went down to another building where our light men were working and asked them if any non-union Masons came on the job for the light men to refuse to work with them and for the light men to help support the union Masons. What do you think of them after refusing to help us in our trouble?

Now, brothers, if you have trouble at any time you will know what to expect from the Carpenters and Masons and if they ask you for any help you will know what

ask you for any help you will know what to do for them.

What we are doing at the present time is trying to get the labor people to remove their telephones if the telephone company does not settle with the union and reinstate the discharged men.

We had ten thousand hand bills printed. We have distributed these throughout the city. We tried to get the local papers of the city to support us in this labor trouble but without avail. They said we were too hard on the company so we took this way to reach the public.

I think I will close this letter now as I think I have taken up space enough for

think I have taken up space enough for this time and wishing the Brotherhood and our valuable Worker the best of success; also thanking the editor for publishing this

letter, I remain. Fraternally yours,

A. L. Tenney, Press Secretary. No. 188 Broadway, Schenectady, N. Y.

L. U. NO. 660, WATERBURY, CONN.

Editor:

Well boys, it is a long time since this Local Union No. 660 has appeared in The

Worker.
Well, you can tell the world that No. 660 is still on the map and is sailing along like

is still on the map and is sailing along like a major.
We pulled a little trouble over here July 25, 1916, against some of the shops because they would not sign our agreement.
But at this writing all shops have signed but one that is The New England Engineering Co., which one of the largest shops in the city.
Three of the fellows staved in all being controlled the city.

the city.

Three of the fellows stayed in all being members of our Local: Wm. Crowey the first President of the Local; George Holton an Roswell Coburn.

A lot of our success with the contract is due to the work of Organizers Sweek and Fennell and not forgetting the committee which worked in harmony with the organizers and Business Agent James Donahue. Some of our boys have jobs around the city doing all kinds of work so that they can pull through the trouble.

Trouble or no trouble we will have a Clam-bake soon and everybody will have a good time for it is an annual outing.

Best wishes and success to all Locals from Local No. 660.

Yours in working condition,

Local No. 660.

L. U. NO. 680, POND DU LAC, WIS.

Editor:

Editor:

For some time past the circuit breaker has been out at this plant and having just noticed it have pushed it back and will send a small piece for print. Things are picking up here slightly in organizing but work is pretty slack. Have two largest shops fair and two small ones unfair, so it's 50-50.

I consider the picture (can hardly call it cartoon) in June Worker very appropriate and believe many of the boys that went wished they had noticed the sign at the R. R. crossing.

R. R. crossing.

Not as cowards but it's no use risking your neck for pure politics.

I noticed for some time in the letters that certain Locals tell of their attendance, say have forty members and thirty to thir-

say have forty members and thirty to thirty-five attend every meeting.
Well, we have twelve members and if we had seven at a meeting at once we need the whole hospital corps. It is a most trying thing for a business agent to go out and lose his own time getting new members and get them up to a meeting and do not have a quorum to give him obligation. It makes me feel like cracking their heads together. Have tried every way; had meeting changed from Friday night to Saturday; one of the oldest members couldn't make it then as he has a flame about 60 miles away that must be seen every Saturmiles away that must be seen every Saturday evening and Sunday without fail, then members felt they would like meeting on Monday evening so changed again but it's

Monday evening so changed again but it's the same old story.
Have a man working at square shop here about 4 months. We always give them lots of time to make enough to join, but considered that long enough and now he claims they have an open shop so he don't have to join. Wouldn't it get you Well what's the matter with Wisconsin? There is not one letter a month from the whole state, but I suppose all too busy working.

working.

We have the State Convention of Wiscon-We have the State Convention of Wisconsin Federation of Labor here July 19 to 23, and believe it will make our old fogy Business Men's Association think their old one horse conventions that they get are dead. We have never received one minute of time or one cent of money from them and will be able to pay cash for all our program.

The B. M. Association donated about \$150 The B. M. Association donated about \$150 to Music Teachers Convention that never spent a cent here. It's awful but what is the use, this old state bunch are all there when it comes to showing them up. Now want some of the brothers to let me know in next Worker what to do with some of these problems I have stated.

Fraternally,

Fraternally,
A. U. Resimuis, No. 680.
Failed to get in last month but will add our convention went off lovely and had about 2.500 out for a moonlight parade, Well we have had in different locals probably a total of 80 new members so it pays to advertise.
Talking about State Federation will say they are the only thing.
The best thing for any local known.
Whenever you need assistance you get it at

The best thing for any local known. Whenever you need assistance you get it at once. If only our I. O. were that way we would feel better about that 40c per month where we only send 2 cents per month to Federation.

A. U. R.

It is about time for John (Red) Collins to drop me a few lines, I am waiting patiently. Reports from organizers and around the circuit indicate great success for the Roth-

circuit indicate great success for the Broth-

erhood. Keep up the good work, brother. The editorials are straight-forward and to the point and are encouraging; and the Press Secretaries should keep up the local

Press Secretaries and success for the mews at least.

With best wishes and success for the Brotherhood, I am,
Fraternally yours,
Anthony (Love) Lynch,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 716, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

Having missed the last two issues of our Worker and practically every Local in the State, but L. U. No. 716 having a letter in the July Worker, I don't think it adviseour Worker and practically every Local in the State, but L. U. No. 716 having a letter in the July Worker, I don't think it adviseable to miss any more or someone will lose his job. Work with us at this time is quiet we had a pretty good run the first six months of this year, but it has dropped down to about normal we are in hopes it will pick up in a very short time. Again Local Union No. 716 had the pleasure of doing all the telephone work on the new Gulf Building except the cable work if we had the cable men we would of done it all and we will on the next job have cable men and keep. All of Mother Bell's men off of the job and make them set up and take notice. We also have signed up with the Gulf Company. One that has always run an open shop and we hope to tell you in the next Worker that we have signed up with the A. D. T. people. Well, it don't look like they make them too bad or too large for our Brotherhood now. To my knowledge No. 9 has won one of the largest battles ever known to the Brotherhood and we hope they will be successful in keeping there brothers out of jail as we know that they did not do any more than any one of us would do in the time of trouble. We are pleased to learn that No. 347 has won their battle and we hope they will be able to prove their members innocent of any violation of the law, but if it was in the power of some of our enemies we would all be in jail, Local Union No. 716 has undertaken to put out a bunch of advertisement for a trial we are in hopes it will bring us results. We know that advertisement for a trial we are in hopes it will bring us results. We know that advertisement for a trial we are in hopes it will bring us results. We know that advertisement pays in every other line and we don't see why it would not pay in our line. We are getting ready for a big Labor Day celebration here and we will tell you all about it when it comes off. Hoping to see our membership double and to see all our Locals and brothers come clear of all their trouble. We remain
Fraternally,
L. U. No. 716, D. W. T.

L. U. NO. 8A, BOSTON, MASS.

Editor:

Editor:

The most pleasing thing to write about this month seems to be our installation night. It was a most enjoyable affair for all who mere privileged to attend it. Locals No. 202 and 8A came together for the occasion and a number of our talented members contributed a musical entertainment of no mean order. One of Massachusetts most distinguished labor men, Martin T. Joyce, was the installing officer and he favored us with a few brief words of commendation. The ceremony over the President of each Local was the recipient of a huge bouquet of roses. This graceful tribute paid, the social festivities were resumed; concluding with an informal luncheon.

We have a happy contrast this year and

luncheon.
We have a happy contrast this year and last. Then we came together in our little meeting room, and it held us, too. This time our much larger quarters were inadequate, and we had to engage an assembly hall. The spirit is different, also. The first flurried desire to gain some immediate industrial results through the power of unity has given place to the real patient hope of achieving our legitimate demands in a sane and lasting manner for the ulti-

mate betterment of all. Evidences of this feeling are not lacking, and it augurs well for the future.

Fraternally yours,
Mary E. Lynch,
Press Secretary.

"FRIENDS OF BIRDS SEEK TO PROTECT FROM LIVE WIRES.

"Societies for the protection of birds have insisted with particular emphasis that central station managers should provide suitable safeguards to prevent the electrocution of birds which perch on high-tension lines. Those endeavors have generally been welcomed by the power companies, not because they pity the birds, but because short circuits might be produced and great damage caused. The arcs produced through the body of a bird, between the line and grounded iron parts, are a serious menace for electric plants. Fluctuation in voltage is caused and worse still may happen if two birds should produce short-circuits. For this reason the system described in the Popular Science Monthly was evolved by one of the large German electric companies. "Societies for the protection of birds have

Popular Science Monthly was evolved by one of the large German electric companies.

"In order to prevent the production of electric arcs between a grounded pole-arm and live conductors, an insulating button is fixed wherever there is a risk of such bridging. These insulating buttons are either pointed or flat. A bird can perch upon them with impunity. Such arrangements will be welcomed by all bird lovers."

We are glad to learn that the brothers in Texas are also interested in protective legislation, and wish them every success. We also note they are adopting the California Act. while we are using a draft from the Washington Act with a few minor changes; in particular, see (1) Rule (1) to read the same as Rule (2) making the same spacing for secondary and primary; so the employers will not be tempted to violate the law on account of being out of the style of cross-arm required; also Rule (32) by cutting out the proviso. Believing that it would be better to let the employer violate the rule, than to permit the workman to do sd. The writer believes that it would be economy for the editor to publish the various existing acts in The Worker, and the proposed acts as they are proposed by the various locals, and then the members who have to work under the act, could have first handed, the particulars and could offer their criticism and the organization could thereby get the maximum of interest stirred up in behalf of the proposed legislation.

An important feature of securing legislation of this observation of securing legislation.

terest stirred up in behalf of the proposed legislation. An important feature of securing legislation of this character, is to establish a standard, so that working men moving from one locality to another will not be confused, and thereby endanger themselves. For example, several attempts have been made to use codes of various kinds to determine lines of different voltages at a distance, one is, to use different colored insulators, another is, to paint the cross-arms a different color, and another is, to stencil the rated voltage of the line on the cross-arm under the various lines. If California were to adopt one standard, and Montana another, and Texas another, and New York another, what would be the confusion of our traveling brothers? Before a lineman got through working in five states or provinces, he would have to have a dictionary to determine what code he was going to work under; and then he would be apt to make a fatal mistake, while having something else on his mind.

All going to show the necessity of a standard code to go by; and the question naturally arises: who is to do it? As the Electrical Workers are primarily interested, it seems to be up to them. And as our International President has pointed out in

the July Worker. There is no provision for this important work, but if a certain portion of The Worker is devoted to new developments along the lines of safety legislation, and by our members taking advantage of this opportunity to inform themselves on the subject, and each individual doing his share, we can become a power before the various legislatures, and possibly do as much or more good than could be done by the expenditure of large sums of money. At least our members would be sufficiently informed to combat the arguments of the employers, that, to institute such laws would be a burden on the companies. A fine example of this argument is shown by a case that occurred in Calgary recently; where a linemen was killed while working on a primary by coming in contact with a guy wire. (at least this is the finding of the coroner's jury), and probably the man's life might be saved by the use of strain insulator, which would probably cost \$2.00 and the company is liable for \$1,800 compensation. Where is the economy?

If our brothers from L. U. No. 639 will come to Alberta we will give him a correct initation of keeping a Provincial Federation alive when half the delegates are trying to kill it, and when they can't do that, they elect dead ones for office, in the hopes that the organization will die a natural death. Had not the International come to our rescue last winter, not a single effort would have been made, on behalf of Electrical Workers. Many thanks to our officers for the interest displayed.

We are glad to report a raise of 2 cents per hour for Electrical Workers employed on the C. P. R. R. which will be well received by some of the boys. L. U. No. 222 is not fortunate enough to have any of these employees, but we did have some railroad telegraph linemen. We believe something should be done to organize this class of linemen. It seems that the telegraph men have always been backward. We have learned by investigation that the foreman belongs to the telegraphers, but the men are left to shift for themselves,

The Metal Trades Department through President O'Connel, got busy on the Panama situation where the Canal Government had practically decreased the pay of a large number of our members and other workmen by taking away the free rent, current and fuel, that they formerly enjoyed. This was some big item January 15, 1915, taking these things away was some blow to them. And it looked like there was no help for them but the Metal Trades got busy in Washington ington, D. C., and camped right on the trail of the matter. Their efforts resulted in the following executive order by the President:

EXECUTIVE ORDER. Establishing regulations providing conditions under which the Panama Canal and the Panama Railroad Company employees on the Isthmus of Panama may be allowed the use of quarters, fuel and electric current.

By virtue of the authority vested in me, and the Panama Canal Act approved August 24, 1912, it is hereby ordered:

1. That the Executive Order of January 15, 1915, No. 2120, is hereby rescind-

ed and abrogated.

- 2. That effective July 1, 1916, officers and employes of the Pamana Canal and the Panama Railroad Company on the Isthmus of Panama shall be allowed, where available, quarters, free of rent, and shall be furnished fuel and electric current free.
- 3. That the Governor of the Panama Canal is hereby authorized to assign to officers and employes of the Panaman Canal and of the Panama Railroad Company, such quarters as may be available for occupancy, and to make all rules and regulations necessary to govern the assignment and occupancy of such quarters, including rules and regulations relative to the furnishing of fuel and electric current to officers and employes of the Panama Canal and the Panama Railroad Company while occupying such quarters.

 4. That officers and employes of the

4. That officers and employes of the Panama Canal and the Panama Railroad

Company, for whom quarters are not available or who do not occupy such quarters as may be assigned to them by the Governor of the Panama Canal, shall have no claim against the Government of the United States for commutation of quarters not furnished or not occupied, nor for fuel and electric current not furnished.

5. That all rules and regulations governing the assignment and occupancy of quarters heretofore promulgated by the Governor of the Panama Canal or the Isthmian Canal Commission. not inconsistent with the provisions of this Executive Order, are continued in full force and effect until such time as they may be changed by regulations promulgated by the Governor of the Panama Canal under authority of this Executive Order; and all rules and regulations heretofore promulgated by the Governor of the Panama Canal in connection with the use and occupancy of quarters and the furnishing of fuel and electric current to officers and employes of the Panama Canal and the Panama Railroad Company, inconsistent with the provisions of this Executive Order, are hereby rescinded and abolished.

Woodrow Wilson.

The White House, 25 July, 1916.

THINGS ELECTRICAL

Special type pholy-phase induction motors of the wire wound rotor type are suitable for the following conditions of operation.

First. For use on circuits where the relatively large volume of starting current taken by the squirrel-cage motor would be objectionable. In such cases the resistance is made up in form of a starting box, which is connected to the brushes. This type of motor will then start on any load within its capacity without out taking materially more current than is required to carry the same load after the motor is up to speed.

Second. This type of motor is also used where very heavy starting torgue is required. In this case, also, the resistance is used in form of a starting box, but the rheostat is made of such capacity that it will handle considerably more than the full load current of the motor. The motor can be used to start as heavy a load as it will carry after it reaches full speed. This will be ordinarily at least double the rated load of the motor. Motors running elevators or plunger pumps, starting under their full load, will ordinarily be classed under this head.

Third. This type of motor is used where variable speed is required. In

this case the resistance is made up into some form of a controller, and is proportioned to carry the motor current continuously. This action is similar to the introduction of resistance into the armature of a direct current shunt-wound motor. The speed with the motor running under load will be reduced in direct proportion to the amount of resistance in the circuit and also in proportion to the load upon the motor. The resistance of course is adjustable, so that by using the proper amount of resistance any speed from standstill to full speed can be secured when the motor is under load. The standard form of controller is arranged to reduce the speed about 50 per cent when running under a little less than full load. This arrangement is suitable for printing presses, ventilating fans, and certain kinds of machine tools where the load remains approximately constant after the motor is once set to run at a certain speed. This type of machine is not suitable, however, for variable speed service where the torgue of the motor varies widely, as would be the case, for instance where the motor is driving a turning lathe. This is because the motor will run at full speed at no load, even when the controlling resistance is all cut into the circuit. The widely varying torgue will therefore result in a proportionately wide variation of speed, which is ordinarily objectionable. For this class of service another type of motor must be used.

Poly-phase Induction Motor Hints.

The motor should be placed in as cool, clean, and well-ventilated a location as possible, and should be easily accessible for cleaning and oiling. It should be set with the shaft level and parallel to the shaft it is to drive, so that the belt will run in the middle of the crowned pulleys.

Before starting, assurance should be made that the oil rings are free to turn with the shaft, that the bearings are full of oil, that the rotor revolves freely and that the brushes bear firmly on the collector rings. The oil wells should be filled with a good quality of motor oil, which should be changed about once every two or three months, or less frequently if the location is clean.

If the collector rings become rough, smooth them up with No. 00 sand paper moistened with oil. When fitting new brushes or changing them, always sand paper them down until they fit the rings perfectly, by passing to and from beneath the brush a strip of sand paper having the rough side towards the brush. When the brushes become worn, they may be turned upside down and the other half may be used.

Nothing should be used on the collector rings except a good mineral machine oil or kerosene, and this only in very small quantities, applied with a cloth leaving no lint or threads.

If located as suggested above, the motor will carry full load, as indicated by the name plate on the motor, without injurious temperature rise. A temperature rise of 40 degrees or 50 degrees C above that of the surrounding air will ordinarily feel hot to the hand, but it is far below the danger point. If the motors run in a small enclosed place with no ventilation, the temperature will be somewhat higher than those given.

Wind Loads.

A number of electrical workers wonder how the wind causes great damage to work in course of construction. The increasing number of signs and tower transmission lines would cause many to ask about the pressure of wind. The following table will give an idea of wind pressure at different degrees of velocity.

WIND LOADS.

Velocity	
miles	Pressure lbs.
per hr.	per square feet.
10	0.4 fresh breeze
20	1.6 stiff breeze
30	3.6 strong wind
40	6.4 high wind
50	$10.0 \mathrm{\ storm}$

60	14.4 violent storm
80	25.6 hurricane
100	40.0 violent hurricane
Τv	vo and Three-Phase Induction.
	MOTOR INSTRUCTIONS.

To insure the best operation, a systematic inspection should be made often. The points to be given special attention are as follows:

Cleanliness. See that both the interior and the exterior are kept free from water or dirt of any description. (The exterior frame can be readily wiped off, while a small bellows will serve to clean the external windings.

Bearings. See that the excessive heating and wear of all bearings are prevented by proper lubrication and belt tension. Try the air gap frequently to see that the rotor does not rub against the stator. When the linings are unduly worn, they must be replaced by new

Oil Wells. See that the oil wells are filled with a good quality of mineral oil nearly to the top of the overflow hole of the oil filler.

After the first week the oil should under average conditions be drained out about every sixty days, and replaced with fresh clean oil. In replacing the drainage plug should be red-leaded or shellacked and securely tightened to prevent gradual leakage.

Oil Rings. See that the rings revolve freely and carry a sufficient quantity of oil to the shaft.

Brushes. If a brush type motor see that the brushes make firm and even contact, and if in holder, that they move freely.

Method of Drive. (If) Belt see that the belt is just tight enough to transmit the power without slipping. Also that the driving and driven units are properly lined up so that the belt travels squarely on the pulley face and the belt pull be if possible on the underside.

Drive if Chain or Gear see that the running parts are in alignment and properly lubricated.

Air Gap. Since the air gap is so small in an induction motor, being from 0.015 inch in a 10 horsepower motor, to 0.06 inch in a 1,500 horsepower motor, it should be uniform throughout. The bearings should not have enough play in any direction to enable the rotor to encroach upon it seriously. The gap should, therefore be carefully tested with the motor tipped in all four directions.

Speed. The speed of an induction motor may be controlled in various ways as follows:

- 1 Change the applied voltage.
- 2 Change the rotor resistance .
- 3 Change the number of poles.
- 4 Operate in Cascade.
- 5 Change the frequency.

Rectifiers for Moving Picture Machines.

Every moving picture operator or theater manager knows that direct current is far better than alternating current for operating moving picture lamps, because it delivers a clearer, whiter and steadier light on the screen with a minimum number of amperes in the arc. Even though direct current may be available from the lighting company's mains, the use of a rheostat or resistance in order to get the proper regulation in the arc means that there is a large waste of energy; in fact, about 60 per cent in the rheostat. While alternating current requires a larger number of amperes to secure even a reasonably good light, it is possible to regulate the current by means of transformers or choke coils so that the energy wasted is reduced to a minimum. The above stated briefly is

Direct current gives the best light at high cost.

Alternating current gives a poorer light at a lower cost.

By using mercury arc rectifiers it is possible to obtain direct current from alternating at a low cost because the regulation is obtained from the alternating side of the rectifier while the current supplied to the arc comes from the direct current side. The mercury arc rectifier is a unique piece of apparatus and there is no outfit except an A. C. to D. C. motor generator which can take its place.

Arithmetic of the Job.

 An arc lamp takes 6½ amperes at 110 volts. What power is consumed?

Solution Watts = Amperes × volts or $6\frac{1}{2} \times 110 = 715$ watts consumed.

2. How much power is taken by 5 incandescent lamps if each is rated at 40 watts? What would it cost to operate them for one hour with current at \$.10 per kilowatt hour. Solution-

Watts = amperes times volts or $5 \times$ 40 = 200 watts used 1 kilowatt hour = 1,000 watts used one hour.

200 watts used one hour = - = $\frac{1}{2}$ of

a kilowatt hour.

 $\frac{1}{8}$ of .10 = .2

Power used one hour 200 watt hours. Cost \$.02

3. A trolley car has a voltage of 540 volts and uses 21,000 watts. What current does it take? Solution

Current (Amperes) =
$$\frac{\text{watts}}{\text{volts}}$$
 = 21,000 \div 540 = amp.

Answer 38 + amp. 4. What power does a motor consume which takes 20 amperes at 220 volts.

Kilo Watts =
$$\frac{4400}{1000}$$
 = 4.4 Answer 4.4 K. W.

5. What horse power does the motor of the above example consume?

1 kilo watt = $1\frac{1}{3}$ horse power 4.4 kilo watt = $4.4 \times 1\frac{1}{3} = 5.87$ horse power. Answer.

AROUND THE CIRCUIT

Organizer St. John has just succeeded in placing a local of operators in Pittsfield, Mass., which will soon be a 100 per cent organization and another new local in the vicinity of Adams and Both are husky young-Williamstown. sters, and will be heard from.

The Light Company of Shreveport, La., has finally agreed with the Local and is now paying \$3.50 for nine; four ways on Company time. Shreveport is coming right along. More power to you.

Organizer Goble reports that Local 681 of Wichita Falls, Texas, has just succeeded in signing up the Southern Electric Co. of that city, making Wichita Falls a one hundred per cent organization in our craft. The dear, brave independent non-union men need not apply there.

Local No. 29 of Trenton, N. J., assisted by Vice President Bugniazet and Organizer Boyle, has reached a settlement with the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Traction Company.

Local Union 538, assisted by Organizer Cleary, has entered into a new working schedule and wage agreement with the Chicago Milwaukee Railroad.

An increase of 31/2 cents per hour forelectricians was obtained.

Classification of men was changed so that the wages of many were increased 5½ to 9½ cents per hour.

Local No. 171 of St. Louis Railway Signal Men have adjusted their grievances with the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, and the officers and members who were discharged for their active interest in the Local Union have been reinstated to their former positions. The Local was assisted in the matter by Organizer A. W. McIntyre.

Local No. 247 of Schenectady, N. Y., assisted by Vice President Bugniaget. has been successful in negotiating a new wage scale which provides for a very substantial increase in wages and other improved conditions.

A settlement has been reached between Local No. 492 and the Montana Light, Heat and Power Company, which provides for an increase in wages for all the electricians employed, and recognition of the organization.

The Local was assisted by Organizer Pastien.

Local No. 155 of Oklahoma City, has negotiated an increase of 21/2c per hour for their members employed by the Lighting Company.

This increase brings the pay of groundmen to within 10c per day, for 8 hours, of that which is paid the telephone linemen who are unorganized, and work 9 hours. This surely should be an incentive for the telephone men to seek organization and improve their conditions also.

The boys at Little Rock, Ark., have at last succeeded in taming the Light Co.

They now have an agreement for \$3.50 for nine four ways on the company

The road may be long and hard but persistence wins.

Elementary Lessons in Electricity and Magnetism

(Continued from last issue.)

415. Secondary Batteries: Storage of Currents.—A voltameter. Electric series of voltameters, whose electrodes are thus charged respectively with hy-



Fig. 155.

Fig. 155.

drogen and oxygen, will serve as secondary batteries, in which the energy of a current may be stored up (as chemical work) and again given out. Ritter, who in 1803 constructed a secondary pile, used electrodes of platinum. Gaston Plante, in 1860, devised a secondary cell consisting of two pieces of sheet lead rolled up (without actual contact) as electrodes, dipping into dilute sulphuric acid, as in Fig. 155; the lead becoming with repeated charges in alternate directions coated with a semi-porous film of tions coated with a semi-porous film of brown dioxide of lead on the anode plate, and on the kathode plate assuming a spongy metallic state presenting a large amount of surface of high chemical

activity. When such a battery, or accumulator of currents, is charged by connecting it with a dynamo-electric machine or other powerful generator of currents, the anode plate becomes peroxidised, while the kathode plate deoxidised by the hydrogen that is liberated. The plates may remain for many days in this condition, and will furnish a current until the two lead surfaces are reduced to a chemically inactive state. The electromotive-force of such cells is about 2.0 volts during discharge. Plante has ingeniously arranged batteries of such cells so that they can be charged in parallel arc, and discharged in series, giving (for a short time) currents of extraordinary strength. Faure, in 1881, improved the Plante accumulator by giving the two lead plates a preliminary coating of red-lead (or minium). When a current is passed through the cell to charge it, the red-lead is peroxidised at the anode, and reduced,-first to a condition of lower oxide, then to the spongy metallic state,—at the kathode, and thus a greater thickness of the working substance is provided, and takes far less

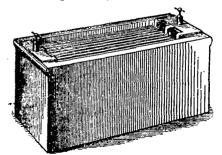


Fig. 156.

time to form than is the case in Plante's cells. For electric lighting, Faure's cells are made up with flat plates in the form shown in Fig. 156. In Sellon's and Volckmar's accumulators the minium is packed into interstices in the lead plates. A secondary cell resembles a Leyden jar in that it can be charged and then discharged. Its time-rate of leakage is also similar. The residual charges of Leyden jars, though small in quantity and transient in their discharge, yet exactly resemble the polarisation charges of voltameters.

416. Grove's Gas Battery.—Sir W. Grove devised a cell in which platinum electrodes, in contact respectively with hydrogen and oxygen gas, replaced the usual zinc and copper plates. Each of these gases is partially occluded by the metal platinum, which, when so treated, behaves like a different metal. In Fig. 157 one form of Grove's Gas Battery is shown, the tubes O and H containing the + and — electrodes, surrounded with oxygen and hydrogen respectively.

417. General Laws of Electrolytic Action.—In addition to Faraday's quantita-

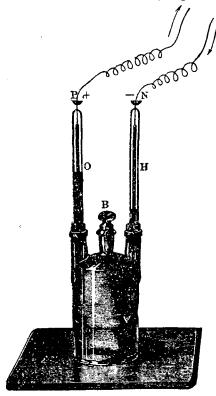


Fig. 157.

tive laws given in Art. 211, the following are important:—

(a.) Every electrolyte is decomposed into two portions, an anion and a kation, which may be themselves either simple or compound. In the case of simple binary compounds, such as fused salt

- (Na Cl), the ions are simple elements. In other cases the products are often complicated by secondary actions. It is even possible to deposit an alloy of two metals—brass for example—from a mixture of the cyanides of zinc and of copper.
- (b.) In binary compounds and most metallic solutions, the metal is deposited by the current where it leaves the cell, at the kathode.
- (c.) Aqueous solutions of salts of the metals of the alkalies and alkaline earths deposit no metal, but evolve hydrogen owing to secondary action of the metal upon the water. From strong solutions of caustic potash and soda Davy succeeded in obtained metallic sodium and potassium, which were before unknown. If electrodes of mercury are employed, an amalgam of either of these metals is readily obtained at the kathode. The so-called ammonium-amalgam is obtained by electroylsing a warm, strong solution of salammoniac between mercury electrodes.
- (d.) Substances can be arranged in a definite series according to their electrolytic behaviour; each substance on the list behaving as a kathion (or being "electropositive") when electrolysed from its compound with any other on the list. In such a series the oxidisable metals, potassium, sodium, zinc, etc., head the list; after which come the less oxidisable or "electronegative" metals; then carbon, oxygen, phosphorus, iodine, chlorine, sulphur, and lastly ozone.
- (e.) From a solution of mixed metallic salts the least electropositive metal is deposited first, unless the current be very strong.
- (f.) The liberated ions appears only at the electrodes.
- (g.) For each electrolyte a minimum electromotive-force is requisite, without which complete electroylsis cannot be affected. (See Art. 413.)
- (h.) If the current be of less electromotive-force than the requisite minimum, electrolysis may begin, and a feeble current flow at first, but no ions will be liberated, the current being completely stopped as soon as the opposing electromotive-force of polarisation has risen to equality with that of the electrolysing current.
- (i.) There is no opposing electromotive-force of polarisation when electrolysis is effected from an anode of the same metal that is being deposited at the kathode. The feeblest cell will suffice to deposit copper from sulphate of copper if the anode be a copper plate.

(Continued in next issue.)

(m)40 St.

THE JOURNAL OF ELECTRICAL

. UNION DIRECTOR'

(m) Mixed (s) Shopmen.(f) Fixture Hangers.(t.o.) Telephone. (t) Trimmers.(c) Craneman. Lineman. Lineman.
 Insidemen. (c.s.) Cable Splicers.

(r.r.) Railroad Men. (b.o.) Bridge Operators. (p.o.) Picture Operators.

L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Date.
(i)1	St. Louis, Mo	E O Cub-	5236 Vermont Ave.	Hubert Morrisson	5952 Carfield Ave	2881 Loonet St	From Trondos
(1)2	St. Louis, Mo	E L Kendall	3625A Rebcca St				
(1)4	New Orleans, La	Paul Radelet	1481 N. Robertson.				
	!				care Jas. Howley		
(i)5	Pittsburgh, Pa	M. P. Gordan	607 Webster Ave				
(i)6	San Francisco	A. Elken	200 Guerrero St				
(i)7	Springfield, Mass	Erbert Ayers	78 Adams St				
(i)8	Toledo, O	H. Ginnis	227 E. Bancroft St.				
(1)9	Chicago, Ill	A. M. Parish	1007 N. Laramie Av.	L. M. Fee	2203 W. Monroe St.	740 W. Madison St.	Every Friday.
(m)10	Butler, Pa	J. T. Schaeffer	Box 533	E. A. Reed	241 W. Diamond	Unit'd Lab'r Coun.	1st & 3d Thurs
(m)12	Pueblo, Colo	W. L. Nelson	Box 70				
(m)13	Dover, N. J	W. B. Maher	19 Myrtle Ave	Ralph Ferguson	44 Hudson St	Labor Temple	2d & 4th Fri.
(1)14	Pittsburgh, Pa	E. L. Huey	1514 Franklin, N.S.	G. A. Stockdale	Box 221, Dravos	2d Floor, 607 Web-	Friday.
	1	•			burg, Pa.	ster Ave.	·
(1)15	Jersey City, N. J	C. Fisher	147 New York Ave.	H. Haggstrom	4431 3d Ave., New	642 Newark Ave	2d & 4th Tues.
					York, N. Y.		
	Evansville, Ind						
(1)17	Detroit, Mich	D. D. McKay	307 (old) Tel. Bldg.	John E. Packard	367 High West	I, O. O. F. Hall,	Every Sat.
		•			- 1	119 Dondolnh Ct	-

(i)18 Oklahoma City... W. H. Chase... 615 N. Shartel... B. B. Butterworth. 615 N. Shartel St. 128½ W. Grand... Every Tuesday (1)20 New York, N. Y... John Graham... 382 Wadsworth Av. Joseph E. Healey... 730 E. 134th St. 154 54th St. E... Every Friday. (1)21 Philadelphia, Pa... H. Blackdore... W. T. McKinney... Westville, N. J. ... 184 Every Friday. (1)21 Philadelphia, Pa... H. Blackdore... W. T. McKinney... Westville, N. J. ... 184 Every Friday. (1)21 Philadelphia, Pa... H. Blackdore... W. T. McKinney... Westville, N. J. ... 184 Every Westville, N. J. .

(i)43 Syracuse, N. Y. J. Doster. Box 416. Substitution of the control of the cont

(1)51 Peoria, Ill.......Ed Leroy 302 Greenleaf St. Fred V. Klooz.... 109 Kettelle St... 209 Liberty St., 2d 1st & 3d Mon. Floor

rades & Labo Assembly Hall,

St.

(m)54 Columbus, O.... Edw. Howell...... 269 S. 3d St..... D. C. Hagerty.... 1100 Summit St... 21½ N. Front St... 2d & 4th Tues. (1)55 Des Moines, Ia.... Jas. Norton...... 1020 High St..... Jas. Fitzgerald... 1359 24th St..... Trades & Labor Friday.

52 Newark, N. J..... E. M. Taylor...... 69 Rose Terrace... E. Schroeder..... 14 Hawthorne Ave. 262 Washington St. Every Wed. (m)53 Alexandria, La.... M. G. Holloman... 1716 Polk St..... M. G. Holloman... 1716 Polk St..... Painters' Hall, 2d Every Friday.

(m) 67 Quincy, III... R. J. Flotkoetter. 828 N. 12th St... Fred Moeller... 139½ N. 12th St... Trades Labor Hall 2d & 4th Mon. (i) 68 Denver, Colo... D. K. Miller... 61 Elati St... E. S. Hawkins... 26 S. Sherman St. 1517 Lawrence St. Every Mon. (m) 69 Dallas, Tex. E. A. Croll... P. O. Box 827. J. P. Conner... P. O. Box 827. Labor Temple... Every Tues.

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L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Date.
(i)71 (i)72	Columbus, O Waco, Tex	Otto Gerhold F. B. Womack	874 S. High St Box 814	O. C. Gilbert Claud Doyle	311 S. 5th St P. O. Box 814	116 S. 2d St 21½ N. Front St 4th & Austin	Every Friday. 2d & 4th Mon.
(i)78	Tacoma, Wash	Carl Gethes	5439 S. Sheridan	R. D. O'Neil	15 Illinois, Sta. B. 536 Oakdale 5642 S. K St	15 Illinois Ave Oaks & Division K. P. Temple	1st & 3d Fri.
(1)77 (cs)78 (1)79 (m)80	Cleveland, O Syracuse, N. Y Norfolk, Va	E. F. McMamenug Joseph Bennett H. J. Kraemer	Labor Temple 7411 Cedar Ave Seymour St 1907 Countz st	Leo A. Connors Benj. Rothwell T. J. Gates	1178 E. 84th St 305 Herkimer St P.O. Box 232, Nor-	Labor Temple Superior Bldg Myers Hall Church St	Every Tues. Fridays. Wednesdays.
(m)81	Scranton, Pa	Louis Leach	615 3d St., Dun- more, Pa.	John Campbell	Hickory St., Scran- ton, Pa.	123 Penn. Ave	1st & 3d Mon.
(6)85 86 87	Schenectady, N. Y. Rochester, N. Y Youngstown, O	M. J. Farrell Don C. Tobias	708 Crane St 390 North St 1919 Oak Hill Ave.	C. V. Platto A. L. Knauf C. J. Williams	34 Wilmington St. Rm. 213 K. of C. Bldg.	Main & Wash 86 Central Ave 240 State 95 E. Main 269½ W. Federal.	Every Friday. Ev. other Wed. Every Mon.
					343 N. High St	Merkle Bldg Rm. 13 K, of P.	Wed.
(m)90	New Haven, Conn.	Wm. Dedrick	385 Whalley Ave	B. Weymer	10 Hulbert St	Bldg., Market & Washington 98 Poli Bldg	Tuesday.
(m)91 (m)93 (m)94 (m)95	Brownwood, Tex E. Liverpool, O Kewanee, Ill Joplin, Mo	R. H. Harward Oscar J. Kommel. Ernest J. Ford Al. W. Greninger.	11207 Vincent St 118 W. 3d St 712 E. 9th St 420 Gray Ave	R. H. Harward I. R. Herron Ernest J. Ford	813 Lincoln Ave 712 E. 9th St	116 W. 6th St	1st Thurs. Every Friday.
(m)96 (1)97 (i)98	Worcester, Mass Waco, Tex Philadelphia. Pa	L. R. Cannerway J. P. Meade	1734 Mehlter St 104 N. 15th St	T. F. Gray E. B. Coleman	1737 Clay St 104 N. 15th St	419 Main St	Every Mon. Every Friday. Every Tues.
(1)100 (1)101 (1)102	Fresno, Cal Cincinnati, O Paterson, N. J	E. M. Bills Ben Lloyd Robt. Sigler	1330 Callisch St	C. R. Russell A. J. Stayton Alvin Burnett	1629 Herbert Ave 552 Lexington Av.,	1313 Vine St 359 VanHouten St.	Every Tues. 2d & 4th Wed. Every Thurs.
(i)103	Boston, Mass	J. W O'Donnell	987 Washington St.	F. L. Kelley	Clifton, N. J 95 Beacon St., Hyde Park, Mass.	987 Washington St.	Every Wed.
	1) ~	ertown, Mass.	1	45 Cedar St., Cam-	987 Washington St.	
(i)105 (m)106 (i)107	Hamilton, Ont., C. Jamestown, N Y Gr'd Rapids, Mich.	A. Boond S. C. Keller R. C. Shiner	40 Main St., W 55 Cowden Place 426 Brainard Ave. NE.	Wm. Pedder Robt. H. Ingalsbe. H. T. Rathbun	30 New St 30 Spruce St 112 Colfax St. NE.	22½ John St. S 9 W. 3d St 112½ Mich. St. NW.	2d & 4th Wed. Alternate Mon. Tuesdays.
(1)109	Rock Island, Ill	E. R. French	P. O. Box 662 534½ 12th St	W. H. Gundaker	1633 W. 2d St.,	1012½ Franklin 21st & 3d Ave	2d & 4th Mon.
(1)111	Denver, Colo	W. A. Fitzgerald	Box 1061	J. Johnson	309 Wabasha St Box 1061	Trades Union Hall 1517 Lawrence St:	Every Friday, 8:00 p. m.
(1)112 (m)113 114 (i)116	Louisville, Ky Colo. Spgs., Colo. Fort Dodge, Ia Ft. Worth, Tex	W. D. Tucker H. H. Ford C. M. Smiley Chas. Shryoe	639 S. Floyd St Box 654 Tobin Apts. No. 4. Labor Temple	J. F. Ulmer D. J. Elkins E. M. Gulden H. S. Broiles	2503 Griffith Ave 518 N. Spruce St 1 N. 18th St 1901 6th Ave	506 Walnut St 22 E. Bijou St I. O. O. F. Hall Labor Temple 168 Chicago St	Every Wed.
(1)118 (m)119 (m)120	Temple, Tex	Jas. R. O'Neal A. Bryce	102 S. 8th St 141 High St	H. S. Newland E. Ingles	506 S. 11th 85 Clarence St	168 Chicago St Court Exchange Rm 203 Ruda Bldg. Richmond St Ellis & Jackson	1st & 3d Fri. 3d Tuesday.
(m)122	Great Falls, Mont.	H. W. Beuneche	Box 385	H. Von Turffs	Box 385	Doswall's Hall,	Every Mon.
(1)125 126 127	Portland, Oreg Abilene, Tex Kenosha, Wis	Henry Deimel W. G. Jennings Chris Larsen	Box 644	C. D. Phillips W. P. McGuire Chris Larsen	Box 644	Labor Temple 162½ 2d St 523 Newell St Farrington Bldg	Every Mon.
(m)129 (i)130	Elyria, O New Orleans, La	Gus Pallas D. J. Byrne	218 Bath St Box 742	Ray Ward H. M. Muller	1039 E. River St 810 Henry Clay Av.	Broad St	lst & 3d Fri. Every Friday.
(:)199	Middletonm N V	A B Lodor	143 W. Main St 500 S. State St 324 N. 7th St Box 205 15 James St., Gr'n	R M Hunt	Ariz.	North St	let Thure
(m)138	Oatman, Ariz	R. L. Shipp	Box 315	R. L. Shipp	Box 315	Union Hall 202 E. Water St 246 State St 1139 Market St 24 Warren St., Roxbury, Mass.	2d & 4th Wed.

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L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Dat
(to)144	New Bedf'd, Mass.	Wm. P. Smart	51 Newton St	Wm. B. Carr	8 Studley St		
(po)146	Decatur, Ill	O. D. Black	226 Stewart Ave	E. L. Bucker	430 W. King	108 E. Prairie	2d & 4th Sul day morn.
(m)150	Waukegan, Ill	T. E. Finnell L. R. Cole E. G. Rice	120 Onwentsia Ave.,	Ernest C. Jones	2810 Elizabeth Ave.	17th & Park, North	2d & 4th Thur 1st & 3d Fy 1st & 3d We
152 (i)153 (l)154	Massena, N. Y South Bend, Ind. Davenport, Ia	B. E. Hayland R. J. Brehmer Wm. Thompson Chas. Bone	887 Fulton St 804 Notre Dame Av. 621 E. 12th St	James F. Maguire. O. W. Davis E. B. King	1726 LaSalle Ave. 816 Lawndale Ave. 816 Lawndale Ave. 428 Brady St	112 Valencia St 126 N. Main St 428 Brady St	2d & 4th Thur
(1)156 (po)157 (m)158 159	Ft. Worth, Texas Chicago, Ill Green Bay, Wis. Madison, Wis	H. E. Jacks Frederick A. Berg. Fred Decker F. W. Manke	911 Richmond 500 S. State St 802 Bond 420 W. Wilson St.	J. A. Dawson Chas. Hall A. L. Petersen Thos. McKenna	115 E. Belknap St. 2829 Congress St. 325 N. Ashland Av. 120 S. 1st St	W. Grand Labor Temple 500 S. State St Pine St 27 N. Pinckney St.	1st & 3d Mor Thurs. aftern'i 2d & 4th Wee 2d & 4th Thur
161 (rr)162	Greenfield, Mass Kansas City, Mo	Frank W. Sypher James Halligan R. J. McGan	53 Congress St 258 S. 11th, Kansas City, Kan.	Jno. R. Walden W. J. Dawson	63 Davis St 1808 E. 37th St	Hall. Commonwealth H'll Rm. 306-813 Wal- nut St.	follow'g Sur Every Thurs. 1st & 3d Tue
(i)164	Wilkes-Barre, Pa Jersey City, N. J. Superior, Wis	F. D. Belanger Joseph Hennessy	63 8th St., Ha- boken, N. J.	Arthur Wichmann.	367 N. Grant St 176 Hopkins Ave 817 W. 9th St	642 Newark Ave Owls' Hall, Tower	Every Friday.
167 168 (1)169	Bangor, Me Tyler, Texas Fresno, Calif	H. A. Davidson Frank E. Cox Ernest Dark I. E. Bartlett G. Brewstey	Merriman St 729 S. Augusta St. 2216 McKenzie	J. W. Glenn M. C. Derr	Route 10, Box 31 Box 153	Adams Hall	2d & 4th Tue 1st & 3d Wed
171	St. Louis, Mo	G. H. Wallace E. F. Follett C. E. Nichols	3425 Loselle St	J. W. Alexander	291516 S. 13th St.		l
(m)176 (m)177 (l)178	Chattanooga, Tenn Joliet, Ill Jacksonville, Fla Canton. O	Z. C. VanHooser. W. E. Crate M. Foster F. Shaub	125 Comstock St 331 W. Forsyth St. 706 Brush St	Chas. W. Hughes H. J. Odell E. Frevermuth	403 Jeff. St 405 E Church St 2507 6th St. NW	101 Jefferson 41½ W. Bay St Cent. Lab. Hall	Every Thur. Tuesday eve.
(m)180 (i)181 (to)182	Vallejo, Cal Utica, N. Y Chicago, Ill	Geo. Hegarty A. R. Kearney Wm. Devereux	Box 251 1004 Blandina St 4411 Wilcox st	M. Siegelbaum L. D. Lacy John Evov	938 Elizabeth St 3106 W. North Ave.	Labor Temple Labor Temple 128 W. Randolph	2d & 4th Fri.
(m)185 186 (m)187	Helena, Mont Milwaukee, Wis Oshkosh, Wis	C. J. Stallord C. McCullock S. L. Beckwith Henry L. Faber Ellis Nichols	Box 267 528 Chestnut 562 High St	Patk Joy	41 Oakland Ave	Labor Temple	1st & 3d Tues
188 (m)189	Charleston, S. C Quincy, Mass	J. Dascher John Burns	340 Rutledge Ave 278 Fayette St.	Chas. Mellard Frank Lints	3 Cannon St 21 Newcomb Pl	9 Wolfe St Johnson Bldg	Every Friday.

Mass. Wollaston,

(6) 190 Newark, N. J. ... V. O'Donnell. ... 177 W. 17th st., M. R. Welch. ... 30 3d St. ... Aurora Hall. ... 2d & 4th Monogene (1) 191 Newertt, Wash. ... Vincent Small. ... 2322 Wetmore Ave. John Worswick. ... Labor Temple. ... Labor Temple. ... Let & 3d Tus. (1) 192 Pawtucket, R. I. ... Edward O'Conor. ... 79 N. Main St. ... Andrew Thompson Mary St. ... 21 N. Main St. ... 1st & 3d Tus. (1) 193 Springfield, Ill. ... (Geo. Colvin. ... 1215 S. 15th St. ... W. H. Sammons. ... 916 Governor St. ... Red Men's Hall. ... Every Tuss. ... 195 Milwaukee, Wis. ... Louis Brandes. ... 734 28th St. ... 185 Wed. ... 185 Wed (m)191 Everett, (m)196 Rockford, Ill.... Ambrode Marelli. 331 N. Madison St. Jas. Caughlin ... 224 Miriam St. ... 412 E. State St. ... Every Friday (m)197 Bloomington, Ill... L. W. Dean... ... 809 N. Evans St. ... Ed. Emmett... ... 804 S. Summit St. Over 206 N. Center Wed. night. (m)199 Oskaloosa, Ia... I. J. Haber... ... 1352 East A Ave... Frank Jameson... 206 5th Ave. E. ... Market & 1st A. ... Monday eve... (m)200 Anaconda, Mont. W. L. Stephens. Box 483... ... A. G. Welander... Box 483... ... Carpenters Hall. Every Wed. (r)201 Silvis, Ill... E. J. Robbers... 225 S. Lincoln Ave C. O. Vermillion. 151 15th St. ... Eagles Hall. ... 1st & 3d Fri. 202 Boston, Mass... Wm. Crane... 32 Briggs St., Wol-A. B. Kingsley... 9 Richfield, Dor-184 Dudley St. ... 1st & 3d Monday St. ... 1st & 3

| 202 | Boston, Mass... | Wm. Crane... | 32 Briggs St., Wol- | A. B. Aingsicy | Chester | Cheste No. 12.
8409 Winchest'r A., Odd Fellows Hall. Mondays.
Ventnor, N. J.
1212 Vine St. Wednesda (i)211 Atlantic City, N.J. Ernest Eger...... 10 Reed Ave..... W. H. Heppard... (i)212 Cincinnati, O..... W. B. Slater..... St., Arthur Liebenrood. 14 Glencoe Pl..... 1313 Vine St...... Wednesdays.

1718 Denham St., N. Fairmont, Cinn. (1)213 Vancouver B. C., R. N. Elgar. 207 Labor Temple. E. H. Morrison. 207 Labor Temple. Labor Temple. Labor Temple. ... Mondays. (a)214 Chicago, Ill. ... H. Hoover. 4209 W. Van Buren Wm. A. Gale. ... 50 N. Waller Ave. Rebman Hall. ... 1st & 3d Fri. (i)215 Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Geo. Doran. 214 Winnipee Ave. Jas. O'Brien. ... 25 S. White St. ... Columbia Inst. ... 2d & 4th Fri.

41 Clinton St.... Bartender's Hall... 1st & 3d Fri.
206 Illinois St... Main St..... Every Wed.
750 16th St.....Lersch's Hall'.... Ev other Thurs.

750 leth St. ... Lersch's Hall'... Every Thurs.
430 Birch St. ... Myres Bldg., Rm.11
123 W. Front St. .. Labor Assem. Hall 3d & 4th Thur.
4 Harvard Pl. ... C. L. U. Hall ... 2d & 4th Thurs.
4 Broad St. Federal & Wash.
Lynn, Mass. Salem, Mass.

Gen. Del. Labor Temple Every Friday.

Gen. Del. Labor Temple 1st Sunday.

910 Bath St. Trades Council 2d & 4th We Hall, Main St.

| 35 Broadway, Bev- 43 Church St., Sa- Every Monday. erly, Mass. | 12m, Mass. | 2d & 4th Wed. | 1044 Sherman Ave. | 224 W. Front St... | 2d & 4th Mon. | 224 W. Front St... | 2d & 4th Mon. | 224 W. Front St... | 2d & 4th Mon. | 224 W. Front St... | 2d & 4th Thur. | 20th & Wash. St. | Labor Temple... | 2d & 4th Thur. | 20th & Wash. St. | Labor Temple... | 1st & 3d Fri. | 2d Corolla St., New Merchants Hall... | 2d Thursday. | 2d Corolla St. | 2d Thursday. | 2d Corolla St. | 2d Cor

Western Ave...... 1st & 3d Thus Bellknap & Hugh-1st & 3d Fri.

.... 1139 Market St.... Sun., 2 p. m. 304 Main St......3d Sunday.

Every Friday. Every 2 weeks. 1st & 3d Thur.

every sunday.

1st Sunday.

4th Wed.

33 S. Alexander St., Charleston S. C.

42 Regent Ave.... W. J. Chisholm... 23 Orms St......... 72 Weybossett St. 1st & 3d Tues.

127 Vine St., Marblead, Mass.

128 R. Dickerson... 35 Broadway, Bev. 43 Church St., Sabrery Monday.

43 Jiroch St.....

Schenectady, N.Y.

		1 0				
L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place. Meeting Date.
(m)218 (i)219 (i)220	Sharon, Pa Ottawa, Ili Akron, O	A. W. Lynn Louis Fox David Sharpe	39 4th St 534 George St 346 W. Market St.	H. W. Rice Wm. Kobold E. P. Lambe	Box 147 2 Gridley Pl 266 Bluff St	Leahmans Hall
(i)222 (i)223	Medicine Hat. Alta, Can. Brockton, Mass	R. J. Franks Albert H. Searles.	Box 343 76 Menlo St	A. B. Spencer	West Bridgewater, Mass.	Trades Hall 1st & 3d Sat. 2d Wed. Rm. 26, 126 Main Every Wed. Theatre Bldg Mondays.
(i)226		Chas. Maunsell	222 E. Euclid Ave.	J. L. Lewis	Westerly, R. l. 315 Park Ave	Carpenters Hall 1st & 3d Mon. 1stNew London. 3d Norwich. 418 Kansas Ave 1st & 3d Wed.
(m)229 (m)230 (l)231	Henderson, Ky Victoria, B. C Sioux City, Iowa	Eugene E. Scott F. Shapland Ernest Russell	325 S. Green St 828 Broughton St. 712 Myrtle St	Joe. F. La Neir W. Reid L. W. Battin	Care Y. M. C. A. 2736 Asquith St 1011½ Jennings St. Box 88, Kaukauna,	Union Hall

Geo. L. Hall....

Forest Ave., Mid-Geo. Haydock...

1216 Princeton Av. J. H. Breisford. | 1216 Princeton Av. J. H. Breisford...
2015 S. Water St. Ray G. Shelley...
412 2d St. ... Ed. Salawetz...
29 Southern Ave... H. Danninge...
1915 Bilknap St. ... O. E. Eby.....

(to)244 Lynn and Salem, L. Holmes...... 7. Granite St., Mass. Salem, Mass. 1206 Front St..... Oliver Myers..... 1317 Maryland Ave. E. D. Richards...

19 Hanover St..... Charleston, S. C.

| Mass. | D. N. Matheson | D. N. Matheson | Mass. | D. N. Matheson | D. N. Railroad System. 130 N. 7th St. ... F. O. Edmunds... 1416 W. 5th Ave... T. L. Bingham... 1113 College St... Jesse A. Gore....

Railroad System
(m) 251 San Jose, Cal.... D. McLellan....
(m) 252 Ana Arbor, Mich. Clifford Wood....

254 Schenectady, N. Y. M. T. Northup... 6 Forest Rd... F. Hooker...... 115½ Clinton St... 246 State St... 22d Wed. (m) 255 Ashland, Wis..... S. J. Talaska... R. No. 1...... Chester Margenau. Care Badger E. Co Eagles Hall...... 22d Wed. (1) 256 Fischburg, Mass... John Gilmartain. Water St.... A. F. Robbins... 70 Pine St... Lincoln Hall Annx. 24 & 4th Thur. 257 Oakland, Calif... H. J. Henkel... 3494 Hollis St... Paul W. Brown... 1229 Russell St., 470 12th St..... 1st & 3d Tues.

(1)258 Providence, R. I... W. E. Sedgley..... 42 (i)259 Salem, Mass...... W. E. Mitchell..... 27

(i) 269 (m) 271 (Wichita, Kan..... Ray G. Shelley.... (m) 272 (Sherman, Tex.... Otto Dean...... (m) 275 (Initon, Ia..... Ed. Roberts..... (m) 276 (Superior, Wis.... C. O. Boswell....

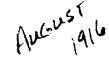
(1)277 Wheeling, W. Va... Ross Hendershot... 278 Paris, Texas..... Louis Pile...... (50)279 Fitchburg, Mass... Louis F. Wood.... (m) 280 | Hammond, Ind. Mr. Armstrong. State Line Hotel. J. A. Fauver. 318 Sibley St. 509 | Hohman. Wednesdays. (m) 282 | Chicago, Ill. Wm. J. O'Leary. 5532 S. Loomis St. Geo. Wolf. 3836 N. Paulina St. 4351 S. Halsted. 2d & 4th Mon. (m) 283 | Chicago, Ill. Chicago, Ill. Wm. J. O'Leary. 5532 S. Loomis St. Geo. Wolf. 3836 N. Paulina St. 4351 S. Halsted. 2d & 4th Mon. (m) 283 | Prince of the control of the cont

294 Hibbing, Minn.... Victor McKusky... 325 McKinley St. Victor McKusky... 325 McKinley St... 3d Ave......

(m)290 Bartlesville, Okla L. J. Mosley..... 207 E. 3d St.......L. J. Mosley..... 207 E. 3d St......E. 3d 1st & 3d Wed. (m) 291 Boise, Idaho..... Roy A. Wells..... 1216 N. 11th St... Roy Carson...... Box 525....... Main St....... 1st & 3d Thur. (i)292 Minneapolis, Minn. P. A. Tangent.... 112 Kasota Bldg... J. D. Hoban...... 112 Kasota Bldg... 18th & S. 5th St.. 2d & 4th Mon. (s)293 Schenectady, N. Y. Mary Fitzner...... 553 Mumford St... Salvatore Mone... Box 43, South 246 State St...... 1st & 3d Tues.

5 8		TH	E JOURNAL	OF ELECT	ΓRICAL		*
L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Date
	•	J. E. Darnell			1	O	-
297 (m)298 (m)299	Henryetta, Okla Michigan City, Ind Camden, N. J	Geo. Jergensen Jos. Tallman	226 Hendricks St 2105 Howell	M. M. Morgan O. Leets A. G. Watkins	Box 726	4th & Franklin St. 7th & Birch	2d & 4th Fri Every Thurs.
301 (m)302 (m)303	Texarkana, Tex Martinez, Calif St. Catharines,	Geo. Jergemen Jos. Tallman Gordon A. Furlong L. Stinchfield G. McFarlane	74 Nelson St Martinez, Calif Hydro Sub. Station	H. W. Linbarger Edw. Pascoe Bert Cudney	Skanealites, N. Yi 2615 Wood St Martinez, Calif 24 Thomas St	Cent. Labor Hall Labor Temple Dante Hall Carpenter's Hall	2d & 4th Wed 2d & 4th Fri. 2d & 4th Mog 1st & 3d Mor
(m)304	Greenville, Tex	C. A. Duck	2316 Walsworth St.	Fred A Owens	1810 F Warma St	2712 Washington St.	1st & 3d Wed
(i)308 309	Johnstown & Gloversville, N. Y. E. St. Louis, Ill	Roy SnyderF. FosterV. G. Grey	13 Prindle Ave., Johnstown, N. Y. 1630 N. 44th St	Adam Arnold F. Jeffers B. S. Reid	Arnett Terrace 10 Byard, Johnstown. 506 N. 22d st	25 E. Main, Johns- town. 537 Collinsville Av.	1st Friday. Every Thurs.
(m)311	Chippewa Falls. Santa Ana, Cal	Peter Cardinal E. R. Majors R. T. Venn	710 W. Wash. Ave.	T. S. Hunter	1019 W. 1st St	4th & Bush St	2d & 4th Mon
312 (m)314	Spencer, N. C Bellingham, Wash.	G. N. Cooper F. B. Horton	2005 C St	B. B. Everhardt A. E. Pettinger	Route 7, Salisbury, N. C. Box 46	Labor Temple	Every Wed.
(cg)315	Chicago III	Ray Underwood G. H. Jay Richard Evans Wm. R. Whiteselt H. J. Mueller	4134 W. Adams	D M Carlin	MMA Newbort Ave	740 Madigon St	'Every Thurs. 1
	1	H. J. Mueller M A Hawley			1	Post Hall Peru	1
(m)323 (m)324 (m)325	W. P. Beach, Fla. Brazil, Ind Binghamton, N. Y.	Joseph E. Bell Fred Lisch Walter Jones	322 2d Ave 222 E. Shattuck St. 23 Dennison Ave	Stephen L. Harmon H. W. Reed A. D. Barnes	415 Gardenia St 12 W. Maple St 6 Bevier St	Olematis St 8½ W. Nat. Ave State St	2d & 4th Tues 2d & 4th Wed 2d & 4th Mor
/\200	Octromo N V	H. Conners E. C. Bough W. R. French L. Smith	1144 W Dwidge	Enough M. Collowbo	TO TO DATE CLA	Utob Holl W 1ct Ct	11c+ & 2/1 Fri 1
เหมออน	MITIWAUNCE, WIS.	W. R. French. L. Smith. E. Kuehnis Don French. E. C. Kelley. Arthur Janke	LOS GRECLES NOTES	D. A. Dictella	HIGH OUG AVE., HEST	TECTORCIA LAGIA.	
(m)338	Dennison, Tex	E. G. McGinnes B. W. Baldwin J. McDonald G. H. Coale C. H. Clark	W. Herron	A. T. Hutchison	1530 Gandy St	Labor Hall	2d & 4th Fr
	C., Canada	1		1	1	1	
(m)348 (i)349 (m)356 (l)35	Calgary, Alta., C Miami, Fla Hannibal, Mo South Bend, Ind.	J. A. Hall. Joe Bumbacher. Chas. L. Page. A. McInnes. M. E. Hawkins. Chas. Cox. G. R. Thompson. John Swan. Alex Farquhar.	Box 2181	J. W. Frame Holley Taylor Harry Baldwin Ray Landon	Box 2181	Labor Temple Townley Hall 201 Broadway Labor Temple	2d & 4th Wed. 1st & 3d Tue 1st & 3d Thur Every Wed.
(i)354 (m)355 (l)356	Salt Lake City Berlin, Ont., C Kansas City, Mo.	Ray Gillett	Box 213 14 S. Boeke St Kansas City, Kan	Alf. Edmunds D. C. Horner	63 Schneider Ave 1134 Haskell, Kan sas City, Kan.	Trades & Labor Hal Labor Temple	l 1st Friday. 2d & 4th Tue
35; (m)36; (m)36; (m)36; (m)36; (m)36;	Perth Amboy, N. 6 Pt. Arthur, Ont., C Tonopah, Nev Kankakee, Ill Saratoga, N. Y Waterville, Me Lewiston, Me	J. Wm. McDonaugh. C. Olmstead Walter Ross W. Eggleston Chas. Cranger	. 218 Sherman St 58 Ontario Box 1012 217 N. Rosewood. 81 State St	Victor Larsen O. B. Runkle Walter Ross Frank G. Schultz. F. J. Ball J. F. Partridge. L. A. Powell	. 180 Sheridan St 227 Wolseley St. Box 1012 677 E. Mulberry St. 122 Van Dam St. 9 Western Ave 162 Oak St	Smith & Rector St 242 Arthur St St. Patrick West Ave. Phila. St	2d & 4th Fri. Every Friday. 2d & 4th Fri. 2d & 4th Fri. 2d & 4th Thur
(m)36	7 Easton, Pa			Robert Graham, J	. 1048 N. Hampton Ave.		

(m) 373 Logan, Utah. J. A. Hendricks. Box 292. Jos. McMurrin. Box 292. Main & 1st N. St. 2d & 4th Thus 374 Augusta, Me. Hugh F. Kirkwood Box 125, National Soldiers' Home, Tegus, Me.



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•		W	ORKERS A	ND OPERA	TORS.	Gust 1916	59
L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Date.
(m)375	Allentown, Pa	Edgar Brown		C. W. Moyer	826 Turner St	729 Hamilton St	Every Friday.
(m)376 377	Princeton, Ind Lynn, Mass	Frank Connell	King St., Swamp-	E. P. Dow	E. Waverly, Lynn.	Fire Dept Hdq Munroe St	2d & 4th Mon.
(m)380 (f)381	Provo, Utah Chicago, Ill	J. w. memanon	loggi Bene Linne	it neo. Deagoou	LAZUS N. Meeter Ave.	44 W. Centre St 500 S. State St	Zu & till weu.
(m)383 (m)384	Muskogee, Okla N Adams Mass	M. A. Screechfield	Gillespie, III 1409 Baltimore	W. O. Pitchford	Gillespie III Gen. Del	Main St	1st & 3d Fm. 1st & 3d Tues.
(m)388	Palestine, Texas	Jno. W. Jones	510 Louisiana St.	Jno. W. Jones	510 Louisiana St	Labor Temple	4th Saturday.
(m)395 (c)396	St. John, N. B Boston, Mass	W. Colwell Geo. M. Loux	249 Rockland Rd	A. P. Sanders Jos. E. Fitzgerald. Braintree, Mass.	27 Charles St 30 River St Box 305, Balboa,	Labor Hall Labor Temple 3d St. & 3d Ave Water St Charlotte St Wells' Memorial Hall, 987 Wash. Balboa Lodge Hall	1st Tuesday. 1st & 3d Wed.
(1)402 403 (1)404	Greenwich, Conn Bangor, Me San Francisco, Cal	Harry Holbeck W. B. Culley	919 Jones St 260 E. R. R. Ave. 505 Frenck St. 446 14th St., San	W. D. Peck	11 Lawrence St	Bldg. Trades Hall 125 Greenwich Ave. Building Trades	1st Thursday.
(i)405 (m)408 (m)408 411 412 414 (m)415	Cedar Rapids, Ia. Okumlgee, Okla. Missoula, Mont Warren, Ohio Edmonton, Alta Macon, Ga Cheyenne, Wyo	T. D. Phelps L. O. Roack W. A. Barrett J. W. Tranter D. W. Duncan D. E. Snead O. L. Moulton	1270 3d Ave	J. P. Winn D. E. Shick B. A. Vickrey J. W. Spargo T. B. Sutton E. B. Norton	Berkeley, Calif. 356 S. 18th St 514 W. 11th St 314 W. Cedar St 115 Howland Ave Box 584 Box 471 Box 423 Box 515	Hall. 1st Ave. & 1st St. 6th Marta St. W. Main St. Jasper Ave. Cherry St. 16th & Thomes St. W. Main St. 907½ Walnut St. Labor Temple. 301 8th Ave.	Wednesdays. Every Thurs. Every Monday. 2d & 4th Fri. 1st & 3d Fri. 3d Thursday. 1st & 3d Tues
(m)420	Keokuk, Ia	H. H. Smith	1724 Ridge St		••••••	1001 Johnson St	ist Tues.; 3d
(m) 421 (r) 423 (s) 424 (i) 427 (m) 428 430 (m) 431 (m) 434 (m) 435 (s) 436	Watertown, N. Y. Moberly, Mo. Decatur, 111. Springfield, 111. Springfield, 111. Racine, Wis. Mason City, Ia. Douglas, Ariz. Winnipeg, Man., C. Watervleit, N. Y.					Trades Assembly Over Mullen's Store R. R. Y. M. C. A. 216½ S. 6th Labor Temple Union Hall K. P. Hall 836 G Ave Labor Temple 1565 1st Ave	
	Fall River, Mass Riverside, Calif Schenectady, N Y. Montgomery, Ala Monroe, La Dallas, Texas		Bolland Ave., Somerset, Mass. 1308 W. 10th St 10 Division St Box 419			8 S. Main St Mechanic's Hall 246 State St Redmen Hall City Hall	1st & 3d Wed. Each Tuesday. 3d Monday. 2d & 4th Wed. 1st & 3d Tues.
(i)453 (i)456 (i)457 (m)458 (m)460 (i)461 (m)462 (m)465 (l)466 (m)467	Billings, Mont	John Johnstone J. B. Gillis Geo. Woomer W. Brackenreid Wm. Powell Ed. Bach J. P. Nall J. C. Grable Guy Thorpe	517 W. 1st St R. F. D. No. 1 104 3d Ave 413 E. 1st St Box 413 350 Columbia St 23 Haines Ave Box 118	John Johnstone Geo. N. DeLaplaine G. A. Reger H. S. Yerkes N. D. Phillips J. L. Quirin K. S. Cane C. J. Brown R. W. Frincke R. H. Bell	Box 196. Box 415. 517 W. 1st St. 38 Albany St. 807 East St. 209 N. Alder St. Box 413. 364 Talma St. Box 215. Box 118. 108 Maryland Ave. Box 581.	Eagles' Hall Painters' Hall Labor Hall Federation Hall Federation Hall Odd Fellows Hall. Union Labor Hall. Over B Theatre Lott & Hitch Bldg. Express Block Stage Workers' Hall. Culinary Workers' Hall.	1st & 3d Thurs. 2d & 4th Fri. Fridays. Wed. evening. 1st Wednesday. 2d & 4th Tues. Wednesday. Every Thurs. 1st & 3d Sat. 1st & 3d Wed.
m)470	Haverhill, Mass	Chas. Gordon	New York, N. Y. 159 Webster St	Willis Severance.	74 Central St.,	Morris Park Hall Labor Temple	2d & 4th Fri.
	í		,		Dandford Mos-	Rush Block Italian Hall Trades Union Hall 413½ Genesee St Labor Temple Trades Ass'bly Hall	

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L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Dat
480 (i)481 482 (1)483 (i)485 (i)486 (i)488 (m)491 (1)492 (m)493	Marshall, Tex Indianapolis, Ind Eureka, Calif Tacoma, Wash Rock Island, Ill Ithaca, N. Y Bridgeport, Conn. Petersburg, Va Montreal, Que., C. Johnstown, Pa	Paul Frahey	E. Rusk St	F. Howell J. L. Campbell Robt. Millen J. C. Pierce. Theo. Evers. C. L. Berry Albert Walkley. Ernest Goed L. Desantels. L. G. Powell	Box 27	K. of P. Hall. Labor Temple Union Labor Hall 719½ Commerce St. Industrial Hall. Redmen's Hall. Carpenters' Hall. K. of P. Hall. 225 Beaudry. Cor. Washington	2d & 4th Fri. Wednesday, 1st & 3d Tue- Every Monday 2d & 4th Tue- 1st & 3d Mon Every Monday Monday night 2d & 4th Most 2d & 4th Tue-
(i)494 (m)496 (m)497 (l)500 (m)501	Milwaukee, Wis Pittsfield, Mass Gainesville, Tex San Antonio, Tex Yonkers, N. Y	Walter Strong H. D. Blass A. C. Herrman Fred Eckert H. Wildberger	852 19th St	Chas. Hansen J. G. LaPoint A. O. Herrman H. J. Peterson Chas. Teige	373 6th Ave 146 Woodleigh Ave. Box 38 609 Dewer Blvd 173 Hawthorne Av.	& Franklin St. Jungs Hall C. L. U. Hall F. U. of A. Hall. Trades Coun. Hall 51 S. 4th Ave	Friday. Every Tuesday 2d & 4th Fri. 2d & 4th Wed 1st & 3d Fri.
(1)000 () FOF	Commercial Management	Geo. Deans	9 Appleton St., Atlantic, Mass. 309 S. Chaparral. Euclid Ave 236 Prospect St 1809 Avenue M 480 N. 19th St 207 Central St 62 W. Duane St 1119 18th Ave Wallace, Idsho	r p	lindale, Mass.	Labor Temple Labor Assem. Hall Carpenters Hall Tribune Bldg Labor Hall Nashua, N. H L'ng Sh'rem'n Hall Suette Bldg Trades & Labor	4-1 6 93 m
(m)520 (m)522 523	Austin, Texas Lawrence, Mass N. Yakima, Wash. Santa Cruz, Cal	E. E. Krause John Bartlett E. J. Berrigan	501 W. 37th St 38 Farnham St 205 S. 6th St	Chas. Spreen John Gallagher A. J. Creel L. Tondorf	608 Harthan St 41 Avon St 406 S. 9th Ave	292 Essex St Labor Temple	2d & 4th Mon 1st & 3d Thur Every Friday.
(i)527 (m)528 (m)529 (l)532 (i)534	Galveston, Tex Milwaukee, Wis Eugene, Oreg Billings, Mont New York N. Y	A. E. Kirk Bert Streeter	510 21st St	A. E. Kirk Jas. Hagerman J. P. Williams W. T. Gates W. A. Hogan	510 21st St	I. O. O. F. Hall Catel's Hall 2813 Mont. Ave	Every Friday. 1st Friday. 1st & 3d Tues Every Thurs
(i)535 (i)536 (cs)537	Evansville, Ind Schenectady, N. Y. San Francisco, Cal	Polk Byrd J. W. Richtmeyer. C. O. Mann	901 Chestnut St 1122 Duane Ave 629 Aileen St.,	G. W. Levick T. Rourke Geo. Sorenson	708 Upper 2d St 359 Carrie St 664 4th Ave	308 Upper 1st St 247 State St 146 Stewart St	Every Friday. 1st & 3d Sat. 1st & 3d Mon
538 (i)540 (i)541 (m)543 (m)544 (m)547 (m)551 (m)552 (m)556 (m)558	Canton, U. Minneapolis, Minn. Mansfield, O Edmonton, Alta, C. Fairmont, W. Va. Huntington, W. Va. Amsterdam, N. Y. Lewistown, Mont Westminster, B. N. Westminster, B.	Byron North Wm. Dickerson H. O. Koester P. Smith W. Hemphill. F. W. Jeffers C. H. Doebler Floyd LeBahn G. A. Porter L. M. Hodges H. W. Palmer	Ontribute Cal. 120 Avenue A R. F. D. No. 1 4504 30th Ave S 57 Dale Ave 113 Goodridge Blk. Box 96 440 9th Ave 69 Union St 213 W. Evelyn St. 903 S. 3d St	H. A. Wright C. Tressel Chas. A. Dalton H. W. Norrick Fred Davies A. C. Michael Nye Black Louis Siegle H. C. Danzer E. M. Cruzen A. McGregor	210 N. Washington 414 Prospect SW 3228 4th Ave. S 76 Greenwood Ave. 113 Goodridge Blk. 1104 4th St 806½ 28th St 70 McCleary Ave. 112½ 4th Ave. S. Box 741 427 Oak St	109½ E. Main St Marten Block 104 Wash. Ave. S. N. Park St 113 Goodridge Blk. 1st & Fairmount 28th & Artisan Church St 219 Bank Elec. Bdg Labor Temple	ist & 3d Mon. 2d & 4th Mon. 2d & 4th Tues 2d Friday. 2d & 4th Wed 1st & 3d Tues 1st & 3d Wed 2d & 4th Tues Every Friday. Every Tues.
(i)560 (m)561 (l)565	Pasadena, Cal Montreal, Que., C. Schenectady, N. Y.	James H. Paige M. Eidlow Edward O'Rourke	128 Valley St 44-a Mozart St 1101 Campbell Ave 215 A Congress St. 441 Ominica, E	C. P. Rice E. J. Sinclair Wm. C. Sheffel L. G. Libbey Sydney W. Coates	589 Buckeye St 58 1st Av., Verdum 211 Harrison Ave 215A Congress St. 441 Ominica, E	42 E. Walnut St. Joseph Hall State St Bricklayer's Hall Main St	Every Thurs. Every Wed. 2d & 4th Mon Every Friday. 2d Wednesday
(m)571 (m)572	Tucson, Ariz Yoakum, Tex Regina, Sask., O	ľ	Box 318	A. E. Stephan W. Willis	312 Lott St Box 318	St.	1st & 3d Tues 2d Thursday.
576	Xenia, O	Herbert Shaw	Box 392	Orville Tucker	W. 2d St	Pacific Ave Chillicothe St Red Men's Hall Brown & Johnson's	2d & last Tues

(i)578 Englewood, N. J. Homer W. Hasbrouck.

(m)579 Globe, Ariz. Edw. D. Harrington (m)580 Olympia, Wash St. Morristown, N. J. Harry Anson. 26 Elliott St. John H. Watson. Morris Plains, N. J. Park Place. 1st & 3d Mon St2 Shenandoah, Pa. W. J. McGrath. P.O. Box B, Lost A. A. Beckett. W. Main St., Gir-2d St., Girardville, list & 3d Thur (m)584 Tulsa, Okla. L. Scales. 1010 S. Detroit. G. C. Gadbois. 408 S. Norfolk. 202 S. Main St. Every Tues. (1)585 El Paso, Tex. Herbert Flynn. Box 606. W. O. Allen. Box 606. Kansas & Overland Every Friday. Pa.

(i)578 Englewood, N. J. Homer W. Hasbrouch. Harry L. Fulton. 118 Preston, Ridge. Susquehanna Hotel 2d & 4th Tues field Park, N. J. Hackenseck, N. J.

	WORKERS AND OPERATORS. 61								
L.U.	Location.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Date.		
(f)592 (m)593	Kansas City, Mo Dunkirk, N. Y	Earl Foreman Samuel Hare	Labor Temple	H. S. O'Neil C. R. Harris	4716 W. Prospect 57 W. 3d St	Labor Temple Central Ave 2d & B St	1st & 3d Thur. 2d. & 4th Thur.		
(i)595 (m)597	Oakland, Cal Winona, Minn	C. A. Murphy E. W. Evans	715 37th St Box 255	F. M. Alder Thos. O'Brien	2125 26th Ave Box 255	470 12th St Thelomonic Hall College St Rm. 8 Imperial	Every Wed. 2d & 4th Fri.		
601	Urbana & Cham- paign, Ill.	O. L. Welch	401 E. Spgfd Av., Champaign, Ill.	S. E. Griffith	511 W. Williams, Champaign, Ill.	Rm. 8 Imperial Bldg.	1st & 3d Wed.		
(m)605 607 (1)609	Pana, Ill	G. L. Miller Thomas L. Burk A. J. Oakes	311 S. Maple St 412 W. Pine St E. 620 Baldwin	Chas. P. Gallaher. David E. Roth D. P. Reid	117 Ketchell Blvd. 26 N. Diamond St. Box 1777	2d Locust	2d & 4th Tues. 1st & 3d Mon. Every Wed.		
(m)610 (m)611 (m)613	Marshalltown, Ia Albuquerque, N.M. Virginia, Nev	R. B. Hassler Walter Joyce Henry Haas	209 N. High St	P. H. Rich W. V. Bueche J. D. Leavitt	524 N. 3d P.O. Box 251	Bilds. 409 Polk St 2d Locust 517 Rookery Bilds. Labor Hall Painters' Hall 65 S. 6th 4th St 35 Pager St.	2d & 4th Thur. 1st & 3d Thur. Ev. other Tues.		
			222 Minnie St.,	H. F. Magee	42 Park Rd., Bur-	4th St			
				D. J. Peel	lingame, Cal. 138 Crest St 1737 N. 9th St	4 Hagar St. Add. mail to Box 151.	Ev. other Tues.		
(i)623 (i)625 (m)629	Halifax, N. S., O.	B. Greig	Box 141	H. C. Low	Box 71	W. Granite St Granville St	Every Mon. 1st Thur.		
(m)630 (i)631 (m)638	Newburgh, N. Y New Glasgow, N.	E. Theobold Leonard Herrmann M. Ferguson	Box 455	E. Theobold Edw. McDonald L. A. Jordan	Box 455, Elec. Dep. 59 William St P. O. Box 1527	4th St. S Chamber St Provost St	1st Wed. 1st Tues. 1st & 3d Tues.		
(m)639	Port Arthur, Tex	C. M. Spence	147 9th St	R. McDaniel	645 Beaumont Ave	Proctor St 238 E. Wash. St 246 State St	Every Mon.		
(m)646	Schenectady, N. Y. Sheridan, Wyo	Jno. N. Mackintosh Lester B. Doane	L. Box 233	Geo. E. Haywood	L. Box 233	Labor Temple	Last Wed.		
(m)648 (m)649 (m)650	Hamilton, O Alton, Ill Independence, Kan	Wilber Weigand Carl Hollifield Ernest Sanders	536 S. Front St 730 E. Broadway	Frank Venable L. H. Baker Geo. W. Fairchild.	317 Vine St 508 State St 500 S. 4th St	246 State St 2d & Court St 3d & Piasa 101½ S. Penn. Av. 128 N. Grape 7th & Main St	Alternate Tues. Ev. alt. Fri. 1st & 3d Fri.		
653 (1)655	Miles City, Mont Waterbury, Conn	J. H. Connor	468 W. Main St	Edw. A Laudeman. O. W. Pierson	48 Rose Ave Box 711	7th & Main St 40 N. Main St	lst & 3d Sat. 2d & 4th Tues. Every Friday.		
(m)657	Albany, Oreg Raleigh, N. C Little Rock, Ark	Lenox Johnson	201 Hillsboro St	Chas. R. Gould W. T. Lay R. F. Stoecker	118 N. 2d St 419 S. Dawson	Fayettfiville St 8th & Main 333 Lion St	1st & 3d Mon. 2d & 4th Thur.		
1		1	59 Maple St., Wat-	Į.	Woodbine St., Un-	333 Lion St E. Main St	afternoon.		
(m)661 (s)662	Hutchinson, Kan E. Pittsburgh, Pa.	J. C. Campbell David Keating	erbury, Conn. 309 Carpenter St 7636 Forrest Way, Brushton, Pa.	C. E. Munn Wm. W. Noble	ion City, Conn. 727 E. 9th 1003 Middle St	305 N. Main N. S. Pittsburg	ist & 3d Tues.		
(b)663 (m)664 (i)665	Schenectady, N. Y. Brooklyn, N. Y Lansing, Mich	F. Rucienski Louis Singer C. B. Robinson	114 2d Ave 4906 New Utrecht. 117 E. Mich. Ave.	C. Anderson Robt. H. Lavender Frank Hoges	104 Hodgson St 51 E. 10th St 125 E. Jefferson Av.	Brooklyn Lab. Lyc. 227 N. Wash. Ave 1st & Broad Sts	2d & 4th Fri. lst & 3d Tues.		
(m)668	Lafavette Ind	Wm Koerner	1117 N 10+h	Ralph A Brassie	337 S 26th St	Labor Temple	let & 3d Mon		
(i)669 (i)675 (m)677	Springfield, O Elizabeth, N. J Gatun, C. Z., Pan.	W. R. Hicks Arthur M. Cannon. W. L. Lailer	339 Oakwood Pl 966 Dehart Pl Gatun, C. Z., Pan.	E. V. Sanders Daniel A. Clair F. W. Hallin	137 E. North St 525 Franklin St Box 207	Labor Temple 225 Broad St Gatun Hall	Every Friday. 2d & 4th Thur. 1st Saturday.		
		1		1		Cristobel Hall Cor. 3d & Main Labor Hall Labor Temple	iad Saturday.		

m)661 i	Hutchinson, Kan.,	J. C. Campbell	309 Carnenter St	C. E. Munn	727 E. 9th	305 N. Main	lat & 3d Tues.
(0)882	P Ditteburgh Po	David Kasting	7020 Ermont War	Wm W Noble	1002 36:4416 84	N. S. Pittsburg	
(8)002	E. Fittsburgh, Fa.	David Reating		WIII. W. MODIE	1000 Middle St	W. D. LITTED THE	
1			Brushton, Pa.			i i	
(h)882	Calamana and W	Ti Donata alai	*** 0.7 ***	G 4-3	the Trademan Dt		
(m)654	Brooklyn, N. Y	Louis Singer	4906 New Utrecht.	Robt. H. Lavender	51 E. 10th St	Brooklyn Lab. Lyc. 2	ld & 4th Fri.
(i)665	Lansing, Mich	C. B. Robinson	117 E. Mich. Ave.	Frank Hoges	125 E. Jefferson Av.	227 N. Wash. Ave	ist & 3d Tues.
(i)ARA!	Richmond Va	J. 2. 1.02	111 2, 1110111 12101	W B Poherte	Bellevue Ants 5th	1st & Broad Sts	d & 4th Mon
(1)000	iciciimonu, va			W. D. RODELLB		The de Dione Dis	ed at the mon.
					& Cary Sts.	i i	
m)668	Lafavette Ind	Wm Koerner	1117 N 10+b	Rolph A Brussia	337 S 26th St	Labor Temple	let & 3d Mon
11/000	Carayette, mu	Will, Mocification	1111 N. 10th	Raiph A. Diabbie	197 E No-th C4	Labor Mample	ist & od mon.
(1/008	Springneia, U	W. R. HICKS	339 Uakwood Pl	E. V. Sanders	10/ E. NORLI St	Labor Temple I	every Friday.
(1)675	Elizabeth, N. J	Arthur M. Cannon.	966 Dehart Pl	Daniel A. Clair	525 Franklin St	225 Broad St	d & 4th Thur.
m)677	Gatun, C. Z., Pan,	W. L. Lailer	Gatun C Z Pan	F. W. Hallin	Box 207	Gatun Hall	lst Saturday.
, ,	January 61 ,		datum, O. D., rum.			Cristobel Hall	d Coturdor
(3) 60A	D 1 3 T - 3777-	e		1 377 D. 1			
(1)000	Fond du Lac, Wis.	G. W. Bellile		A. W. Kesimius		Cor. 3d & Main	
(1)681	Wichita Falls, Tex.	A. H. Howard	903 Scott Ave	Wm 'McClelland	905 Holliday St	Labor Hall	Every Wed.
					51 Laurel St	Labor Temple	lat & 3d Tues.
111/1001	modesto, Cal			W. Menarel actuation	iii myitie Ave	Labor Temple	ist & su weu.
						E. Boardman St	
m)695	St. Joseph, Mo	Ben. Bradford	1809 Pacific	Wm. Wagner	2107 Penn. St	7th Edmond	lst & 3d Tues.
	Albany, N. Y					German Hall	
(-,000)	induly, in interes	ixemy o. Levy		o. omespie	Hall.	ociman man	ed de ion race.
1			Hall.		man.		
697	Gary, Ind	H. D. Hedden	187 Sibley St.	W. A. McHale	612 Adams St	560 Broad, Gary	1st & 3d Thure.
			Hammond, Ind.			595 Hohman, Ham-	
1			nammond, md.		Gary, mu.		en or sen India.
						mond	
(i)AQQ	Clausester Mass	S'Ivactor D Dogring	10 Wooh St	Eugene R Lord	381 Wash St	187 Main St	int & 3d Tues

THE JOURNAL OF ELECTRICAL

L.U.	Lecation.	Rec. Sec'y.	Address.	Fin. Sec'y.	Address.	Meeting Place.	Meeting Date.
(i)716 (s)717	Houston, Tex Boston, Mass	B. W. Deuel J. J. O'Donnell	1713 Lubbock 16 Vale St., S	W. J. Peters J. P. McWilliams.	2006 Jefferson Ave. 374 Warren St., Roxbury, Mass.	1219 Prairie Ave 987 Wash. St	Every Thurs.
(i)719 (m)720	Paducah, Ky Manchester, N. H Moberly, Mo	R. O. M. Ross Harry Solomon	66 Hudson St 641 N. Ault St	Geo. L. King Robt. M. Hutman.	123 N. 7th 75 Sagamore St 208 N. 4th St	Manchester St 409 Reed St	2d & 4th Wed. 1st & 3d Mon.
(i)725 (m)728	Ft. Wayne, Ind Terre Haute, Ind Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Canada.	W. O. Partridge John Donnelly	2610 School Ave 176 Dennis St	E. C. Kadel John Donnelly	1011 S. 4th St 176 Dennis St	210 Catheart St., Stulton	1st & 3d Mon. 2d & 4th Sum
(to) 1a	Schenectady, N. Y. Boston, Mass	Anna M. ⊕'Brien		Mary E. Matthews		987 Wash. St	2d & 4th Fri.
(to) 8a (to) 4a	Lynn, Mass Springfield, Mass Holyoke, Mass	Maude O. Mansfield Mary Daley	Revere, Mass. 246 King St 18 Lynwood Ave	Catharine McQuade Elizabeth Doyle	332 Walnut St 20 Miller Ave	19 Lanford St 189 High St	2d & last Tues. 2d & 4th Thur.
(to) 5a (to) 6a (to) 7a	Worcester, Mass New Bedf'd, Mass. Framingham, Mass Boston, Mass	Anna M. Foley Ada M. Robinson Ruth L. Hannon	37 Temple St 283 County St 51 Arlington St	Mary G. Donohue. Marion E. Keane Dora E. Cozzens	39 Fox St	Pearl St Union St Howard St	1st & 3d Mon. 1st & 3d Tues. 1st & 3d Thur.
(to) 9a	Butte. Mont		Jamaica Plains, Mass.	, sey. Gertrude Smith	Dorchester, Mass 505 W. Galena St.	Roxbury, Mass W. Granite St	Last Sat.
(to)10a (to)11a	Marlboro, Mass Fitchburg, Mass	Helen Gately Flora Donahue	South St	Mildred M. Man- ning. Marie Kittredge	80 E. Lincoln St 2 Avon Pl	Main St	1st & 3d Tues. 2d & 4th Mon.
(to)14a	Concord, Mass Northampton, Mass Denison, Tex	Elizabeth A. Laren	124 Spring St., Leeds, Mass.	Margaret Malley	7 Highland Ave	Main St	2d & 4th Tues.
(to)16a (to)17a	Salem, Mass Pt. Arthur, Tex	Mary A. Lyons Margaret Weis- troffer.	10 Barton St 726½ Proetor St	Ruth O'Donnell Margaret Weis- troffer	16 Phelps St 726½ Proctor St	Federal St Electricians' Hall.	2d & 4th Mon. 1st & 3d Wed.
(to)19a (to)20a	Lawrence, Mass Lowell, Mass Haverhill, Mass	Eliz. D. Kivlan Hazel Morrison	73 Moore St	Mary R. Campbell Florence Lockwood	1 10 W. 5th St 23 Magnolia Ave	Gilman Pl	1st & 3d Tues.
(to)22a	New Bedford, Mass Taunton, Mass Pittsfield and Gr.	Ruth M. Whitman	371 Somerest Ave	Marion L. Mac-	45 Hodges Ave	Court St	1st & 3d Mod
(to)248	Pittsfield and Gr., Barrington, Mass. N. Adams, Mass.	margaret Cum mings	232 Haughton St	mary Forqunar	. 141 Veazie St	Tel. Club Hall	1st & 4th Tues.
(to)25a	Portland Me	}	1	Earl G. Bean	S. Portland, Me		

Rubustall



CLASSIFIED DIRECTORY



Alabama.	District of Columbia.	Sioux City 47 Sioux City 231 Waterloo 288	Boston 503
Birmingham 136	Washington 26 Washington 148	Sioux City 231	Boston 717
Mobile 345 Montgomery 443	Washington 148	Waterloo 288	Boston 1a Boston 8a Brockton 223 Concord (A) 12 Fall River 437 Fitchburg 11a Fitchburg 256
Montgomery 443	Georgia.	Isthmus of Panama.	Boston 8a
			Brockton 223
Arkansas.	Atlanta 84 Augusta 121	Gatun 677 Paraiso 397	Concord \dots (A) 12
Fort Smith 346	Augusta 121		Fall River 437
Hot Springs 619	Macon 414	Idaho.	Fitchburg 11a
Little Rock 295 Little Rock 658 Pine Bluff 251	Waycross 462	Boise 291	Fitchburg 256
Little Rock 658	Florida.	Pocatello 449	Fitchburg 279
Pine Bluff 251	Jacksonville 177	Wallace 519	Gloucester 699
	Miami 349		Greenfield 161
Arizona.	Tampa 108	Indiana.	Fitchburg 118 Fitchburg 256 Fitchburg 279 Gloucester 699 Greenfield 161 Haverhill 470 Haverhill 208
Clifton 132	W. Palm Beach. 323	Brazil 324	Haverhill 20a
Douglas 434		Crawfordsville . 89	
Douglas	Illinois.	Evansville 16 Evansville 535	Holyoke 4a Lawrence 522 Lawrence 18a Lowell 19a Lowell 588
Miami 467	Alton 649	Evansville 535	Lawrence 522
Oatman 198	Aurora 149	Ft. Wayne 305	Lawrence 18a
Phoenix 640	Aurora 461	Ft. Wayne 305 Ft. Wayne 723	Lowell 19a
Tucson 570	Bloomington 197	Gary 697	Lowell 588
1 4 6 5 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1	Cairo 287	Gary 697 Hammond 280	Lynn 2a
California.	Cairo 287 Champaign 601	Indianapolis 368	Lynn 377 Lynn and Salem 244
Bakersfield 428	Chicago 9	Indianapolis 481	Lynn and Salem 244
El Centro 228	Chicago 49	Lafavette 668	Marlboro(A) 10a New Bedford 144 New Bedford 224
Truncted 400	Chicago 134	Lafayette 668 Logansport 209	New Redford 144
Erospo 100	Chicago 157	Michigan City 298	New Bedford 224
Fracno 160	Chicago 182	New Albany 286	New Bedford 68
Lang People 711	Chice go 214	Princeton 376	North Adams 289
Long Deach 111	Chicogo 214 Chicago 282	Down 995	New Bedford 224 New Bedford 6a North Adams 289 North Adams.A 24
Los Angeles 61	Chicago 315	Peru 285 South Bend 351	North Adams 385
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maitinez 302	Chicago 713	South Bend 153	Northampton 110
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